### The Colorado Alternate Assessment (CoAlt) Reading Assessment Frameworks

**Standard 1:** Students read and understand a variety of materials **Expanded Benchmark:** 1.0 Recognize and Make Meaning of Text

(Students understand that text has meaning and use a variety of strategies to recognize and make meaning of unfamiliar text)

**Critical Concept:** Demonstrate understanding of symbolic representation

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
				Understands meaning of environmental print	Understands meaning of environmental print		
<b>Differentiates</b> a letter from pictures/symbol/objects	Differentiates a letter from pictures/symbol/ objects	<b>Differentiates</b> a letter from pictures/symbol/objects	<b>Differentiates</b> a letter from pictures/symbol/objects	<b>Differentiates</b> a letter from pictures/symbol/objects			
<b>Knows</b> the capital letters	<b>Knows</b> the capital letters	Knows the lowercase and capital letters					
Reads a word	Reads a word	<b>Reads</b> a simple sentence or word	<b>Reads</b> a simple sentence or word	Reads a simple sentence		Reads a simple sentence	Reads a simple sentence
					Adds prefixes and suffixes to create a new word from a familiar word	Adds prefixes and suffixes to create a new word from a familiar word	<b>Chooses</b> suffix to create a new word from a familiar word
							<b>Uses</b> knowledge of root word to decipher unfamiliar word

**Expanded Benchmark:** 1.0 Recognize and Make Meaning of Text

(Students understand that text has meaning and use a variety of strategies to recognize and make meaning of unfamiliar text)

**Critical Concept:** Demonstrate understanding of beginning principals of phonics

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
<b>Identifies</b> the letter that makes a given sound	<b>Identifies</b> the letter that makes a given sound	<b>Identifies</b> the letter that makes a given sound	<b>Identifies</b> the letter that makes a given sound	<b>Identifies</b> the letter that makes a given sound	<b>Identifies</b> the letter that makes a given sound	<b>Identifies</b> the letter that makes a given sound	<b>Identifies</b> the letter that makes a given sound
<b>Identifies</b> a word by the beginning sound or ending sound	<b>Identifies</b> a word by the beginning sound		<b>Identifies</b> words by beginning or ending sounds	<b>Identifies</b> a word by the beginning sound			
		<b>Identifies</b> the sound in the middle of a word		Identifies a word by distinguishing between the ending consonant blend sounds	Identifies a word by distinguishing between the beginning and ending consonant blend sounds	Identifies a word by distinguishing between the beginning and ending consonant blend sounds	Identifies a word by distinguishing between the beginning and ending consonant blend sounds
Understands that similar letter patterns make similar sounds	Understands slightly more complex letter patterns	<b>Understands</b> more complex letter patterns	Understands that complex letter patterns represent specific sounds	Understands vowel sounds are made up of more than one letter pattern	<b>Understands</b> that letters combine in words to create sounds	<b>Understands</b> that words are made up of letter patterns that represent sounds	Understands that some letter patterns represent the same sounds even though they are very different

**Expanded Benchmark:** 1.0 Recognize and Make Meaning of Text

(Students understand that text has meaning and use a variety of strategies to recognize and make meaning of unfamiliar text)

**Critical Concept:** Use a variety of strategies to make meaning of text

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
			<b>Uses</b> context to determine unknown words in a sentence	<b>Uses</b> context to determine unknown words in a sentence	<b>Uses</b> context to determine unknown words in a sentence	Uses context to determine the meaning of unknown words in a sentence	Uses context to determine the meaning of unknown words in a sentence
<b>Recognizes</b> use of a familiar classroom object					Communicates meaning of familiar words		Communicates meaning by choosing correct order of events in a story
<b>Reads</b> simple high frequency words	<b>Reads</b> simple high frequency words	<b>Reads</b> simple high frequency words	<b>Reads</b> simple high frequency words	Reads high frequency words	Reads high frequency words	Reads high frequency words	<b>Reads</b> high frequency words
	Understands source used to find the meaning of an unfamiliar word	Understands source used to find the meaning of an unfamiliar word	Understands resources to find necessary information		Understands source used to find the meaning of an unfamiliar word		
<b>Uses</b> bold print, titles to comprehend text							
<b>Identifies</b> prepositional sentence	Identifies prepositional sentence	Identifies prepositional sentence	Identifies prepositional sentence	Identifies prepositional sentence			
	<b>Understands</b> figurative language	<b>Understands</b> figurative language					<b>Identifies</b> meaning of sentence that has figurative language
				<b>Understands</b> the meaning of a message in quotes		<b>Understands</b> the meaning of a message in quotes	<b>Understands</b> the meaning of a message in quotes

**Expanded Benchmark:** 2.0 Comprehend Reading Passage/Selection

(Students use a variety of comprehension strategies before, during, and after reading)

**Critical Concept:** Make connections to reading passage

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
			Identifies object				
			in picture that				
			relates to the				
			reading passage				
Makes a prediction	Makes a prediction	Makes a prediction	Makes a prediction	Makes a prediction	Makes a prediction	Makes a prediction	Makes a series of
about an event in an	about an event in a	about an event in a	about the use of an	about an event	about an action in a	directly related to an	predictions related
informational article	story	story	object presented as	discussed in an	story	informational article	to a story
			text	informational article			
		Makes inferences	Makes an inference	Makes an inference	Makes an inference	Makes an inference	
		about events in a	about a character's	to explain why	about a character in	about a character's	
		story	action	something happens	a story	action	
		<b>Draws</b> conclusions			<b>Draws</b> a conclusion	<b>Draws</b> a conclusion	
		about what will			after reading an	after reading an	
		happen next in a			informational article	informational article	
		given series of					
		events					
<b>Identifies</b> a picture	<b>Identifies</b> a picture	Identifies a labeled	Uses pictures to	Uses pictures to	Uses pictures	Uses vocabulary	Uses vocabulary to
that matches a word	that matches a	picture that matches	relate information	relate information	and/or vocabulary	and pictures to	relate information
in the sentence	sentence	a more complex	about a story	about a story	to relate	relate information	about a story
		sentence			information about a	about a story	
					story		
<b>Identifies</b> a picture	Identifies a		Uses vocabulary to				
that matches a	descriptive		substitute for a				
sentence	word that		word in sentence				
	relates to a						
	sentence						

**Expanded Benchmark:** 2.0 Comprehend Reading Passage/Selection

(Students use a variety of comprehension strategies before, during, and after reading)

**Critical Concept:** Identify elements of literature (character, plot, setting)

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
<b>Understands</b> who			Understands			<b>Understands</b> why a	<b>Understands</b> a
is telling a story			where a story			character feels a	character's reason
			happens			certain way	for action
	Identifies main		Identifies main				Identifies main
	character		character				character
		Communicates		Communicates	Communicates		
		details about main		details about main	details about main		
		character		character	character		
		Relates an event in	Relates an event in				
		a story	a story				
Relates ending	Relates ending	Chooses ending		<b>Relates</b> sequence of		Relates sequence of	
sequence of events in	sequence of events in	sequence of events in		events in a story		events in a story	
a story	a story	a story					
		Identifies the		Identifies the	Identifies the	Identifies the	
		solution to a problem		problem in a story	solution to a problem	solution to a problem	
		in a story			in a story	in a story	
Identifies the	Identifies the				Identifies the		Identifies the
setting of a story	setting of a story				setting of a story		setting of a story
	Identifies cause and			Identifies cause and			
	effect			effect			
Identifies	Identifies	Identifies	Identifies main		Identifies main idea	Identifies the main	Identifies the main
main idea of	main idea of the	supporting details	idea of the story		of the story	idea of the story	idea of the story
the story	story	related to the story					
			Identifies character				Identifies
			elements				character elements

