Colorado Measures of Academic Success Colorado Alternate Assessment Program



Interpretive Guide to Assessment Reports

A Guide for Parents and Educators



Table of Contents

1.0 General Information for Parents and Educators	1
1.1 Purpose of This Guide	1
1.2 Background	1
1.2.1 Colorado Measures of Academic Success (CMAS)	1
1.2.2 Colorado Alternate (CoAlt)	2
1.3 Confidentiality of Reporting Results	2
2.0 A Parent and Educator Guide to Understanding the Colorado Measures of Academic Success (CMAS)
Student Performance Report	3
2.1 Program Overview	3
2.2 Performance Levels and Types of Scores on the Student Reports	3
2.2.1 Scale Scores	4
2.2.2 Performance Levels	4
2.2.3 Percentile Ranking	6
2.2.4 Additional Performance Indicators	6
2.3 Description of Individual Student Performance Reports for CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA	7
2.3.1 General Information	7
2.3.2 Overall Assessment Scores	7
2.3.3 Performance by Sub-Reporting Category	8
2.4 Sample Individual Student Performance Report – CMAS ELA and CSLA	10
2.5 Sample Individual Student Performance Report – CMAS Mathematics	12
2.6 Description of Individual Student Performance Reports for CMAS Advanced Mathematics	14
2.6.1 General Information	14
2.6.2 Overall Assessment Scores	14
2.6.3 Performance by Subclaim Category	15
2.7 Sample Individual Student Performance Report – CMAS Advanced Mathematics	16
2.8 Description of Individual Student Performance Report – CMAS Science and Social Studies	
2.8.1 General Information	18
2.8.2 Overall Assessment Scores	
2.8.3 Subscale Performance	19
2.8.4 Performance by Prepared Graduate Competencies (PGCs) and Grade Level Expectations (GLEs)	20
2.8.5 Performance by Item Type	20
2.8.6 Performance Level Descriptions	בב בכ
2.9 Sample Individual Student Performance Report – CMAS Science and Social Studies	22
2.10 Description of individual student renormance report – COAR science and social studies	20
2.10.1 General Information	20 26
2 10 3 Content Standard Performance	20 27
2 10 4 Performance Level Descriptions	2, 27
2.11 Sample Individual Student Performance Report – CoAlt Science and Social Studies	
3.0 Understanding the Colorado School and District Reports	30
3.1 Purpose and Use of Colorado Assessment Results	
3.2 School and District Reports	
3.2.1 Types of Scores on the Colorado School and District Reports	
3.2.2 Scale Scores	31
3.2.3 Performance Levels	31

3.2.4 Additional Performance Indicators	
3.3 Appropriate Score Comparisons and Uses	
4.0 Student Roster Report	36
4.1 Description of Student Roster Report – CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA	
4.1.1 General Information	
4.1.2 Overall Assessment Scores	
4.1.3 Performance by Reporting Category	
4.1.4 Performance by Subclaim Category	
4.2 Sample Student Roster Report – CMAS ELA and CSLA	
4.3 Sample Student Roster Report – CMAS Mathematics	39
4.4 Description of Student Roster Report – CMAS Advanced Mathematics	40
4.4.1 General Information	40
4.4.2 Overall Assessment Scores	40
4.4.4 Performance by Subclaim Category	40
4.5 Sample Student Roster Report – CMAS Advanced Mathematics	42
5.0 District Summary of Schools Report	43
5.1 Description of District Summary of Schools Report – CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA	43
5.1.1 General Information	43
5.1.2 Overall Assessment Scores	43
5.1.3 Performance by Reporting Category	43
5.1.4 Performance by Subclaim Category	44
5.2 Sample of District Summary of Schools Report – CMAS ELA and CSLA	45
5.3 Sample of District Summary of Schools Report – CMAS Mathematics	46
5.4 Description of District Summary of Schools Report – CMAS Advanced Mathematics	47
5.4.1 General Information	47
5.4.2 Overall Assessment Scores	47
5.4.4 Performance by Subclaim Category	47
5.5 Sample of District Summary of Schools Report – CMAS Advanced Math	49
6.0 Performance Level Summary Report	50
6.1 Description of Performance Level Summary Report – All Assessments	50
6.1.1 General Information	50
6.1.2 Performance Level Distribution Data	50
6.2 Sample Performance Level Summary Report – CMAS Science and Social Studies	52
6.3 Sample Performance Level Summary Report – CMAS ELA and CSLA	53
6.4 Sample Performance Level Summary Report – CMAS Mathematics	54
7.0 Evidence Statement Analysis Report	55
7.1 Description of Evidence Statement Analysis Report – CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA	55
7.1.1 General Information	55
7.1.2 Evidence Statement Analysis Information	55
7.1.3 Evidence Statement Map Information	57
7.2 Sample Evidence Statement Analysis – CMAS ELA and CSLA	
7.3 Sample Evidence Statement Analysis – CMAS Mathematics	60

8.0 Item Analysis Report	62
8.1 Description of Item Analysis Report – CMAS Science and Social Studies	62
8.1.1 General Information	62
8.1.2 Item Analysis Information	62
8.1.3 Item Map Information	63
8.2 Sample Item Analysis Report – CMAS Science and Social Studies	64
9.0 Content Standards Roster Report	66
9.1 Description of Content Standards Roster Report – CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA	66
9.1.1 General Information	66
9.1.2 Content Standards Information	66
9.2 Sample Content Standards Roster Report – CMAS ELA and CSLA	68
9.3 Sample Content Standards Roster Report – CMAS Mathematics	69
9.4 Description of Content Standards Roster Report – CMAS Science and Social Studies	70
9.4.1 General Information	70
9.4.2 Performance Level and Content Standards Information	70
9.4.3 Prepared Graduate Competencies (PGCs) and Grade Level Expectations (GLEs) Performance	71
9.5 Sample Content Standards Roster Report – CMAS Science and Social Studies	72
9.6 Description of Content Standards Roster Report – CoAlt Science and Social Studies	74
9.6.1 General Information	74
9.6.2 Performance Level and Content Standards Information	74
9.7 Sample Content Standards Roster Report – CoAlt Science and Social Studies	/6
Appendix A Scale Score Banges	
CMAS Mathematics Overall Scale Score Ranges	78
CMAS English Language Arts Overall Scale Score Ranges	
Colorado Spanish Language Arts Overall Scale Score Ranges	
CMAS Science Overall Scale Score Ranges	
CMAS Science 2018 Content Standards Performance Indicator Ranges*	
CMAS Social Studies Overall Scale Score Ranges	
CMAS Social Studies 2018 Content Standards Performance Indicator Ranges*	
CoAlt Science Overall Scale Score Ranges	
CoAlt Social Studies Overall Scale Score Ranges	80
Appendix B Performance Level Descriptors	81
Grade 4 CMAS Social Studies Performance Level Descriptors	82
Grade 7 CMAS Social Studies Performance Level Descriptors	83
Grade 5 CMAS Science Performance Level Descriptors	84
Grade 8 CMAS Science Performance Level Descriptors	85
High School CMAS Science Performance Level Descriptors	86
Grade 4 CoAlt Social Studies Performance Level Descriptors	88
Grade 7 CoAlt Social Studies Performance Level Descriptors	89
Grade 5 CoAlt Science Performance Level Descriptors	90
Grade 8 CoAlt Science Performance Level Descriptors	91
High School CoAlt Science Performance Level Descriptors	92
About ELA and CSLA Performance Level Descriptors	93
Grade 3 ELA and CSLA Performance Level Descriptors	95

Grade 4 ELA and CSLA Performance Level Descriptors	97
Grade 5 ELA Performance Level Descriptors	99
Grade 6 ELA Performance Level Descriptors	102
Grade 7 ELA Performance Level Descriptors	105
Grade 8 ELA Performance Level Descriptors	108
Grade 3 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors	111
Grade 4 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors	119
Grade 5 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors	127
Grade 6 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors	136
Grade 7 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors	143
Grade 8 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors	150
Algebra I Performance Level Descriptors	157
Geometry Performance Level Descriptors	163
Integrated Math I Performance Level Descriptors	168
Integrated Math II Performance Level Descriptors	174

