Table B. Student Characteristic: Hearing Impairment, Including Deafness

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{H}}$ Symbol represents accommodations that can be considered as use of Assistive Technology

Accommodation Category	Consider the following accommodations for use in instruction with students who benefit from auditory support for hearing loss, deafness, auditory processing disorder, or developmental language delay*
Presentation	 Sign language (student's preferred mode) Face the student during all verbal instruction Write on white board and the face class for instruction Speak clearly with unexaggerated speech; rephrase rather than repeating
Resources: Hands & Voices organization for parents: http://www.handsandvoices.org/pdf/PARC_2011.pdf Tips for Working with Deaf or Hard of Hearing Students in the Classroom http://www.handsandvoices.org/pdf/mainst_cal.pdf Explain idioms/multiple meaning words: http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/interactives/idioms/idiom_1.html Using Assistive Listening Devices: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=M4lBkdRereE	 Develop a signal system for student to nonverbally inform the teacher when difficulties occur Audio amplification devices: personal hearing aids; cochlear implant; classroom sound field system; personal FM system Encourage student to advocate for own listening and understanding needs Visual cues; picture supported text Written notes, outlines, and instructions; peer notetaker Advanced organizers and outlines of lectures Use natural gestures (e.g., point to materials; acknowledge who is speaking) Allow only one person to speak at a time Repeat questions and responses from classmates; pass FM microphone to speaker Provide notes from classmate (duplicate copy paper/ print whiteboard notes) or teacher notes Use captioned versions of streamed video/film or provide printed script Give oral/sign language interpreter instructional materials in advance Pre-teach academic vocabulary Use expansion techniques to scaffold vocabulary in context and use pictures for
	multiple meaning wordsUse visual /picture/sign language online

	dictionaries, vocabulary flashcards, graphic organizers to build vocabulary Show first; then explain Frequently summarize main points and provide an outline for guided note taking and vocabulary reinforcement Write page numbers, assignments and other important information on board prior to presentation Access to telecommunication/text messaging/video relay Provide content material in accessible text level format Provide picture-rich background materials to link vocabulary to prior knowledge or experience Maintain cochlear implant / personal hearing aids/FM equipment and chart daily use Use installed visual warning system for building emergencies; buddy check system Model acceptance, respect and communication techniques Provide access to daily school announcements, assemblies etc. Access to computer audio by inputting FM transmitter into auxiliary access port
For additional information see CDE Hearing Disabilities website: http://www.cde.state.co.us/cdesped/S D-Hearing.asp	 Express response to a scribe or interpreter (sign to voice) Use word processor or portable keyboards (text-to-voice programs) Use of word processer with spelling and grammar software Word prediction software Use visual organizers Use graphic organizers Demonstrate reading comprehension through digital storytelling