Standard 4: Students apply thinking skills to their reading, writing, speaking, listening, and viewing

**Expanded Benchmark:** 3.0 Interact with a variety of texts

(Students understand a variety of text, including literary, informational, and functional texts. Students read for a variety of purposes)

**Critical Concept:** Demonstrate Knowledge that various texts have different purposes

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
Understands use	Understands	Understands	Uses a variety of	Uses a variety of	Uses a variety of	Identifies	Identifies
of variety of texts	use of variety of	use of variety of	texts for finding	texts for finding	texts for finding	resources to find	resources to find
	texts	texts	relevant	relevant	relevant	more information	more information
			information	information	information	about a topic	about a topic
		Identifies			Identifies		
		purpose in a			purpose in a		
		variety of literary			variety of literary		
		genre			genre		
	<b>Identifies</b> the difference between fiction and non-fiction	<b>Identifies</b> the difference between fiction and non-fiction				<b>Identifies</b> the difference between fiction and non-fiction	<b>Identifies</b> the difference between fiction and non-fiction
<b>Distinguishes</b> between fact and opinion			<b>Distinguishes</b> between fact and opinion	<b>Distinguishes</b> between fact and opinion	<b>Distinguishes</b> between fact and opinion	Identifies between fact and opinion	<b>Identifies</b> between fact and opinion
	Identifies	Identifies	Identifies	Identifies	Identifies		
	author's purpose	author's purpose	author's purpose	author's purpose	author's purpose		
	for writing	for writing	for writing	for writing	for writing		
<b>Identifies</b> author's	Identifies author's		Identifies author's	Identifies author's	Identifies author's	Identifies author's	Identifies author's
point of view or	point of view or		point of view or	point of view or			
feelings about a	feelings about a		feelings about a	feelings about a	feelings about a	feelings about a	feelings about a
person or event	person or event		person or event	person or event	person or event	person or event	person or event

Standard 4: Students apply thinking skills to their reading, writing, speaking, listening, and viewing

**Expanded Benchmark:** 3.0 Interact with a variety of texts

(Students understand a variety of text, including literary, informational, and functional texts. Students read for a variety of purposes)

**Critical Concept:** Identifies a variety of Resources

Critical Concept: Relates and sorts information (details) about a specific topic or purpose of a reading passage

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
<b>Identifies</b> a	<b>Identifies</b> a	<b>Identifies</b> a		Identifies a		Identifies a	
variety of	variety of	variety of		variety of		variety of	
resources	resources	resources		resources		resources	
Relates and sorts	Relates and sorts	Relates and sorts	Relates and sorts	<b>Identifies</b> and	Identifies and	Identifies and	
information	information	information	information	sorts information	sorts information	sorts information	
(details) about a	(details) about a	(details) about a	(details) about a	(details) about a	(details) about a	(details) about a	
specific topic or	specific topic or	specific topic or	specific topic or	specific topic or	specific topic or	specific topic or	
purpose of a	purpose of a	purpose of a	purpose of a	purpose of a	purpose of a	purpose of a	
reading passage	reading passage	reading passage	reading passage	reading passage	reading passage	reading passage	
				<b>Uses</b> directions	Understands	Understands	
				given to complete	order of	order of directions	
				a simple statement	directions as given	as given	
				based on context			
						Asks appropriate	
						question to clarify	
						directions	
	Recognizes	Recognizes		Recognizes	Recognizes	Understands	
	similarities	similarities		similarities	similarities	similarities	
	between different	between different		between different	between different	between different	
	sources of	sources of		sources of	sources of	sources of	
	information	information		information	information	information	

# The Colorado Alternate Assessment (CoAlt) Writing Assessment Frameworks

**Standard 2:** Students write and speak for a variety of purposes and audiences

**Expanded Benchmark:** 1.0 Generate topics and develop ideas by creating a document for a variety of purposes and audiences for the purpose of publication

**Critical Concept:** Demonstrate an understanding that writing communicates a message

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
				Writes to	Writes to	Writes to	Writes to
				communicate	communicate	communicate	communicate
				meaning	meaning	meaning	meaning
Arranges	Arranges	Arranges	Chooses a picture	<b>Chooses</b> a sentence	<b>Chooses</b> a sentence	Chooses a picture	Chooses a picture
pictures/symbol	pictures/symbol	pictures/symbol	that belongs at the	that belongs at the	that belongs at the	that belongs at the	that belongs at the
s to tell story	s to tell story	s to tell story	end of a story	end of a story	end of a story	end of a story	end of a story
Knows the correct	<b>Knows</b> the correct	<b>Knows</b> the correct	<b>Knows</b> the correct	<b>Knows</b> the correct	<b>Knows</b> the correct	Knows the correct	Knows the correct
orientation (right side	orientation (right side	orientation (right side	orientation (right side	orientation (right side	orientation (right side	orientation (right side	orientation (right side
up, left to right)	up, left to right)	up, left to right)	up, left to right)	up, left to right)	up, left to right)	up, left to right)	up, left to right)
Writes first name	Writes first name	Writes first name	Writes first name	Writes first name	Writes first name	Writes	Writes
						first and	first and
						last name	last name

**Standard 2:** Students write and speak for a variety of purposes and audiences

**Expanded Benchmark:** 1.0 Generate topics and develop ideas by creating a document for a variety of purposes and audiences for the purpose of publication

**Critical Concept:** Organize writing to create a draft document

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
Organizes writing							
so there is a logical	so there is an	so there is a	so there is an				
sequence	sequence	sequence	sequence	sequence	introduction	conclusion	introduction
<b>Chooses</b> key points to include in writing							
	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Writes a simple	Writes a simple	<b>Writes</b> a simple	Writes a simple	Writes a simple	Writes a sentence	Writes a sentence	Writes a complex
sentence or a word	sentence or a word	sentence	sentence	sentence			sentence

**Standard 3:** Students write and speak using conventional grammar, usage sentence structure, punctuation, capitalization, and spelling **Expanded Benchmark:** 2.0 Use appropriate conventions, mechanics, and format to create a readable and legible written product **Critical Concept:** Use systematic conventions to make written product understandable by others

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
<b>Spells</b> by completing	Spells by completing	Spells by completing	Identifies the	Identifies the	Identifies the	Identifies the	Identifies the
a word with a	a word with a	a word with a	missing letter from a	missing letter from a	missing letters from	missing letters from	missing letters from
missing letter	missing letter	missing letter	word	word	a word	a word	a word
<b>Identifies</b> correct capitalization	Identifies correct capitalization	<b>Identifies</b> correct punctuation	<b>Identifies</b> correct punctuation	<b>Identifies</b> correct punctuation	<b>Identifies</b> correct punctuation		Identifies correct capitalization and punctuation
Writes a letter	Writes a letter	Writes a letter	Writes a letter	Writes a letter	Writes a letter	Writes a letter	Writes a letter
Identifies	Identifies	Identifies	Identifies	Identifies	Identifies	Understands text	Understands text
the proper spacing	the correct	the correct	the correct	the correct	the correct	organization	organization
of a sentence	way to write	way to write	way to write	way to write	way to write		
	a number	a number	a number	a number	a number		
Identifies standard	Identifies	Identifies	Identifies	Identifies	Chooses		
English usage rules	standard	standard	standard	standard	standard		
	English usage	English usage	English usage	English usage	English usage		
	rules	rules	rules	rules	rules		
				Selects	<b>Selects</b> the resource		
				the resource to use	to use for a report		
				for a report			
						Chooses a resource	Chooses a resource
						to include in a	to include in a
						bibliography	bibliography