Appendix C CMAS Science and Social Studies Prepared Graduate Competencies and Grade Level

Expectations	180
Grade 4 Social Studies Standards, Prepared Graduate Competencies, and Grade Level Expectations .	
Grade 7 Social Studies Standards, Prepared Graduate Competencies, and Grade Level Expectations .	
Grade 5 Science Standards, Prepared Graduate Competencies, and Grade Level Expectations	
Grade 8 Science Standards, Prepared Graduate Competencies, and Grade Level Expectations	
High School Science Standards, Prepared Graduate Competencies, and Grade Level Expectations	185

App	endix D CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA Assessed Standards	187
	Grade 3 ELA and CSLA Reading, Writing, and Communicating Standards	.188
	Grade 4 ELA and CSLA Reading, Writing, and Communicating Standards	.189
	Grade 5 ELA Reading, Writing, and Communicating Standards	.190
	Grade 6 ELA Reading, Writing, and Communicating Standards	.191
	Grade 7 ELA Reading, Writing, and Communicating Standards	.192
	Grade 8 ELA Reading, Writing, and Communicating Standards	.193
	Grade 3 Mathematics Standards	.194
	Grade 4 Mathematics Standards	.195
	Grade 5 Mathematics Standards	.196
	Grade 6 Mathematics Standards	.197
	Grade 7 Mathematics Standards	.199
	Grade 8 Mathematics Standards	.201
	Algebra I Mathematics Standards	.202
	Geometry Mathematics Standards	.204
	Integrated I Mathematics Standards	.206
	Integrated II Mathematics Standards	.208

1.0 General Information for Parents and Educators

1.1 Purpose of This Guide

This guide provides information on the individual student performance reports, school reports, and district reports provided for the Colorado Measures or Academic Success (CMAS) and Colorado Alternate (CoAlt) assessment results. Section 2.0 outlines and explains elements of the individual student report and may be shared with parents to help them understand their students' test results. Sections 3.0 through 9.0 outline and explain elements of the school and district reports.

Please note that the sample reports included in this guide are for illustration purposes only. They are provided to show the basic layout of the reports and the information they provide. Sample reports do not include actual data from any administration.

1.2 Background

1.2.1 Colorado Measures of Academic Success (CMAS)

The CMAS assessments are Colorado's standards-based assessments designed to measure the Colorado Academic Standards (CAS) in the content areas of mathematics, English language arts (ELA), science, and social studies. Eligible English learners in grades 3 and 4 may take the Colorado Spanish Language Arts (CSLA) assessment as an accommodation in place of ELA. A small number of students with significant cognitive disabilities who meet specific criteria may demonstrate their content knowledge on the CoAlt assessment which measures the Extended Evidence Outcomes (EEOs) of the CAS. The purpose of the CMAS assessments is to indicate the degree to which students have mastered the expectations of the CAS in each content area at the end of the tested grade level. CMAS results are intended to provide one measure of a student's academic progress relative to the CAS. Aggregated scores may be used by districts and schools to monitor their programs' effectiveness by comparing performance from year to year.

CMAS science and social studies assessments were first administered across Colorado in 2013-2014 and CMAS mathematics and ELA assessments were first administered in 2014-2015. The following table includes the content areas and grade levels that were assessed across Colorado in spring 2018.

Content Area	Grades
ELA	3-8
CSLA*	3 and 4
Mathematics	3-8
Science	5, 8 and 11
Social Studies	4 and 7

*As a requirement of Colorado School Law C.R.S. §22-7-1006.3 (4) (a) and (b), Spanish-speaking students in grades 3 and 4 who meet established eligibility criteria may take the CSLA assessment in place of the ELA assessment.

CMAS Mathematics, ELA, Science and Social Studies

Available in online and paper format, CMAS assessments were developed by Colorado educators, the Colorado Department of Education, and the testing contractor, Pearson. Science and social studies reports are grouped together throughout this guide.

Available in online and paper format, CMAS advanced mathematics assessments (i.e., Algebra I, Geometry, Integrated Mathematics I, and Integrated Mathematics II) were developed in collaboration with a consortium of states known as the Partnership for Assessment of Readiness for College and Careers (PARCC).

<u>CSLA</u>

Available in paper format, CSLA assessments are designed for students with a home language of Spanish who are enrolled in bilingual programs in grades 3 and 4. The CSLA assessments serve as accommodated versions of the CMAS ELA assessments. They are parallel and comparable to CMAS ELA in test design, item type, scoring and reporting. Therefore, separate CSLA reports are not included throughout this guide (please refer to ELA reporting information and examples).

1.2.2 Colorado Alternate (CoAlt)

CoAlt is the standards-based assessment designed specifically for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities who, even with accommodations, are unable to participate in CMAS. CoAlt assesses the performance expectations of the EEOs of the CAS and students must meet participation requirements to take the assessments. CoAlt assessments are administered in a one-on-one setting between teachers and students. Teachers use CoAlt scoring rubrics to evaluate student responses before submitting performance results. For each CMAS assessment there is a corresponding CoAlt assessment; however, this guide only includes the CoAlt science and social studies assessments. The CoAlt mathematics and ELA assessments were developed by the Dynamic Learning Maps (DLM) consortium and reports for those assessments are not included in this guide.

1.3 Confidentiality of Reporting Results

The results of individual student performance on all Colorado assessments are confidential and may be released only in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. Section 1232g). When possible, aggregated student performance data representing 16 or more students is made available to the public. Additional data suppression rules are also applied to aggregated reports to protect student privacy. Aggregated reports do not contain the names of individual students or teachers.

2.0 A Parent and Educator Guide to Understanding the Colorado Measures of Academic Success (CMAS) Student Performance Report

2.1 Program Overview

CMAS is Colorado's standards-based assessment designed to measure the Colorado Academic Standards (CAS). The CAS contain the concepts and skills students need to learn in order to be successful in the current grade and to make academic progress from year to year.

In spring 2018, CMAS mathematics and English language arts (ELA)* assessments were given to students in grades 3 through 8, CMAS science assessments were given in grades 5, 8, and 11, and CMAS social studies assessments were given in grades 4 and 7 (social studies assessments are administered on a sampling basis to one-third of the elementary and middle schools each year). The purpose of CMAS is to indicate the degree to which students have mastered the CAS in the assessed content areas at the end of the tested grade level. CMAS results are intended to provide one measure of a student's academic progress relative to the CAS. An individual student performance report is created for each student who takes a CMAS assessment so that parents can understand their student's command over the CAS in the assessed grade level and content area.

As a requirement of Colorado School Law C.R.S. §22-7-1006.3 (4) (a) and (b), Spanish-speaking students in grades 3 and 4 who meet established eligibility criteria may take the Colorado Spanish language arts (CSLA) assessment in place of the ELA assessment. CSLA assessments are parallel and comparable to the CMAS ELA assessments in test design, item type, scoring and reporting. Therefore, separate CSLA reports and descriptions are not included in this guide (please refer to ELA reporting information and examples).

2.2 Performance Levels and Types of Scores on the Student Reports

To understand each part of the individual student performance reports, it is important to become familiar with the types of assessment scores included on the reports. Student performance on the Colorado assessments is described at varying levels on the individual student reports using scale scores, performance levels, subclaim performance indicators, and percentile ranking. State, district, and school average results are included in relevant sections of the report to help parents understand how their student's performance compares to that of other students. In some instances, a dash (–) appears in place of average results for a school and/or district. This indicates there are too few students (less than 16) to maintain student privacy, and therefore, results are not reported.

2.2.1 Scale Scores

A scale score is a numerical value that summarizes student performance. When the points a student earns on an assessment are placed on a common scale, the student's score becomes a scale score. Scale scores adjust for slight differences in difficulty on versions of the assessment that can vary slightly from student to student within a year (referred to as forms of the assessment) or between school years (referred to as administrations). Scale scores allow for comparisons of assessment scores, within a particular grade and subject area, across administrations. Not all students respond to the same set of test questions (referred to as items), so each student's raw score (actual points earned on test items) is adjusted for the slight differences in difficulty among the various administrations of the test. The resulting scale score allows for an accurate comparison across test forms and administration years within a grade and content area. As an example, a student who receives a score of 700 on one form of the 7th grade mathematics assessment is expected to score a 700 on any form of the assessment. Scale scores maintain their meaning and can be compared across years. A student who scored 650 on the 8th grade science assessment in 2018 demonstrated the same level of mastery of concepts and skills as an 8th grade student who scored 650 on the science test in 2017. The student's overall scale score and level of mastery of concepts and skills would be comparable to a student who took the same assessment the previous year or the following year. Scale scores cannot be used to compare student performance across grades (e.g., grade 4 to grade 7) or subject areas (e.g., science to mathematics).

Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA scale scores for the overall test range from 650 to 850. ELA and CSLA reports also provide separate scale scores for reading. Reading scale scores range from 110 to 190.

CMAS science and social studies scale scores range from 300 to 900. Science and social studies scale scores are reported for the overall test, content standards and Scientific Inquiry/Nature of Science (referred to as reporting categories), and item type.

CoAlt Science and social studies scale scores are reported for the overall test and range from 0 to 250.

2.2.2 Performance Levels

Scale scores are used to determine a student's performance level for the overall assessment. Performance levels describe the concepts and skills students are expected to demonstrate at each of the levels and include a range of scores at the overall assessment level (i.e., ELA, mathematics, science, or social studies). Descriptors for each grade level and content area are included in **Appendix B** of this document.

CMAS Performance Levels

There are five cross-grade and content area performance levels for CMAS mathematics, ELA, and CSLA assessments. There are four cross-grade and content area performance levels for CMAS science and social studies assessments.

CMAS Perform	ance Levels
CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA	CMAS Science and Social Studies
Level 5: Exceeded Expectations*	Level 4: Exceeded Expectations*
Level 4: Met Expectations*	Level 3: Met Expectations*
Level 3: Approached Expectations	Level 2: Approached Expectations
Level 2: Partially Met Expectations	Level 4. Destielly Met Evenestetiene
Level 1: Did Not Yet Meet Expectations	Level 1: Partially Wet Expectations

*Students in the top two performance levels met or exceeded the expectations of the CAS and are considered on track to being college and career ready in the content areas of language arts, mathematics, science, or social studies. Students in the remaining performance levels may need academic support to successfully engage in further studies in the content area.

CoAlt Performance Levels

CoAlt science and social studies assessments include four performance levels.



*The top two performance levels indicate that with appropriate supports, the student is prepared for further study in the content area.

2.2.3 Percentile Ranking

A percentile ranking is included on all CMAS individual student performance reports. The percentile ranking shows how well the student performed in comparison to other students in the state. For example, a student in the 75th percentile performed better than 75 percent of students in the state.

2.2.4 Additional Performance Indicators

In addition to scale scores, performance levels, and percentile rankings, individual student performance reports include other indicators to help parents and educators understand their student's performance. These performance indicators are described below for each assessment.

CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA

CMAS mathematics, ELA, and CSLA student reports include subclaim performance graphics comparing the performance of the student, their district, and the state. ELA student reports include a reading scale score. Subclaim performance on the assessments is reported as the percent of points earned for overall writing and for each of the writing, reading, and mathematics subclaims. Percent correct refers to the number of points earned out of the total number of points possible within a reporting category. The percent correct indicator can only be used to compare performance of the individual student to the average district and average state performance on the specific set of items being considered. Some groups of items may be more difficult than other sets of items, so unlike the scale score, the percent correct indicator cannot be compared across groups of items or across school years. For each subclaim, a marker indicates the performance of students who just crossed into the Met Expectations performance level on the overall test.

CMAS Science and Social Studies

CMAS science and social studies reports include percent correct indicators for Prepared Graduate Competencies (PGCs) and Grade Level Expectations (GLEs)* in elementary and middle school and for PGCs in high school. Percent correct refers to the number of points earned out of the total number of points possible within a reporting category. The percent correct indicator can only be used to compare performance of the individual student to the average district and average state performance on the specific set of items being considered. Some groups of items may be more difficult than other sets of items, so unlike the scale score, the percent correct indicator cannot be compared across groups of items or across school years.

*PGCs and GLEs are described more fully in **Appendix C**.

CoAlt Science and Social Studies

CoAlt science and social studies reports include the percent of points earned. The percent of points earned refers to the number of points a student earned out of the total number of points possible within a reporting category. The percent of points earned indicator can only be used to compare performance of the individual student to the average state performance on the specific set of items being considered. Some groups of items may be more difficult than other sets of items; so unlike the scale score, the percent of points earned indicator cannot be compared across groups of items or across school years. Percent of points earned are provided at the standard level. For social studies, the standards are history, geography, economics, and civics. For science, the standards are physical science, life science, and earth systems science.

2.3 Description of Individual Student Performance Reports for CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA

Sample CMAS grade 3 ELA and grade 6 mathematics Student Performance Report are displayed in Sections 2.4 and 2.5. Each page of the sample report is included individually. The sample report provides the same type of information that is included on all of the mathematics, ELA, and CLSA reports. The information below describes each part of the report. To learn more about each part of the Student Performance Report, match the white letters in gray circles from the sample report to the information included with the corresponding letters on the following pages.

2.3.1 General Information

Refer to page 1 of the Student Performance Report.

A. Identification Information

The student's name, state assigned student identification number (SASID), birthdate, school, and district.

B. Test Date

The season and year the student took the assessment.

C. Subject Area

The subject area of the student's assessment (i.e., mathematics, ELA, or CSLA).

D. Grade Level

The grade level of the student's assessment.

E. Explanation of Overall Performance

A brief explanation of the overall assessment results is given to help understand the information provided in the box below the explanation.

2.3.2 Overall Assessment Scores

Refer to page 1 of the Student Performance Report.

F. Overall Scale Score, Performance Level and Percentile Rank

The student's overall scale score (the number between 650 and 850), performance level (Exceeded Expectations, Met Expectations, Approached Expectations, Partially Met Expectations, Did Not Yet Meet Expectations), and percentile ranking are provided. For each content area, students receive an overall scale score and, based on that score, are placed in one of five performance levels, with Level 5 indicating the student exceeded expectations and Level 1 indicating the student did not yet meet expectations (see **Appendix A** for more information on scale scores and **Appendix B** for more information on performance levels). The percentile ranking shows how well the student performed in comparison to other students in the state. For example, a student in the 52nd percentile performed better than 52 percent of students in the state.

G. Graphical Representation of Overall Performance: Overall Scale Score and Performance Level This graphic provides an illustration of the five performance levels and identifies where the student's overall scale score is positioned along the performance scale. The student's score is indicated by the black diamond positioned along the range of overall scale scores that define each performance level. The arrows represent the probable range, which is based on the standard error of measurement and indicates the range of scores the student would likely receive if the assessment were taken multiple times. The probable range of scores differs across forms and across levels of performance within forms. The ranges of overall scale scores are indicated underneath the graphic. The scale score needed to reach Performance Level 2 is 700, for Performance Level 3 it is 725, and for Performance Level 4 it is 750 for all grade levels/courses in mathematics, ELA, and CSLA. The scale score needed to reach Performance Level 5 varies. Refer to **Appendix A** for the full list of scale score ranges for each performance level.