**Standard 3:** Students write and speak using conventional grammar, usage sentence structure, punctuation, capitalization and spelling **Expanded Benchmark:** 2.0 Use appropriate conventions, mechanics and format to create a readable and legible written product **Critical Concept:** Apply elements of writing through appropriate word usage

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
Maintains							
appropriate tense							
throughout text							
Uses correct	Uses correct modifier						
modifier to complete	to complete a						
a sentence	sentence						
Identifies parts							
of speech							
(nouns, verbs,							
etc.)							
Writes a complete	Writes						
sentence using	a complete sentence						
subject/verb	using subject/verb						
agreement, correct							
capitalization and							
correct punctuation							
Understands							
that sentences	that sentences are						
are made up of	made up of nouns						
nouns and	and verbs						
verbs	and verbs						

**Standard 3:** Students write and speak using conventional grammar, usage sentence structure, punctuation, capitalization and spelling **Expanded Benchmark:** 2.0 Use appropriate conventions, mechanics and format to create a readable and legible written product **Critical Concept:** Edit a written product using legible handwriting/ word processor for publication

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
Corrects an underlined word	Corrects an underlined word	Corrects an underlined word	Corrects an underlined word	Corrects an underlined word			
Chooses correct use of upper and lower case letters	Chooses correct use of upper and lower case letters	Chooses correct use of upper and lower case letters	Chooses correct way to write a sentence	Chooses correct way to write a sentence	Chooses correct way to write a sentence	Chooses correct way to write a sentence	<b>Chooses</b> correct way to write a sentence
Copies a word neatly on a line							
<b>Understands</b> that sentences begin with a capital letter	<b>Understands</b> that sentences begin with a capital letter	<b>Understands</b> that sentences begin with a capital letter	<b>Understands</b> that sentences begin with a capital letter	Understands that sentences begin with a capital letter	<b>Understands</b> that sentences begin with a capital letter	Chooses the sentence that has the correct capital letters	the sentence that has the correct capital letters

## The Colorado Alternate Assessment (CoAlt) Mathematics Assessment Frameworks

#### **NUMBER SENSE**

**Standard 1:** Students develop number sense and use numbers and number relationships in problem-solving situations and communicate the reasoning used in solving these problems.

Critical Concept: Counts, represents quantities, reads and writes numbers

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5*	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8*	Grade 9	Grade 10*
Demonstrates	Demonstrates	Demonstrates					
the concept of	the concept of	the concept of					
one	one	one					
Knows when groups	Knows when groups	Knows when groups					
of objects are more	of objects are more	of objects are more					
or less	or less	or less					
Estimates an	Estimates an	Estimates an	Estimates an	Estimates an	Estimates an	Estimates an	Estimates an
appropriate	appropriate	appropriate	appropriate	appropriate	appropriate	appropriate	appropriate
number for a	number for a	number for a	number for a	number for a	number for a	number for a	number for a
quantity up to 10	quantity up to 10	quantity up to 20	quantity up to 25	quantity up to 30	quantity up to 30	quantity up to 40	quantity up to 40
Counts to 10	Counts to 12	Counts to 20	Counts to 25	Counts to 30	Counts to 35	Counts to 40	Counts to 45
		Counts forward	Counts forward	Counts forward	Counts forward	Counts forward	Counts forward
		from a given number	from a given number	from a given number	from a given number	from a given number	from a given number
		(up to 20)	(up to 25)	(up to 30)	(up to 35)	(up to 40)	(up to 45)
Recognizes	Recognizes	Recognizes					
numerals (up to 10)	numerals (up to 12)	numerals (up to 20)					
<b>Demonstrates</b> an	<b>Demonstrates</b> an	<b>Demonstrates</b> an					
understanding of a	understanding of a	understanding of a					
numeral and the	numeral and the	numeral and the					
quantity it	quantity it	quantity it					
represents	represents	represents					
(up to 10)	(up to 12)	(up to 20)					

### **NUMBER SENSE**

**Standard 1:** Students develop number sense and use numbers and number relationships in problem-solving situations and communicate the reasoning used in solving these problems.

**Critical Concept:** Counts, represents quantities, reads and writes numbers

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
Writes/creates	Writes/creates	Writes/creates a					
a single digit	a single digit	two digit number	two digit number	two digit number	three digit number	three digit number	three digit number
number	number	(from 12-20)	(from 21-25)	(from 26-30)	(in the 100s)	(in the 200s)	(in the 300s)
(from 1-5)	(from 6-9)						
Understands	Understands	Understands	Understands				
which number is	which number is	which number is	which number is				
greater than/less	greater than/less	greater than/less	greater than/less				
than (up to 10)	than (up to 12)	than (up to 20)	than (up to 25)				
		<b>Demonstrates</b> an					
		understanding of					
		ones and tens place					
		value in numbers up					
		to 20	to 25	to 30	to 35	to 40	to 45
		Reads a number	Reads a number	Reads a number			
		sentence (adding	sentence (adding	sentence (adding			
		/subtracting	/subtracting	/subtracting			
		numbers up to 20)	numbers up to 25)	numbers up to 30)			
					Produces a	Produces a	Produces a
					number sentence	number sentence	number sentence
					(addition	(any operator and	(any operator and
					/subtraction only	sets up to 40)	sets up to 45)
					with sets up to35)		
			<b>Demonstrate</b> an	Identifies 1/2	Identifies 1/4	Identifies 1/3	Identifies 3/4
			understanding of				
			a whole unit				
		Skip counts by 2s to			Skip counts by 5s to		Skip counts by 10s
		20			35		to 40

#### **ALGEBRAIC METHODS**

**Standard 2:** Students use algebraic methods to explore, model, and describe patterns and functions involving numbers, shapes, data, and graphs in problem-solving situations and communicate the reasoning used in solving these problems.

**Critical Concept:** Identifies, describes, and creates patterns to solve problems

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
Reproduces a	Reproduces a	Reproduces a					
repeated event	repeated event	repeated event					
(3 times)	(3 times)	(3 times)					
Extend a							
repeating pattern							
by one element	by one element	by two elements	by two elements	by three	by three	by four elements	by four elements
				elements	elements		
Finds and	Finds and	Finds and	Finds and supplies				
supplies 1 missing	supplies 1 missing	supplies 1 missing	2 missing elements	2 missing elements	3 missing elements	3 missing elements	3 missing elements
element in a	element in a	element in a	in a repeating				
repeating pattern	repeating pattern	repeating pattern	pattern	pattern	pattern	pattern	pattern
Extends a							
growing geometric	growing geometric	growing geometric	growing geometric	growing numeric	growing numeric	growing numeric	growing numeric
pattern by							
supplying the next	supplying the next	supplying the next	supplying the next	supplying the	supplying the	supplying the	supplying the
element	element	element	element	next element	next element	next element	next element
		Finds and					
		supplies a missing					
		element in a					
		growing geometric	growing geometric	growing numeric	growing numeric	growing numeric	growing numeric
		pattern	pattern	pattern	pattern	pattern	pattern
		<b>Describes</b> a					
		growing geometric	growing geometric	growing numeric	growing numeric	growing numeric	growing numeric
		pattern	pattern	pattern	pattern	pattern	pattern

### **ALGEBRAIC METHODS**

**Standard 2:** Students use algebraic methods to explore, model, and describe patterns and functions involving numbers, shapes, data, and graphs in problem-solving situations and communicate the reasoning used in solving these problems.