The average scale scores at the school, district, and state levels are identified to the left of the graph and are indicated by smaller diamonds on the graph. The location of the diamonds can be compared to see how the student performed in comparison to the average student in their school, district, or the state. If the student's score diamond is to the right of the school, district, or state average diamond, then the student performed better than that group's average. If the student's diamond is to the left of the school, district, or state diamond, then on average, that group performed better than the student.

The dotted lines on the graph show the lowest scores needed to achieve Partially Met Expectations, Approached Expectations, Met Expectations, and Exceeded Expectations performance levels. The scale scores representing each of those scores are indicated on the bottom of the graph.

H. Percentage of Students at Each Performance Level

The bars beneath the overall performance graphic show the percentage of students within Colorado who performed at each of the five performance levels and gives a sense of how the student's performance compares to other students' performance in Colorado.

I. Performance Level Description (PLD)

PLDs provide details about the specific grade-level content area concepts and skills typically demonstrated by students within a performance level. The PLD that corresponds to the student's performance level is included on the report. The full list of performance level descriptors for each grade level and content area is included in **Appendix B** of this document.

2.3.3 Performance by Sub-Reporting Category

Refer to page 2 of the Student Performance Report.

J. Graph Key

Explanatory text for the bars in the Percent of Points Earned graph: student's performance, district average, state average, and average of students who just crossed into the Met Expectations performance level.

K. Graphical Representation of Reading Scale Score

ELA and CSLA student reports include the student's scale score for reading (refer to Section 2.2.1). The student's reading scale score is indicated by the top black diamond. Arrows around the student's diamond represent the probable range, which is based on the standard error of measurement and indicates the range of scores the student would likely receive if the assessment were taken multiple times. Reading scale scores range from 110 to 190.

The average scale scores at the school, district, and state levels are identified to the left of the graph and are indicated by smaller diamonds on the graph. The location of the diamonds can be compared to see how the student performed in comparison to the average student in their school, district, or the state. If the student's score diamond is to the right of the school, district, or state average diamond, then the student performed better than that group's average. If the student's diamond is to the left of the school, district, or state diamond, then on average, that group performed better than the student.

L. Subclaim Category and Performance Indicators

Students demonstrate specific skill sets (subclaims) on the assessments that are identified within each reporting category for ELA and CSLA (e.g., Literary Text within Reading and Writing Expression within Writing) and mathematics (e.g., Expressing Mathematical Reasoning). Each subclaim category includes the header identifying the subclaim and a graph showing the percent of points earned for each subclaim. Subclaim performance on the assessments is reported using categories rather than scale scores or performance levels.

M. Description of Subclaim Performance Indicator Graphics

The graph shows the percentage of points earned for each reading, writing, or mathematics subclaim. The top bar in each of the figures represents the percent of points earned by the student for each of the subclaim categories. Bars representing district and state averages appear below for comparison. The dark vertical line indicates the average percent of points earned by students who just crossed into the Met Expectations performance level on the overall test.

The percent of points earned cannot be compared across years because individual items change from year to year. They also cannot be compared across subclaims because the number of items and the difficulty of items may not be the same.

2.4 Sample Individual Student Performance Report – CMAS ELA and CSLA



			I	FIRSTNAME	LASTNAME005
How Did Your Student Perform in Rea	ading	g ar	nd Writing?		Grade 3
 Subclaim Performance Your student's overall performance in Reading is represented by the to the figure below. The percent of points your student earned for overall Writing and for earned Writing subclaims is represented by the top bar in each of the other District and state averages are provided for comparison. The dark vertical line indicates the average percent of points earned by into the Met Expectations performance level on the overall English Land 	p diamor ach of the er figures r students guage Ar	nd in e Reac who ts/Lite	ding I Av just crossed eracy test.	udent's performant strict average ate average erage of students a Met Expectations	who just crossed into performance level
Reading					
This figure below shows your student's scale score in relation to school, district, and	state avera		110		190
Reading Scale Score	Student	132	← ♠→		
	School	129	•		
	District	121			
	State	113	•		
	Points		Percent of	Points Earned	•
	Possible	0	0% 25%	50% 7	5% 100%
Literary Text Students read and analyze fiction, drama, and poetry.	17	24%		L	
Informational Text Students read and analyze nonfiction, history, science, and the arts.	14	29%			
Vocabulary Students use context to determine what words and phrases mean.	10	60%			
	Points Possible	(Percent of 0% 25%	Points Earned	* 75% 100%
Writing					
Overall	12	50%			
Written Expression Students compose well-developed writing, using details from what they have read.	6	50%			
Knowledge and Use of Language Conventions Students demonstrate knowledge of conventions and other important elements of language.	6	50%			
*The percent of points earned cannot be compared across years because individual it year to year. They also cannot be compared across subclaims because the number of difficulty of items may not be the same.	ems chang items and	e from the		5	·
For more information about the standards included in this assessment www.cde.state.co.us/stand	, please vis dardsandii	it the C	Colorado Department of Educ tion	cation's website at	



Points Possible Percent of Points Earned* 0% 25% 50% 75% 100 Mathematics 20 Major Content 20 Students solve problems involving ratios, rates, percentages, an understanding of negative numbers, graphing points and simple linear functions, linear expressions, and linear equations. 20 Additional & Supporting Content 11 18% Students solve problems involving area, volume, and statistics. 11 18% Expressing Mathematical Reasoning and correct the reasoning of others. 11 18% Modeling & Application symbols, reason quantitatively, and strategically use appropriate tools. 9 100%	by student	s who ju	ust crossed	its who just crossed in ons performance level
Mathematics Major Content Students solve problems involving ratios, rates, percentages, an understanding of negative numbers, graphing points and simple linear functions, linear expressions, and linear equations. Additional & Supporting Content Students solve problems involving area, volume, and statistics. Image: Students colve problems involving area, volume, and statistics. Image: Students colve problems involving area, volume, and statistics. Image: Students colve problems involving area, volume, and statistics. Image: Students colve problems involving area, volume, and statistics. Image: Students colve problems involving of others. Image: Students coreate and justify logical mathematical solutions and analyze and correct the reasoning of others. Image: Students solve real-world problems, represent and solve problems with symbols, reason quantitatively, and strategically use appropriate tools. Image: Students colve real-world problems, represent and solve problems with symbols, reason quantitatively, and strategically use appropriate tools.	Points	0	Percent of Points Earned	J* 400%
Major Content 20 20% Students solve problems involving ratios, rates, percentages, an understanding of negative numbers, graphing points and simple linear functions, linear expressions, and linear equations. 20 20% Additional & Supporting Content 11 18% Students solve problems involving area, volume, and statistics. 11 18% Expressing Mathematical Reasoning 11 18% Students create and justify logical mathematical solutions and analyze and correct the reasoning of others. 11 18% Modeling & Application 9 100%	r ossible			13% 100%
Students solve problems involving ratios, rates, percentages, an understanding of negative numbers, graphing points and simple linear functions, linear expressions, and linear equations. 11 18% Additional & Supporting Content 11 18% Students solve problems involving area, volume, and statistics. 11 18% Expressing Mathematical Reasoning 11 18% Students create and justify logical mathematical solutions and analyze and correct the reasoning of others. 11 18% Modeling & Application 9 100%	20	20%		
Additional & Supporting Content 11 18% Students solve problems involving area, volume, and statistics. 11 18% Expressing Mathematical Reasoning 11 18% Students create and justify logical mathematical solutions and analyze and correct the reasoning of others. 11 18% Modeling & Application 9 100% Students solve real-world problems, represent and solve problems with symbols, reason quantitatively, and strategically use appropriate tools. 9 100%				
Students solve problems involving area, volume, and statistics. Image: Constraint of the statistics of the sta	11	18%		
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Students solve real-world problems, represent and solve problems with symbols, reason quantitatively, and strategically use appropriate tools.	-			
	h	100%		
The percent of points earned cannot be compared across years because individual items change from ear to year. They also cannot be compared across subclaims because the number of items and the ifficulty of items may not be the same.	l items chang of items and	ge from I the		:
he percent of points earned cannot be compared across years because individua ar to year. They also cannot be compared across subclaims because the number ficulty of items may not be the same.		Points Possible 20 11 11 9 h	Points Possible 0 20 20% 11 18% 11 18% 9 100% 1 100% 1 100%	Points Percent of Points Earner Possible 0% 25% 50% 20 20% 11 18% 11 18% 9 100% 1 Items change from of items and the

2.6 Description of Individual Student Performance Reports for CMAS Advanced Mathematics

A sample CMAS advanced mathematics Student Performance Report is displayed in Section 2.7. Each page of the sample report is included individually. The sample report provides the same type of information that is included on all of the advanced mathematics reports. The information below describes each part of the report. To learn more about each part of the Student Performance Report, match the white letters in gray circles from the sample report to the information included with the corresponding letters on the following pages.

2.6.1 General Information

Refer to page 1 of the Student Performance Report.

A. Identification Information

The student's name, state assigned student identification number (SASID), grade level when assessed, district, and school.

B. Description of Report

The assessed course (Algebra I, Geometry, Integrated Math I, or Integrated Math II), contentarea, and assessment year. A general overview of the assessment and score report is also provided.

C. How to Use the Report

Guidance for how parents can use the report to start a discussion with their student's teacher(s). It is important for parents and educators to have regular check-ins to ensure students are learning the necessary skills to stay on track. Parents can use the information in the report to understand their student's strengths and needs and to work with educators to identify resources to support his or her education.

2.6.2 Overall Assessment Scores

Refer to page 1 of the Student Performance Report.

D. Overall Scale Score, Performance Level and Percentile Rank

The student's overall scale score (the number between 650 and 850), performance level (Exceeded Expectations, Met Expectations, Approached Expectations, Partially Met Expectations, Did Not Yet Meet Expectations), and percentile ranking are provided. For each content area, students receive an overall scale score and, based on that score, are placed in one of five performance levels, with Level 5 indicating the student exceeded expectations and Level 1 indicating the student did not yet meet expectations (see **Appendix A** for more information on scale scores and **Appendix B** for more information on performance levels). The percentile ranking shows how well the student performed in comparison to other students in the state. For example, a student in the 52nd percentile performed better than 52 percent of students in the state.

E. Graphical Representation of Overall Performance: Overall Scale Score and Performance Level

This graphic provides an illustration of the five performance levels and where the student's overall scale score is positioned along the performance scale. The student's score is indicated by the black triangle positioned along the range of overall scale scores that define each performance level. The arrows above the scale score represent the probable range, which is based on the standard error of measurement, and indicates the range of scores the student would likely receive if the assessment were taken multiple times. The probable range of scores differs across forms and across level of performance within forms. The ranges of overall scale scores are indicated underneath the graphic. The scale score needed to reach Performance Level 2 is 700, for

Performance Level 3 it is 725, and for Performance Level 4 it is 750 for all advanced math courses. The scale score needed to reach Performance Level 5 varies. Refer to **Appendix A** for the full list of scale score ranges for each performance level.

F. Average of School, District, and State

The average scale scores of students taking the same test in the student's school, district, and state. These score averages can be used to see how the student's score compares to other students taking these tests.

G. Percentage of Students at Each Performance Level

This graphic shows the percentage of students within Colorado who performed at each of the five performance levels and gives a sense of how the student's performance compares to other students' performance in Colorado.

2.6.3 Performance by Subclaim Category

Refer to page 2 of the Student Performance Report.

H. Subclaim Category and Performance Indicators

Students demonstrate specific skill sets (subclaims) on the assessments that are identified within each reporting category for advanced mathematics (e.g., Expressing Mathematical Reasoning). Each subclaim category includes the header identifying the subclaim, an explanatory icon representing the student's performance, and an explanation of whether the student met the expectations of the subclaim. Subclaim performance on the assessments is reported using categories rather than scale scores or performance levels.

I. Description of Subclaim Performance Indicator Graphics

Student performance for each subclaim is marked with a subclaim performance indicator.

- An up arrow for the specified subclaim indicates that the student "Met or Exceeded Expectations," meaning that the student's subclaim performance reflects a level of proficiency consistent with Performance Level 4 or 5. Students in this subclaim category are likely academically well prepared to engage successfully in further studies in the subclaim content area and may need instructional enrichment.
- A bidirectional arrow for the specified subclaim indicates that the student "Approached Expectations," meaning that the student's subclaim performance reflects a level of proficiency consistent with Performance Level 3. Students in this subclaim category likely need academic support to engage successfully in further studies in the subclaim content area.
- A down arrow for the specified subclaim indicates that the student "Did Not Yet Meet or Partially Met Expectations," meaning that the student's subclaim performance reflects a level of proficiency consistent with Performance Level 1 or 2. Students in this subclaim category are likely not academically well prepared to engage successfully in further studies in the subclaim content area. Such students likely need instructional interventions to increase achievement in the subclaim content area.

Page 1 **Colorado Measures of Academic Success FIRSTNAME LASTNAME135** ID: 2018070143 Grade: 7 SAMPLE DISTRICT SAMPLE SCHOOL1 ALGEBRA Mathematics Assessment Report, 2017-2018 This report shows whether FIRSTNAME met course-level How Can You Use This Report? expectations and is on track to be college and career Ask your child's teachers: ready. This assessment is just one measure of how What do you see as my child's academic well your child is performing academically. strengths and areas for improvement? How will you use these test results to help my child make progress this school year? See side 2 of this report for specific information on your child's performance in mathematics. How Did FIRSTNAME Perform Overall? Level 5 Exceeded Expectations Performance Level 3 Level 4 Met Expectations Score: 739 Level 3 Approached Expectations CO Percentile Rank: 53rd Level 2 Partially Met Expectations Level 1 Did Not Yet Meet Expectations Your child's Score 739 700 725 750 805 850 650 Level 2 Level 3 Level 4 Level 5 Level 1 May need additional support to meet expectations in the next course On track for the next course The probable range of your child's overall score is plus or minus 10.3 points. This is the amount of change that would be expected in your child's score if he/she were to take the test many times. Arrows beneath your child's score represent the probable range. Student How Students in Colorado Performed 739 School Average District Average State Average 33% 17% 33% 3% 17% Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 4 Level 5 Percentage of students at each performance level 650 700 725 Page 1 of 2 05172018-Z9999999-0100-0115 - 0000000



Page 2 of 2

2.8 Description of Individual Student Performance Report – CMAS Science and Social Studies

A sample grade 5 student performance report is displayed in Section 2.9. Each page of the sample report is included individually. The sample report includes the same type of information that is included on every science and social studies reports. The information below describes each part of the report. To learn more about each part of the student performance report, match the white letters in gray circles from the sample report to the information included with the corresponding letters on the following pages.

2.8.1 General Information

Refer to page 1 of the Student Performance Report.

A. Identification Information

The student's name, state assigned student identification number (SASID), birthdate, school, and district.

B. Test Date

The season and year the student took the assessment.

C. Subject Area

The subject area of the student's assessment (either science or social studies).

D. Grade Level

The grade level of the student's assessment.

2.8.2 Overall Assessment Scores

Refer to page 1 of the Student Performance Report.

E. Explanation of Overall Performance

A brief explanation of the overall assessment results is given to help understand the information provided in the box below the explanation.

F. The Student's Overall Scale Score, Performance Level and Percentile Rank

The student's overall scale score (the number between 300 and 900), performance level (Exceeded Expectations, Met Expectations, Approached Expectations, Partially Met Expectations), and percentile ranking are provided. The scale score and performance level included in this part of the report represent the student's overall performance on the assessment in the content area (science or social studies). The percentile ranking shows how well the student performed in comparison to other students in the state. For example, a student in the 75th percentile performed better than 75 percent of students in the state. Grade level and content area specific performance level descriptors providing the concepts and skills students are typically able to demonstrate at each level are found on the last page of the report.