**Critical Concept:** Identifies, describes, and creates patterns to solve problems

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
				Identifies the	Identifies the	Identifies the	Identifies the
				relationship	relationship	relationship	relationship
				between variables	between variables	between variables	between variables
				Given a numerical	Given a numerical	Given a numerical	Given a numerical
				relationship	relationship	relationship	relationship
				between two	between two	between two	between two
				variables, <b>finds</b>	variables, finds	variables, <b>finds</b>	variables, <b>finds</b>
				the value of one	the value of one	the value of one	the value of one
				given the other	given the other	given the other	given the other

#### **DATA & PROBABILITY**

**Standard 3:** Students use data collection and analysis, statistics, and probability in problem-solving situations and communicate the reasoning used in solving these problems.

**Critical Concept:** Displays and analyzes data

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
<b>Displays</b> two categories on a bar graph	<b>Displays</b> three categories on a bar graph	<b>Displays</b> four categories on a bar graph	<b>Displays</b> five categories on a bar graph	Places two data points on a line graph	Places three data points on a line graph	Places four data points on a line graph	Places five data points on a line graph
Determines which category has the most/least	Determines which category has the most/least	Determines which category has the most/least	Determines which category has the most/least				
<b>Interprets</b> data on a graph or table	Interprets data on a graph or table	<b>Interprets</b> data on a graph or table	<b>Interprets</b> data on a graph or table	<b>Interprets</b> data on a graph or table			
<b>Uses</b> data to solve a problem	Uses data to solve a problem	Uses data to solve a problem	<b>Uses</b> data to solve a problem	<b>Uses</b> data to solve a problem	<b>Uses</b> data to solve a problem	<b>Uses</b> data to solve a problem	Uses data to solve a problem
					<b>Understands</b> characteristics of a graph	<b>Understands</b> characteristics of a graph	<b>Understands</b> characteristics of a graph
			<b>Predicts</b> an outcome based on available information	Predicts an outcome based on available information from graph	Predicts an outcome based on available information from graph	Predicts an outcome based on available information from graph	Predicts an outcome based on available information from graph
<b>Displays</b> up to 2 data categories on a table	<b>Displays</b> up to 3 data categories on a table	<b>Displays</b> up to 4 data categories on a table	Collects and records information about chance events	Collects and records data (up to 5 categories on a table)	Collects and records data (up to 5 categories on a table)	Collects and records data (up to 5 categories on a table)	Collects and records data (up to 5 categories on a table)

#### **GEOMETRIC CONCEPTS**

**Standard 4:** Students use geometric concepts, properties, and relationships in problem-solving situations and communicate the reasoning used in solving these problems.

**Critical Concept:** Identifies, sorts, and matches geometric shapes

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
<b>Sorts</b> 2 objects by shape (circle, square, triangle)	<b>Sorts</b> 3 objects by shape (circle, square, triangle)	Sorts 4 objects by size and shape (circle, square, triangle, rectangle, oval, trapezoid)				Identify angles of a triangle (acute, obtuse, right)	Identify angles of a triangle (acute, obtuse, right)
Identifies 2-dimensional shapes (circle, square, triangle)	Identifies 2-dimensional shapes (circle, square, triangle)	Identifies 2-dimensional shapes (rectangle, oval, trapezoid)	Identifies 2-dimensional shapes (rhombus, pentagon, oval)	Identifies 3-dimensional shapes (cube, sphere, cylinder)	Identifies 3-dimensional shapes (cone, pyramid, prism)	Identifies geometric properties of 3-dimensional shapes	Identifies geometric properties of 3-dimensional shapes
Identifies shapes in non- typical display (circle, square, triangle)	Identifies shapes in non- typical display (circle, square, triangle)	Identifies shapes in non- typical display (rectangle, oval, trapezoid)	Identifies shapes in non-typical display (rhombus, pentagon, oval)				
<b>Identifies</b> shapes in environments (circle, square, triangle)	<b>Identifies</b> shapes in environments (circle, square, triangle)	Identifies shapes in environments (rectangle, oval, trapezoid)	<b>Identifies</b> shapes in environments (rhombus, pentagon, oval)				
				Identifies 2-dimensional shapes in a 3-dimensional object (cube, cylinder)	Identifies 2-dimensional shapes in a 3-dimensional object (cone, pyramid, prism)	Identifies 2-dimensional shapes in a 3-dimensional object	Identifies 2-dimensional shapes in a 3-dimensional object
<b>Matches</b> 2 shapes to picture (circle, square, triangle)	Matches 3 shapes to picture (circle, square, triangle)	Matches 4 shapes to picture (rectangle, oval, trapezoid)					
Discriminates shapes (circle, square, triangle) by size (bigger, smaller, the same)	Discriminates shapes (circle, square, triangle) by size (bigger, smaller, the same)	Discriminates shapes (rectangle, oval, trapezoid) by size (bigger, smaller, the same)			<b>Determines</b> if two lines are congruent	<b>Determines</b> if two lines are congruent	<b>Determines</b> if two lines are congruent

#### **GEOMETRIC CONCEPTS**

**Standard 4:** Students use geometric concepts, properties, and relationships in problem-solving situations and communicate the reasoning used in solving these problems.

**Critical Concept:** Identifies, sorts, and matches geometric shapes

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
			<b>Differentiates</b> between lines and curves	<b>Differentiates</b> between lines and curves	<b>Differentiates</b> between lines and curves		
			Places shapes together to make another shape (circle, square, triangle)	Places shapes together to make another shape (circle, square, triangle, rectangle)	Places shapes together to make another shape (circle, square, triangle, rectangle)	Places shapes together to make another shape (circle, square, triangle, rectangle)	Places shapes together to make another shape (cone, pyramid, cylinder, cube, prism)

#### **MEASUREMENT**

**Standard 5:** Students use a variety of tools and techniques to measure, apply the results in problem-solving situations, and communicate the reasoning used in solving these problems.

Critical Concept: Applies a variety of measurement skills

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
Identifies tools	Identifies tools	Identifies tools	Identifies tools				
associated with	associated with	associated with	associated with				
measurement (ruler,	measurement (ruler,	measurement (ruler,	measurement (ruler,				
measuring cup,	measuring cup,	measuring cup,	measuring cup,				
spoon,	spoon,	scale, thermometer)	scale, protractor)				
thermometer)	thermometer)						
		Demonstrates	Demonstrates	Demonstrates	<b>Demonstrates</b> an	<b>Demonstrates</b> an	<b>Demonstrates</b> an
		an understanding	an understanding	an understanding	understanding of	understanding of	understanding of
		of directionality	of directionality	of directionality	directionality	directionality	directionality
		(right, left, up,	(right, left, up,	(right, left, up,	(north, south, east,	(north, south, east,	(north, south, east,
		down)	down)	down)	west)	west)	west)
Estimates length	Estimates length	Estimates length	Estimates length	Estimates length	Estimates area	Estimates area	Estimates area
/height in	/height in	/height in	/height in	/height in	in nonstandard	in nonstandard	in nonstandard
nonstandard	nonstandard	nonstandard	nonstandard	nonstandard	units	units	units
units	units	units	units	units			
Manipulates	Measures length	Measures length	Measures length				
measuring	with a standard tool	with a standard tool	with a standard tool				
tool	(exact inches)	(exact inches)	(may include 1/2	(may include 1/2	(may include 1/2	(may include 1/2	(may include 1/2
			inches)	inches)	inches)	inches)	inches)
Compares lengths	Compares lengths	Compares lengths	Compares lengths	Estimates length	Estimates length	Estimates length	Estimates length
(longer than,	(longer than,	(longer than,	(longer than,	in inches	in inches	in feet	in feet
shorter than, the	shorter than, the	shorter than, the	shorter than, the				
same)	same)	same)	same)				
Measures an	Measures an	Measures an					
object using	object using	object using					
nonstandard tools	nonstandard tools	nonstandard tools					

#### **MEASUREMENT**

**Standard 5:** Students use a variety of tools and techniques to measure, apply the results in problem-solving situations, and communicate the reasoning used in solving these problems.