G. Graphical Representation of Overall Performance: Scale Score and Performance Level by Student, School, District, and State

The student's scale score is indicated by a large diamond on the graph. The arrows to the left and right of the diamond indicate the range of scores the student would likely receive if the assessment were taken multipletimes.

The average scale scores at the school, district, and state levels are identified to the left of the graph and are indicated by smaller diamonds on the graph. The location of the diamonds can be compared

to see how the student performed in comparison to the average student in their school, district, or the state. If the student's score diamond is to the right of the school, district, or state average diamond, then the student performed better than that group's average. If the student's diamond is to the left of the school, district, or state diamond, then on average, that group performed better than the student.

The dotted lines on the graph show the lowest scores needed to achieve Approached Expectations, Met Expectations, and Exceeded Expectations performance levels. The scale scores representing each of those scores are indicated on the bottom of the graph.

H. Percentage of Students at Each Performance Level

The data beneath the overall performance graphic show the percentage of students within Colorado who performed at each of the four performance levels and gives a sense of how the student's performance compares to other students' performance in Colorado.

2.8.3 Subscale Performance

Refer to page 1 of the Student Performance Report.

I. Explanation of Subscale Performance

In this part of the report, the student's performance is presented by individual reporting categories. Information to help understand the graphical representation in this section is included.

J. Subscale Scores

Subscale scores indicate how the student performed in each reporting category. Like the overall science and social studies scale scores, subscale scores range from 300 to 900 and can be compared across school years. Average subscale scores are also provided for the student's school and district

K. Reporting Category Descriptions

Reporting categories include the standards for social studies (history, geography, economics, and civics) and science (physical science, life science, and earth systems science). Science also includes Scientific Investigation and the Nature of Science as a reporting category. Descriptions of the reporting categories from the CAS are included in this section of the report.

L. Graphical Representation of Subscale Performance by Student, School, and District

The graphical representation of subscale performance shows how the student performed in each reporting category. The student's performance is represented by a large diamond on the graph. The arrows around the student's diamond show the range of scores that the student would likely receive if the assessment was taken multiple times.

The graphical representation also shows how the student performed in comparison to other students in the student's school or district. Smaller diamonds represent performance of students in the school and district. If the student's score diamond is to the right of the school or district average diamond, the student's subscale score was higher than the school or district average scale score. If the student's diamond is to the left, then the student's subscale score was lower than the school or district average.

The shaded areas of the graph represent the performance of about 70% of students in the state. If the student's score diamond is to the right of the shaded area, the student's performance is considered relatively strong in that area in comparison to other students in the state. If the student's score diamond is to the left of the shaded area, the student's performance is considered relatively weak in that area in comparison to other students in the state. These categories are based on the state performance for the current year and can change from year to year.

2.8.4 Performance by Prepared Graduate Competencies (PGCs) and Grade Level Expectations (GLEs)

Refer to page 2 of the Student Performance Report.

M. Explanation of PGCs and GLEs

PGCs and GLEs are important parts of the CAS. PGCs represent the concepts and skills students need to master in order to be college and career ready by the time of graduation. GLEs are grade-specific expectations that indicate that students are making progress toward the PGCs. This section of the report describes performance with percent correct for PGCs and GLEs at the elementary and middle school levels and for PGCs at the high school level.

N. Graph Key

The graph key includes the explanatory text for the bars in the Percent Correct graph: student's performance, district average, and state average.

O. Standard, PGC, and GLE

Descriptions of the PGCs and GLEs that were included on the assessment are listed under each standard. **Note:** The high school report does not include GLE-level information.

P. Points Possible

This number shows the total points possible for each PGC and GLE on the assessment. **Note:** Information is not reported at the GLE level on the high school report.

Q. Graphical Representation of Percent Correct

The graph shows the percentage of items that were answered correctly out of the total number of items for each PGC and GLE. When looking at the shaded bars in the graph, the student's performance can be compared to the average district and state performance. Keep in mind that there are relatively few points associated with each PGC or GLE. A student's bar can look much longer or much shorter based on a single correct or incorrect item response. Remember that percent correct score information cannot be compared across PGCs, GLEs, or years. **Note:** Information is not reported at the GLE level on the high school report. On elementary and middle school reports, the graph for the PGCs is blank when a PGC has only one associated GLE.

2.8.5 Performance by Item Type

Refer to page 3 of the Student Performance Report.

CMAS assessments include selected-response and constructed-response items. Selected-response items require students to choose the correct answer(s) from provided options. Sometimes these are referred to as multiple choice and multiple select items. In the CMAS computer-based assessments, these can also include technology-enhanced items referred to as drag-and-drop and hot spot. Constructed-response items require students to develop their own answers to questions.

R. Selected-Response Scale Score

The student's selected-response scale score can be compared to the average scale scores for selectedresponse items for the student's school, district, and the state. The student's school and district can compare next year's groups of students to this year's students by looking at selected-response scale scores. This information can be used to support school and district program and instructional improvement decisions.

S. Constructed-Response Scale Score

The student's constructed-response scale score can be compared to the average scale scores for constructed-response items for the student's school, district, and the state. The student's school and

district can look at next year's groups of students and compare them to this year on the constructedresponse scale score. This information can be used to support school and district program and instructional improvement decisions.

T. Graphical Representation of Selected-Response and Constructed-Response Scale Scores

The large diamond on the graph represents the student's scale score. The arrows around the student's score diamond show the range of scores that the student would likely receive if the assessment was taken multiple times. The smaller diamonds represent the average scale scores of the student's school, district, and the state. If the student's score diamond is to the right of the school, district, or state average diamond, then the student performed better than that group's average. If the student's diamond is to the left of the school, district, or state diamond, then that group performed better than the student on average.

2.8.6 Performance Level Descriptions

Refer to page 4 of the Student Performance Report.

U. Performance Level Descriptions (PLDs)

Performance level descriptions (PLDs) are provided for each of the four performance levels:

- Exceeded Expectations
- Met Expectations
- Approached Expectations
- Partially Met Expectations

The student's report reflects the PLDs specific to the assessed grade and content area. PLDs discuss the specific concepts and skills students in each performance level typically demonstrate for the student's assessed grade level and content area. PLDs are included in **Appendix B** of this document.

Elementary and middle school students in the top two performance levels, Exceeded Expectations and Met Expectations, are considered on track to being college and career ready in science or social studies; high school students in the top two performance levels are considered ready.

2.9 Sample Individual Student Performance Report – CMAS Science and Social Studies

Co Co Pe	onfidential Student erformance Report	Colorado Ma Student: FIRSTNA LASTNA SASID: 6533050440 School: SAMPLE SCI District: SAMPLE DIS	AME AME ME203 Birthd HOOL1 (01 TRICT (01	es of Ac	A A	ccess	B Spring 2018
Science C						(D Grade 5
This score report provides info	ormation about your student	's performance on the Colo	rado Measu	ires of Acade	mic Success (CMAS)	Science Assess	ment.
Your student's performance compared across On the graph, s assessment wa School, district, performance level across the Dotted lines show where the	is represented by a scale s are represented by diamond iple times. erages are provided so that e state is reported below the e range of scores is divided	core, a performance level, a ds. The arrows around your t you can compare your stu e graph. into performance levels. De	and a perce student's o dent's perfo escriptions o	ntile rank. (So liamond show ormance to the of the perform	cores are placed on a the range of scores the performance of other ance lever to be four	scale so that student that your student to rs. The percentage and at the end of	dent performance can be would likely receive if the ge of students in each this report.
Your Student's Score	1	Partially Met		Appro	ached	Viet	Exceeded
E 610		Expectations		Expect	ations Expe	ctations	Expectations
	Student			+ +	◆ →		
Approached	School: 624				•		
Expectations	District: 576			•			
50th Percentile	State: 598		1 1	546	650	771	900
		20.7%			404 0	0.0%	4.00%
Percent of CO students by P	errormance Level:	29.1%		35.	4% 3	0.6%	4.3%
Subscale Perform • The shaded areas in the tab • Scores outside of the shade	ance ble below represent approxim ad area indicate a potential w	nately 70% of student score	es across th ared to the	s J	Densel's Delation		
Reporting Category Descrip	ption		Subscale Score	30	Potential Relative Weakness	Typical	Strength 900
Physical Science					470		721
Students know and understar	nd common properties, form	ns, and changes in matter	602	Student		\leftrightarrow	
and energy.	K		574	School		♦ 1	
			550	District		•	
Life Science					479		719
Students know and understar	nd the characteristics and si	tructure of living things,	661	Student		÷	\leftrightarrow
environment.	a mang a mga meraet ware		561	School		•	
			567	District			
Earth Systems Scien	ce				479		718
Students know and understar and the structure and dynami	nd the processes and intera ics of Earth and other object	ctions of Earth's systems	626	Student			
and the structure and dynamic		to in optice.	590	School		•	
			587	District			
Scientific Investigation	ons and the Nature	of Science			477		717
Students understand the proc conducting and evaluating as	cesses of scientific investigation and swell as communication and	ation and design, out_such investigations	671	Student		÷	\rightarrow
Students understand that the	nature of science involves a	a particular way of building	602	School		•	
knowledge and making mean	ing of the natural world.		602	District		• • • • • • • • • •	
	Purpose						

cience M				Confi	dentia
rformance by Prepared Graduate Competencies (PGCs) and Grade Lev	el Expe	ctations (GLEs)		
Within each standard, PGCs are identified. PGCs represent the concepts and skills	that stud	ents	0110)		
need to master in order to be college and career ready.					
GLEs are grade-specific expectations that indicate a student is making progress tov The figure below shows the percentage of items that your student answered correct	vard the l	PGCs. h GLE		Student's per	formance
represented in the grade. If there is more than one GLE for a PGC, the percentage student answered correctly by PGC is also provided.	P)	our		 State average 	
tandard, PGC, and GLE	Points Possible	0%	Percent Co 25% 5	orrect* 0% 75%	Q
hysical Science	1		1	1 1	
GC 1 Apply an understanding of atomic and molecular structure to explain the properties of matter and predict outcomes of chemical and nuclear reactions					
GLE 1: Mixtures of matter can be separated regardless of how they were created; all weight and mass of the mixture are the same as the sum of weight and mass of its parts	20	50%			
fe Science					
GC 1: Analyze how various organisms grow, develop, and differentiate during their lifetimes based on an interplay between genetics and their environment					
GLE 1: All organisms have structures and systems with separate functions	13	77%			
GC 2: Analyze the relationship between structure and function in living systems at a variety of organizational levels, and recognize living systems' dependence on natural selection					
3LE 2: Human body systems have basic structures, functions, and needs	17	53%		•	
arth Systems Science					
GC 1: Describe how humans are dependent on the diversity of resources provided by Earth and Sun					
SLE 1: Earth and sun provide a diversity of renewable and nonrenewable resources	10	60%			
GC 2: Evaluate evidence that Earth's geosphere, atmosphere, hydrosphere, and biosphere interact as a complex system	20	60%			
SLE 2: Earth's surface changes constantly through a variety of processes and forces	10	50%			
Weather conditions change because of the uneven heating of Earth's surface by the Sun's SLE 3: energy. Weather changes are measured by differences in temperature, air pressure, wind, and water in the atmosphere and type of precipitation	10	70%	-		
reent correct scores cannot be compared across years because individual items change from year to ause the number of items and the difficulty of items may not be the same	o year. The	y also canno	t be compared ac	ross GLEs and I	PGCs
ause the number of items and the unitonly of items may not be the same.					

Performance by Item Type CMAS assessments include selected-response and constructed-response items. The figure below shows your student's score for each item type in relation to school, district, and state averages. Selected-Response Scale Score Selected-Response Items: Items that require students to choose the correct answer(s) from options provided Solution Constructed-Response Scale Score Solution Solution <th>Grade 5 n Type e items. The figure below shows your student's scale 300 900 ent 900 ent 4 trict tate ent 4 tool 4 trict</th>	Grade 5 n Type e items. The figure below shows your student's scale 300 900 ent 900 ent 4 trict tate ent 4 tool 4 trict	
Performance by Item Type CMAS assessments include selected-response and constructed-response items. The figure below shows your student's score for each item type in relation to school, district, and state averages. Selected-Response Scale Score Selected-Response Scale Score Selected-Response Items: Items that require students to choose A 674 Student 501 District Image: Student Image: Student 546 State Image: Student Image: Student Constructed-Response Items: Open-ended items that require Student	a items. The figure below shows your student's scale 300 900 ent 900 ent 4 trict tate ent 4 itent 4 iten	
CMAS assessments include selected-response and constructed-response items. The figure below shows your student's score for each item type in relation to school, district, and state averages.	e items. The figure below shows your student's scale 300 900 ent \$\$\$\$\$ trict tate ent \$\$\$\$\$ trict tate	
core for each item type in relation to school, district, and state averages. 300 Selected-Response Scale Score Gelected-Response Items: Items that require students to choose the correct answer(s) from options provided Selected-Response Items: Items that require students to choose the correct answer(s) from options provided Student Student <td co<="" th=""><th>300 900 ent nool + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +</th></td>	<th>300 900 ent nool + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +</th>	300 900 ent nool + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
Selected-Response Scale Score 674 Student Selected-Response Items: Items that require students to choose the correct answer(s) from options provided 674 Student Solo 501 District 546 State Constructed-Response Items: Open-ended items that require 593 Student 690 School 690	300 900 ent hool trict tate ent hool trict tate	
Selected-Response Scale Score R 674 Student Selected-Response Items: Items that require students to choose the correct answer(s) from options provided 674 Student 501 District 501 District 546 State • Constructed-Response Items: Open-ended items that require 593 Student 690 School •	ent trict tate ent tool trict	
Selected-Response Items: Items that require students to choose the correct answer(s) from options provided Solution Structed-Response Scale Score Solution Structed-Response Items: Open-ended items that require Solution School	ent ent tate ent tool	
Solution Solution he correct answer(s) from options provided 501 District 546 State Constructed-Response Items: Open-ended items that require 690 School	ent	
Constructed-Response Scale Score Constructed-Response Items: Open-ended items that require Student 690 School	ent iool irict	
Constructed-Response Scale Score S Constructed-Response Items: Open-ended items that require 690 School School	ent \Leftrightarrow	
Constructed-Response Scale Score 593 Student	iool	
Constructed-Response Items: Open-ended items that require 690 School		
TUGENTS TO DEVELOP THEIR OWN ANSWER TO A DUESTION		
622 District	tate	

Science Performance Level Descriptions

Students demonstrate mastery of science concepts and 21st century skills aligned to the Colorado Academic Standards at various performance levels. The performance level descriptors are organized in a manner that assumes students demonstrating higher levels of command have mastered the concepts and skills within the lower levels. For example, a student who approached expectations has also mastered the concepts and skills included in the partially met expectations performance level.