**Critical Concept:** Applies a variety of measurement skills

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
	Uses vocabulary	Uses vocabulary	Uses vocabulary	Uses vocabulary	Uses vocabulary	Uses vocabulary	Uses vocabulary
	associated with	associated with	associated with	associated with	associated with	associated with	associated with
	measurement	measurement	measurement	measurement	measurement	measurement	measurement
	(inch, hour,	(inch, hour,	(inch, hour,	(foot, pound, inch,	(foot, pound, inch,	(foot, pound,	(foot, pound,
	minute, cup,	minute, cup,	minute, cup,	hour, minute, cup,	hour, minute, cup,	mile, inch, hour,	mile, inch, hour,
	degree)	degree)	degree)	degree)	degree)	minute, cup,	minute, cup,
						degree)	degree)
				Calculates	Calculates	Calculates	Calculates
				perimeter	perimeter	perimeter	perimeter
					Calculates area	Calculates area	Calculates area
					Identifies	Converts	Converts
					12-inches equals	dimensions from	dimensions from
					1-foot	inches to feet	inches to feet
					1 1000	menes to reet	manes to reet

#### PROBLEM SOLVING SKILLS

**Standard 6:** Students link concepts and procedures as they develop and use computational techniques, including estimation, mental arithmetic, paper-and-pencil, calculators, and computers, in problem-solving situations and communicate the reasoning used in solving these problems.

Critical Concept: Uses calculation strategies to compute problems

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
Understands	Understands	Understands	Understands	Adds simple fractions	Adds simple fractions	Adds simple	Adds simple
the concept of	the concept of	the concept of	the concept of	(halves only)	(halves and fourths)	fractions (halves,	fractions (halves,
none	none	none	none			thirds, and fourths)	thirds, and fourths)
<b>Demonstrates</b> an	<b>Demonstrate</b> s an	<b>Demonstrates</b> an	<b>Demonstrates</b> an	<b>Demonstrates</b> an	<b>Demonstrates</b> an	<b>Demonstrates</b> an	<b>Demonstrates</b> an
understanding of							
addition by finding							
an accurate/correct							
answer (2 sets up to	answer (3 sets up to	answer (3 sets up to					
10 items)	12 items)	20 items)	25 items)	30 items)	35 items)	40 items)	45 items)
Chooses correct							
operation to solve							
a problem	a problem (any	a problem (any					
(addition,	(addition,	(addition,	(addition,	(addition,	(addition,	operator)	operator)
subtraction)	subtraction)	subtraction)	subtraction)	subtraction)	subtraction,		
<b>Employs</b> strategies							
to find simple							
subtraction facts							
(sets up to 10	(sets up to 12	(sets up to 20	(sets up to 25	(sets up to 30	(sets up to 35	(sets up to 40	(sets up to 45
					Solves a simple	<b>Solves</b> a simple	Solves a simple
					multiplication	multiplication	multiplication
					problem (sets up to	problem (sets up to	problem (sets up to

#### **PROBLEM SOLVING SKILLS**

**Standard 6:** Students link concepts and procedures as they develop and use computational techniques, including estimation, mental arithmetic, paper-and-pencil, calculators, and computers, in problem-solving situations and communicate the reasoning used in solving these problems.

Critical Concept: Uses calculation strategies to compute problems

Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8	Grade 9	Grade 10
Uses a calculator	Uses a calculator						
for whole number	for whole number						
calculations	calculations	calculations	calculations	calculations	calculations	calculations (any	calculations (any
(addition	(addition	(addition	(addition	(addition	(addition	operator sets up to	operator sets up to
/subtraction sets up	/subtraction	40)	45)				
to 10)	to 12)	to 20)	to 25)	to 30)	/multiplication sets	NOT ASSESSING	NOT ASSESSING
NOT ASSESSING	up to 35)						
					NOT ASSESSING		
						Solves simple problems involving division (sets up to 40)	Solves simple problems involving division (sets up to 45)

# The Colorado Alternate Assessment (CoAlt) Science Assessment Frameworks

#### SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATION

**Science Standard 1:** Under the processes of scientific investigation and design, conduct, communicate about and evaluate such investigations

**Expanded Benchmark 1:** Make quantitative and qualitative observations

Critical concept: Use Senses

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
	<b>Demonstrates</b> an awareness of the environment	<b>Demonstrates</b> an ability to investigate the environment
Identifies different parts of the environment	Identifies different environmental conditions	Indicates an understanding of differences in environmental conditions based on use of senses
	Observes a partial sequence of events	Observes a complete sequence of events
Recognizes that objects have different properties	Recognizes that objects have different properties	Recognizes specific properties of an object

**Science Standard 1:** Under the processes of scientific investigation and design, conduct, communicate about and evaluate such investigations **Expanded Benchmark 1:** Make quantitative and qualitative observations

Critical concept: Use Tools

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
Identifies tools used in scientific investigations	<b>Identifies</b> the function of tools used in scientific investigations	Manipulates measurement tools
	Selects the appropriate tool to gain information	<b>Selects</b> and use tools in a purposeful manner to gain information about an object
Understands qualitative descriptive terms	<b>Provides</b> a qualitative description of the properties of an object	<b>Provides</b> a qualitative description of the properties of an object
		<b>Uses</b> a measurement tool to provide a quantitative description of the properties of an object

Science Standard 1: Under the processes of scientific investigation and design, conduct, communicate about and evaluate such investigations

**Expanded Benchmark:** Make quantitative and qualitative observations

**Critical Concepts:** Organized Observations

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
Matches observations to pictures, diagrams, or graphs	Matches observations to pictures, diagrams, or graphs	<b>Uses</b> observations as data
	Makes a conclusion from observations	Records observations
		Makes a record of observations
		Makes a record of observations over time
Labels observations	Labels observations	Labels observations
	Sequences observations in subcategories	Sequences observations in subcategories
		Organizes observations to make a prediction

Science Standard 1: Under the processes of scientific investigation and design, conduct, communicate about and evaluate such investigations

**Expanded Benchmark:** Make quantitative and qualitative observations

**Critical Concepts:** Communicate Observations

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
Attends to a task in order to make an observation	Attends to a task in order to make an observation	Attends to a task in order to make an observation
Communicates the sequence of scientific events	<b>Displays</b> information about observations in a variety of ways	<b>Provides</b> descriptive information about the observation
		<b>Displays</b> information about observations in a variety of ways
		<b>Determines</b> most appropriate way to display observations/data
	<b>Arranges</b> data to communicate sequence of scientific events	<b>Arranges</b> data to communicate sequence of scientific events
Matches data to an observation	Matches data to an observation	

Science Standard 1: Under the processes of scientific investigation and design, conduct, communicate about and evaluate such investigations

**Expanded Benchmark:** Ask questions for information based on observations

**Critical Concept:** Know what a scientific (testable) question is

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
Collects information	Collects information	Collects information to answer a question
		<b>Differentiates</b> between a testable and non- testable question
· ·	·	<b>Poses</b> a testable question (e.g., what makes ice melt, heat or cold?)

#### SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATION

Science Standard 1: Under the processes of scientific investigation and design, conduct, communicate about and evaluate such investigations

**Expanded Benchmark:** Ask questions for information based on observations **Critical Concept:** Pose a question around a testable vs. non-testable problem

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
Asks questions to gain information		Asks questions to gain information
	1	<b>Poses</b> informational questions (e.g., who, what, why, where, when, how)
	<b>Identifies</b> resources to gain additional scientific information	Identifies resources to gain additional scientific information

**Standard 1:** Under the processes of scientific investigation and design, conduct, communicate about and evaluate such investigations

**Expanded Benchmark:** Make predictions related to observations, experiences and patterns

**Critical Concept:** Make predictions related to observations, experiences and patterns

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
<b>Demonstrates</b> an understanding of cause and effect in scientific events	<b>Differentiates</b> between the cause and effect of an event	<b>Demonstrates</b> an understanding of cause and effect in scientific events
	<b>Determines</b> if a prediction is valid	<b>Determines</b> if the prediction is based upon experience or knowledge
		<b>Distinguishes</b> between a guess and prediction and explain the reasoning
		Asks questions to get more information when needed
	Makes an appropriate prediction based on observation/information	Makes an appropriate prediction based on observation/information

**Standard 1:** Under the processes of scientific investigation and design, conduct, communicate about and evaluate such investigations

**Expanded Benchmark:** Collect, organize, and analyze data

**Critical Concept:** Collect, organize, and analyze data

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
Indicates an awareness of collections within the	Indicates an awareness of collections within the	Indicates an awareness of collections within the
environment 	environment	environment
Identifies objects to add to collections	Identifies objects to add to collections	Identifies appropriate objects to add to collections
		Identifies ways to collect data (e.g., qualitative and quantitative methods)
Identifies data to collect for a problem or situations	<b>Determines</b> data to collect for a problem or situations	<b>Determines</b> appropriate data to collect for a problem or situations
		<b>Uses</b> a symbol to represent information/data
	Gathers data	Gathers data
	Knows ways to organize data	Knows ways to organize data
Sorts objects into categories	Sorts objects into categories	Sorts objects into categories and subcategories (e.g., living vs. nonliving)
		<b>Organizes</b> data to show patterns and trends (e.g., order, sequence)
	Recognizes when patterns in data exist	Recognizes when patterns in data exist (e.g., indicate attributes or criteria for organizing data)
		Recognizes when relationships in data exist (e.g., leaves are associated with trees)

**Standard 1:** Under the processes of scientific investigation and design, conduct, communicate about and evaluate such investigations

**Expanded Benchmark:** Collect, organize, and analyze data

**Critical Concept:** Collect, organize, and analyze data

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
	1	<b>Recognizes</b> that variations in data exist (e.g., differences in the height/eye color of classmates; variation in leaves)
		Explains the patterns and relationships in the data
Employs safe techniques for investigations	Employs safe techniques for investigations	Employs safe techniques for investigations

**Standard 1:** Under the processes of scientific investigation and design, conduct, communicate about and evaluate such investigations

**Expanded Benchmark: 5.** Communicate results of investigations

**Critical Concept**: Communicate results of investigations

Grade 10	Grade 8	Grade 5
onstruct explanation (graphs, pictures)		
	<b>Labels</b> units	
erent ways of measuring (descriptive)	Identifies different ways of measuring	Identifies different ways of measuring
a source for meaning	<b>Describes</b> data source for meaning	<b>Describes</b> data source for meaning
and how findings support or do not support lestion/predictions		
unexpected findings lead to new questions erstandings		
the data supports findings		
s to predictions	Relates results to predictions	
to another situation		
to		

**Standard 2:** Students know and understand common properties, forms and changes in matter and energy

**Expanded Benchmark:** Demonstrate awareness of physical and chemical properties

**Critical Concept:** Make qualitative observations about physical properties

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
<b>Uses</b> senses to make observations	<b>Uses</b> senses to make observations	<b>Uses</b> senses to make observations
<b>Uses</b> simple descriptors such as color, odor, texture, size, shape, etc. to relate information about properties of living and non-living matter	<b>Uses</b> simple descriptors such as color, odor, texture, size, shape, etc. to relate information about properties of living and non-living matter	<b>Uses</b> simple descriptors such as color, odor, texture, size, shape, etc. to relate information about properties of living and non-living matter
<b>Describes</b> temperature using labels such as hot/cold/warm/tepid	<b>Describes</b> temperature using labels such as hot/cold/warm/tepid	<b>Describes</b> temperature using labels such as hot/cold/warm/tepid
<b>Describes</b> volume using labels such as more/less/same	<b>Describes</b> volume using labels such as more/less/same	<b>Describes</b> volume using labels such as more/less/same
Describes mass using labels such as heavy/light	<b>Describes</b> mass using labels such as heavy/light	Describes mass using labels such as heavy/light
		Identifies homogenous mixtures from non- homogenous mixtures
		Identifies a mixture as a solution
	Classifies objects based on physical properties (e.g., textures, living vs. non-living, type of object)	Classifies objects based on physical properties (e.g., textures, living vs. non-living, type of object)
		Classifies objects based on chemical properties (the ability of something to react)
	Classifies objects based on states of matter	Classifies objects based on states of matter
		<b>Provides</b> a justification for how objects were classified into groups

**Standard 2:** Students know and understand common properties, forms and changes in matter and energy

**Expanded Benchmark:** Demonstrate awareness of physical and chemical properties

**Critical Concept:** Make quantitative observations

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
<b>Demonstrates</b> an understanding that counting is saying	<b>Demonstrates</b> an understanding that counting is saying	<b>Demonstrates</b> an understanding that counting is saying
numbers	numbers	numbers
Shows a quantity	Shows a quantity	Shows a quantity
Applies a number label to a quantity	Applies a number label to a quantity	Applies a number label to a quantity
	<b>Demonstrates</b> the relationship between a number symbol and quantity	<b>Demonstrates</b> the relationship between a number symbol and quantity
Identifies measurement tools		
Makes comparisons between different quantities	Makes comparisons between different quantities	Makes comparisons between different quantities
	<b>Uses</b> appropriate tools for measurement such as a scale, thermometer, measuring cup	<b>Uses</b> appropriate tools for measurement such as a scale, thermometer, measuring cup
		<b>Knows</b> that temperature is described by degrees (e.g., Fahrenheit, Celsius)
		<b>Knows</b> that volume is described by volume terms (e.g., teaspoon, tablespoon, cup, liter)
		<b>Knows</b> that there are appropriate units for measuring and describing mass (e.g., pounds and grams)
		<b>Demonstrates</b> conservation of mass, volume
		Chooses appropriate units of measurement

**Standard 2:** Students know and understand common properties, forms and changes in matter and energy

**Expanded Benchmark:** Make observations associated with energy

**Critical Concept:** Make observations associated with energy

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
	<b>Identifies</b> the forms of energy	<b>Identifies</b> the forms of energy (e.g., heat, light, sound, mechanical, potential/kinetic)
Identifies non-living objects that need energy to function	<b>Identifies</b> non-living objects that need energy to function	<b>Identifies</b> non-living objects that need energy to function
	<b>Describes</b> ways in which non-living objects get energy	<b>Describes</b> ways in which non-living objects get energy
Understands that objects can move at different speeds	Understands that objects can move at different speeds	Understands that objects can move at different speeds
<b>Describes</b> transformation of forms of energy in terms of motion (e.g., fast, slow)	<b>Describes</b> transformation of forms of energy in terms of motion (e.g., fast, slow)	<b>Describes</b> transformation of forms of energy in terms of motion (e.g., fast, slow)
Understands that objects move as a result of force	Understands that objects move as a result of force	Understands that objects move as a result of force
	<b>Understands</b> that objects can move at different speeds based on the amount of force	<b>Understands</b> that objects can move at different speeds based on the amount of force
	<b>Understands</b> that objects can move at different speeds and in different directions based on the amount and type of force	<b>Understands</b> that objects can move at different speeds and in different directions based on the amount and type of force
		<b>Understands</b> that a change in force will cause a change in speed and/or direction of the object
		<b>Describes</b> transformation of forms of energy in terms of temperature

**Standard 2:** Students know and understand common properties, forms and changes in matter and energy

**Expanded Benchmark:** Understand interactions between matter and energy

**Critical Concept:** Understand interactions between matter and energy

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
	- ·	<b>Demonstrates</b> that energy can be transferred in different ways (e.g., simple electric circuits)
	<b>Knows</b> when heat is introduced, changes in matter take place	<b>Knows</b> when heat is introduced, changes in matter take place

**Standard 3:** Students know and understand the characteristics and structures of living things, the processes of life, and how living things interact with each other in the environment

**Expanded Benchmark:** Understand the characteristics and structures of living things (plant and animals)

**Critical Concept:** Understand the characteristics and structures of living things (plant and animals)

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
dentifies living matter	<b>Distinguishes</b> between living vs. non-living matter	<b>Distinguishes</b> between living vs. non-living matter
dentifies non-living matter		
	<b>Describes</b> characteristics of living matter	<b>Describes</b> characteristics of living matter
	<b>Describes</b> characteristics of non-living matter	<b>Describes</b> characteristics of non-living matter
		Recognizes properties/characteristics of plants
_		Recognizes properties/characteristics of animals

**Standard 3:** Students know and understand the characteristics and structures of living things, the processes of life, and how living things interact with each other in the environment

**Expanded Benchmark:** Demonstrate an understanding of the processes of life

**Critical Concept:** Demonstrate an understanding of the processes of life

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
Identifies basic needs of living things	Identifies basic needs of living things	Identifies basic needs of living things
<b>Identifies</b> the young/adult stages of some common plants and animals	Identifies how living organisms attain basic needs	Identifies how living organisms attain basic needs
	<b>Recognizes</b> that all living organisms have a life cycle that vary in length	Recognizes that all living organisms have a life cycle that vary in length
	Identifies stages of a life cycle	Identifies stages of a life cycle
		Recognizes that living things respond to their environment

**Standard 3:** Students know and understand the characteristics and structures of living things, the processes of life, and how living things interact with each other in the environment

**Expanded Benchmark:** Understand how living things interact with each other and the environment

**Critical Concept:** Understand how living things interact with each other and the environment

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
	Recognizes how organisms are affected by other living and	Recognizes how organisms are affected by other living and
	nonliving things in the environment	nonliving things in the environment
<b>Recognizes</b> that food sources come from the environment	<b>Recognizes</b> that food sources come from the environment	Recognizes that food sources come from the environment
	<b>Describes</b> the parts of a food chain	<b>Describes</b> the parts of a food chain
	Knows the steps of a food chain	Knows the steps of a food chain
		<b>Describes</b> the parts of a food web
		Recognizes that the food chain and food web are affected by changes to other living and non-living things in the environment
<b>Describes</b> how organisms are dependent upon the non-living environment	<b>Describes</b> how organisms are dependent upon the non-living environment	Describes how organisms are dependent upon each other (living) and non-living environment
Recognizes that a change in the environment can affect everything living in the environment	<b>Recognizes</b> how a change in the environment can affect everything living in the environment	<b>Recognizes</b> how a change in the environment can affect everything living in the environment
		<b>Demonstrates</b> an understanding that when an area becomes overpopulated, natural resources become less available
		<b>Demonstrates</b> an understanding that when natural resources in the environment are overused, the environment becomes degraded

**Standard 3:** Students know and understand the characteristics and structures of living things, the processes of life, and how living things interact with each other in the environment

**Expanded Benchmark:** Understand the human body is a system

**Critical Concept:** Understand the human body is a system

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
	Recognizes that both living and non-living things can be recycled	Recognizes that both living and non-living things can be recycled
<b>Identifies/sequences</b> the main stages in the life cycle of a human	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b>Describes</b> the human life cycle, including the concept of aging, sickness, health, change
<b>Identifies</b> the observable parts of the body	<b>Identifies</b> the observable parts of the body	<b>Identifies</b> the observable parts of the body
<b>Describes</b> the functions of the observable parts of the body	<b>Describes</b> the functions of the observable parts of the body	<b>Describes</b> the functions of the observable parts of the body
	Identifies the main, internal parts of the body	Identifies the main, internal parts of the body
	<b>Describes functions</b> of internal parts of the body	<b>Describes</b> functions of internal parts of the body
	Recognizes that certain parts of the body make up a subsystem	Recognizes that certain parts of the body make up a subsystem
		<b>Describes</b> the functions of subsystems (digestive, respiration) and how they interrelate
	Identifies how environmental conditions and personal decisions can affect parts of the body	<b>Understands</b> how environmental conditions and personal decisions can affect parts of the body (e.g. allergies, smoking, food quality)
	Identifies the stages of human aging/maturation	Identifies when a system is not functioning properly
		Recognizes how adaptations (natural and artificial) can support living things when a system does not function properly
		<b>Explains</b> the stages of human aging/maturation (birth, infancy, early childhood, adolescence, adulthood, death)

**Standard 4:** Students know and understand the processes and interaction of Earth's systems and the structure and dynamics of Earth and other objects in space

**Expanded Benchmark:** Interact with the weather

**Critical Concept:** Interact with the weather

Grade 10
reness of changes in
ather
labels to indicate weather properties
othing/ recreation/transportation
her
ather related to a season
d weather patterns associated with
n catastrophic events
observations about the weather
ervations about weather

**Standard 4:** Students know and understand the processes and interaction of Earth's systems and the structure and dynamics of Earth and other objects in space

**Expanded Benchmark:** Interact with the weather

**Critical Concept:** Interact with the weather

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<b>Uses</b> a simple tool (e.g. thermometer, weather vane, rain gauge) to make quantitative observations about the weather
		<b>Graphs</b> quantitative information about weather
		<b>Uses</b> resources and information to predict subsequent day's weather based on weather patterns

**Standard 4:** Students know and understand the processes and interaction of Earth's systems and the structure and dynamics of Earth and other objects in space

**Expanded Benchmark:** Recognize Earth's features

**Critical Concept:** Recognize Earth's features

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
<b>Uses</b> appropriate qualitative labels to describe properties of	<b>Uses</b> appropriate qualitative labels to describe properties of	Uses appropriate qualitative labels to
Earth's materials (wet, hard, rough, dry, smooth)	Earth's materials (wet, hard, rough, dry, smooth)	describe properties of Earth's materials (wet, hard, rough, dry, smooth)
<b>Distinguishes</b> between Earth materials (soil, water, sand, rock)	<b>Distinguishes</b> between Earth materials (soil, water, sand, rock)	<b>Distinguishes</b> between Earth materials (soil, water, sand, rock)
Identifies distinctive landforms (water, rivers, lake, beaches, mountains, valleys)	<b>Identifies</b> distinctive land forms (water, rivers, lake, beaches, mountains, valleys)	Identifies distinctive land forms (water, rivers, lake, beaches, mountains, valleys)
	Recognizes differences in landforms and different surfaces	Recognizes differences in rocks
	` • .	<b>Matches</b> Earth's materials to landforms (e.g., sand to beaches, rocks to mountains, water to lakes and rivers)
Identifies natural events (erosion, floods, blizzards, volcanoes)	Identifies natural events (erosion, floods, blizzards, volcanoes)	Identifies natural events (erosion, floods, blizzards, volcanoes)
		<b>Recognizes</b> that the surface of the Earth changes by differences processes and/or natural events
		Recognizes that fossils provide evidence of Earth's history

**Standard 4:** Students know and understand the processes and interaction of Earth's systems and the structure and dynamics of Earth and other objects in space

**Expanded Benchmark:** Identify fundamental properties and uses of water

**Critical Concept:** Identify fundamental properties and uses of water

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
Identifies sources of water	Identifies sources of water	Identifies sources of water
Identifies the uses of water	Identifies the uses of water	Identifies the uses of water
	Associates snow, ice, hail, etc. with water	Associates snow, ice, hail, etc. with water
		Recognizes states of water (solid, liquid, gas)
Identifies natural sources of water	Identifies natural sources of water	Identifies natural sources of water
	Recognizes ways to conserve water	Recognizes ways to conserve water
	Recognizes that water flows downward	Recognizes that water flows downward
		Recognizes that water has a cycle (e.g., precipitation, evaporation, condensation)

**Standard 4:** Students know and understand the processes and interaction of Earth's systems and the structure and dynamics of Earth and other objects in space

**Expanded Benchmark:** Recognize objects in space and interaction with Earth's systems

**Critical Concept:** Recognize objects in space and interaction with Earth's systems

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
Labels objects in the sky that can be viewed unaided (e.g.,	Labels objects in the sky that can be viewed unaided (e.g.,	Labels objects in the sky that can be viewed unaided (e.g.,
birds, sun, moon, stars, clouds, plane)	birds, sun, moon, stars, clouds, plane)	birds, sun, moon, stars, clouds, plane)
Identifies sun, moon, stars	Identifies sun, moon, stars	Identifies sun, moon, stars
Associates sun with daylight and stars with	Associates sun with daylight and stars with	Associates sun with daylight and stars with
twilight/evening	twilight/evening	twilight/evening
	Identifies the sun as a source of heat and light	Identifies the sun as a source of heat and light
	<b>Describes</b> the effects of sun's light and heat on living things	<b>Describes</b> the effects of sun's light and heat on living things
		<b>Recognizes</b> that earth's rotation causes the sun to appear differently throughout the day (e.g., sunrise, high noon, sunset)
	Recognizes that objects in the sky have patterns	Recognizes that objects in the sky have patterns
	of movement (e.g., the sun appears to move across the sky)	of movement (e.g., the sun appears to move across the sky)
<b>Identifies</b> the moon's appearance using quantitative labels	<b>Identifies</b> the moon's appearance using quantitative labels	<b>Identifies</b> the moon's appearance using quantitative labels
(full moon, half moon, quarter moon)	(full moon, half moon, quarter moon)	(full moon, half moon, quarter moon)
		<b>Distinguishes</b> between fiction and fact regarding space exploration
		Recognizes how aerospace design impacts space travel
		(e.g., where you can go on an airplane vs. where you can go on a space shuttle)
		<b>Identifies</b> ways in which basic needs can be met in space

#### **SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY**

**Standard 5:** Students know and understand interrelationships among science, technology and human activity and how they can affect the world

**Expanded Benchmark:** Understand the impact of science and technology

Critical Concept: Understand the impact of science and technology

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
<b>Discriminates</b> between human and natural made objects	<b>Discriminates</b> between human and natural made objects	<b>Discriminates</b> between human and natural made objects
	Understands that technology is human made	Understands that technology is human made
<b>Recognizes</b> examples of practical technology (e.g., computers, printers, telephone, electronic games, electric wheelchairs)	Recognizes examples of practical technology (e.g., computers, printers, telephone, electronic games, electric wheelchairs)	Recognizes examples of practical technology (e.g., computers, printers, telephone, electronic games, electric wheelchairs)
		Identifies ways that a problem/need can be solved/met through the use of technology
		<b>Identifies</b> ways in which science and technology are related (e.g., electricity to turn on computer, thermometer to measure temperature)
		Recognizes science provides knowledge base while technology applies that knowledge (e.g., Parts of the human ear pick up sound waves. Hearing aids were developed to assist people who do not hear well.)
		<b>Identifies</b> contributions of science and technology to quality of life (e.g., Devices, such as a wheelchairs, have changed over time)
	<b>Recognizes</b> and identify benefits as well as risks of technological advances (e.g., Cars allow people to travel from one place to another. However, the exhaust from a car causes air pollution.)	<b>Recognizes</b> and identify benefits as well as risks of technological advances (e.g., Cars allow people to travel from one place to another. However, the exhaust from a car causes air pollution.)

#### **SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY**

**Standard 5:** Students know and understand interrelationships among science, technology, and human activity and how they can affect the world **Expanded Benchmark:** Understand that humans affect their world through technology and science

**Critical Concept:** Understand that humans affect their world through technology and science

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
	<b>Identifies</b> careers related to the science/technology fields	<b>Identifies</b> careers related to the science/technology fields
Identifies scientific/technological inventions	Identifies scientific/technological inventions	Identifies scientific/technological inventions
		<b>Describes</b> how different careers affect the world through science and technology
		Recognizes an invention
		<b>Describes</b> and creates a technological invention that would improve personal quality of life
		Makes and communicates a simple connection among scientific disciplines

**Standard 6:** Students understand that science involves a particular way of knowing and understanding common connections among scientific disciplines

**Expanded Benchmark:** Understand how to recognize and control variables in an experiment

**Critical Concept:** Understand how to recognize and control variables in an experiment

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
Content is above grade level	Recognizes when conditions are the same or different for a	Recognizes when conditions are the same or different for a
	test or task	test or task
		Identifies what a "fair" test is
	<b>Sequences the steps</b> of a simple experiment	Sets up a simple experiment

**Standard 6:** Students understand that science involves a particular way of knowing and understanding common connections among scientific disciplines

**Expanded Benchmark:** Know what can be answered scientifically

**Critical Concept:** Know what can be answered scientifically

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
		Identifies what is science and what is not (opinion vs. evidence)
		evidence)
		<b>Identifies</b> which questions can be answered through an
		experiment
		<b>Describes</b> how the structure of an object is related to its
		use or function
	Recognizes that the human body is made up of different	Recognizes that the human body is made up of different
	systems that work together (e.g., digestive, circulatory,	systems that work together (e.g., digestive, circulatory,
	respiratory, nervous)	respiratory, nervous)

**Standard 6:** Students understand that science involves a particular way of knowing and understanding common connections among scientific disciplines

**Expanded Benchmark:** Use a model to understand scientific phenomena

**Critical Concept:** Use a model to understand scientific phenomena

Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10
Content is above grade level		Understands that a physical object represents a model
	Identifies a model	Identifies a model
		<b>Uses</b> a simple model to explain scientific principles
		<b>Understands</b> that a mathematical equation can represent a model
		<b>Understands</b> that a computer graphic can represent a model