Students who Exceeded Expectations demonstrated distinguished command of the Colorado Academic Standards and can typically

- Evaluate and provide feedback on scientific evidence and reasoning about the separation of mixtures and how separation affects the total weight/mass
- Develop hypotheses about why similarities and differences exist between the body systems and parts of humans, plants, and animals
- · Evaluate scientific claims about natural resources, in terms of reasonability and validity
- Assess and provide feedback, through reasoning based on evidence, on scientific explanations about weather and factors that change Earth's surface

Students who Met Expectations demonstrated strong command of the Colorado Academic Standards and can typically

- Explain why certain procedures that are used to separate simple mixtures work and discuss any unexpected results
- Evaluate evidence and models of the structure and functions of human, plant, and animal organs and organ systems
- · Investigate and generate evidence that human systems are interdependent
- · Analyze and interpret data to explore concerns associated with natural resources
- Formulate testable questions and scientific explanations around weather and factors that change Earth's surface

Students who Approached Expectations demonstrated moderate command of the Colorado Academic Standards and can typically

- Discuss how the mass/weight of a mixture is a sum of its parts and design a procedure to separate simple
 mixtures based on physical properties
- Create models of human, plant, and animal organ systems, and compare and contrast similarities and differences between the organisms
- · Explore and describe the origins and usage of natural resources in Colorado
- Interpret data about Earth, including weather and changes to Earth's surface

Students who Partially Met Expectations demonstrated limited command of the Colorado Academic Standards and can typically

- · Select appropriate tools and follow procedures to separate simple mixtures
- · Identify how humans, plants, and animals address basic survival needs
- · Identify the functions of human body systems
- · Distinguish between renewable and nonrenewable resources
- · Use appropriate tools and resources to gather data regarding weather conditions and Earth processes

For more information about the standards included in this assessment, please visit the Colorado Department of Education's website at <u>www.cde.state.co.us/standardsandinstruction</u>

2.10 Description of Individual Student Performance Report – CoAlt Science and Social Studies

A Student Performance Report is created for each student who takes a CoAlt assessment. This section of the guide explains the elements of the Student Performance Report. A sample CoAlt Student Performance Report is displayed in Section 2.11.

2.10.1 General Information

Refer to page 1 of the Student Performance Report.

A. Identification Information

The student's name, state assigned student identification number (SASID), birthdate, school, and district.

B. Test Date

The season and year the student took the assessment.

C. Subject Area

The subject area of the student's assessment (either science or social studies).

D. Grade Level

The grade level of the student's assessment.

2.10.2 Overall Assessment Scores

Refer to page 1 of the Student Performance Report.

E. Explanation of Overall Performance

A brief explanation of the overall assessment results is given to help understand the information provided in the box below the explanation.

F. The Student's Overall Scale Score and Performance Level

The student's overall scale score (the number between 0 and 250) and performance level (Emerging, Approaching Target, At Target, or Advanced) are provided. An inconclusive designation is given to students who did not respond to any items on the assessment. The scale score and performance level included in this part of the report represent the student's overall performance on the assessment in the content area (science or social studies). Grade level and content area-specific performance level descriptors providing the concepts and skills students are typically able to demonstrate at each level are found on page 2 of the report.

G. Graphical Representation of Overall Performance: Scale Score and Performance Level by Student and State

The student's scale score is indicated by a large diamond on the graph. The arrows to the left and right of the diamond indicate the range of scores the student would likely receive if the assessment were taken multipletimes.

The average scale score at the state level is identified to the left of the graph and is indicated by a smaller diamond on the graph. The location of the diamonds can be comparted to see how the student performed in comparison to the average student at the state level. If the student's score diamond is to the right of the state average diamond, then the student performed better than the state average. If the student's diamond is to the left of the state diamond, then on average, the state performed better than the student.

The dotted lines on the graph show the lowest scores needed to achieve Approaching Target, At Target, and Advanced performance levels. The scale scores representing each of those scores are indicated on the bottom of the graph.

H. Percentage of Students at Each Performance Level

The data beneath the overall performance graphic show the percentage of students within Colorado who performed at each of the four performance levels and gives a sense of how the student's performance compares to other students' performance in Colorado.

2.10.3 Content Standard Performance

Refer to page 1 of the Student Performance Report.

I. Content Standard Descriptions

Descriptions for social studies standards (history, geography, economics, and civics) and science standards (physical science, life science, and earth systems science).

J. Points Earned

Points earned indicates how many points the student earned for each content standard.

K. Points Possible

Points possible indicates the total number of points possible for each content standard.

L. Graphical Representation of Content Standard Performance by Student and State

The graphical representation of content standard performance shows how the student performed in each standard. The student's performance is represented by a bar graph. The average percent of points earned for each content standard at the state level is identified by a second bar graph. The bar graphs show the student's percent of points earned as compared to the state average percent of points earned. If the student's bar ends to the right of the state average bar, then the student's percent of points earned was higher than the state average. If the student's bar ends to the left of the state average bar, then the student's percent of points earned was lower than the state average.

M. Graph Key

Indicates the student's percent of points earned and the state average percent of points earned.

2.10.4 Performance Level Descriptions

Refer to page 2 of the Student Performance Report.

N. Performance Level Descriptions

Specific grade level and content area descriptions are available for each of the four CoAlt performance levels:

- Advanced
- At Target
- Approaching Target
- Emerging

The student's report reflects the performance level descriptions specific to the assessed grade level and content area. These performance level descriptions discuss the specific concepts and skills that students in each performance level typically demonstrate in the assessed grade level and content area. Performance level descriptions for each grade level and content area are located in **Appendix B**.

2.11 Sample Individual Student Performance Report – CoAlt Science and Social Studies

Dago	1
гадс	т

Confidential Student Performance Report Colorado Student: FIR LAS SASID: 11271 School: SAMP District: SAMP	O Altern STNAME STNAME 70201 LE SCHOOI LE DISTRIC	nate A A. 401 Birthdate: 0 L1 (0115) cT (0100)	ssessmer 8/01/2007	nt	s	B Spring 2018
Social Studies C					0	Grade 4
 This score report provides information about your student's Assessment. Your student's performance is represented by a scale score compared years. State ave performance level across the state is represented by diamonds. The arrows around likely receive if the assessment was taken multiple times. Dotted lines show where the range of scores is divided in found at the end of this report. 	performa ore. Score ur studen ported bel your stud to perform	nce on the es are pla t's perfor ow the g lent's dia nance lev	ne Colorado Al aced on a scale mance to the p raph. mond show the vels. Des	ternate (Co. e so that stu performance e range of s of the p	Alt) Social St udent perform e of others. T scores that yo performance	iudies nance can be 'he percentage of our student would levels can be
Your Student's Score		Approa Targ	ching At Targe	rt	Advance	ed
F Emerging Student Student Student Student Student Student Student	↔	•				
Percent of CO students by Performance Level H 21.79% The Extended Evidence Outcomes on colorado Acade student demonstrated an understanding of the 4th grade s level.	mic Stan	143 44.23 dards inc ie K	163 3% 30.77% clude expectati epts and skills	188 ons for stud included in	3.21% lent performa the Emergin	250 6 ance. Your ng performance
Content Standard Performance	Points	Points	· · · · ·	Percent of	f Points Earned	
History History develops moral understanding, defines identity and creates an appreciation of how things change while building skills in judgment and decision-making. History enhances the ability to read varied sources and develop the skills to analyze, interpret and communicate.	9	16	0% 56% 68%	25%	50%	100%
Geography						
Geography provides students with an understanding of spatial perspectives and technologies for spatial analysis, awareness of interdependence of wor regions and resources and how places are connected at local, national and global scales.	10 Id	16	63% 68%			
Economics Economics teaches how society manages its scarce resources, how people make decisions, how people interact in the domestic and international markets, and how forces and trends affect the economy as a whole. Person financial literacy applies the economic way of thinking to help individuals understand how to manage their own scarce resources.	e 9 val	22	41% 71%			
Civics						
Civics teaches the complexity of the origins, structure, and functions of governments; the rights, roles and responsibilities of ethical citizenship; the importance of law; and the skills necessary to participate in all levels of government.	12	18	67% 70%			L
*The percent of points earned cannot be compared across years because in year. They also cannot be compared across Standards because the number may not be the same.	ndividual iten r of items an	ns change f d the difficu	rom yes ilty of it	Stude	nt's Score	State Average
Purpose This report describes your Colorado Academic Standa For more information www.cde.state.co.u	student's ards in So on the C s/assess	mastery ocial Stud oAlt asse ment/ne	of the Extende lies. essment progra wassess-coal	ed Evidence am, visit: <u>tsss</u>	e Outcomes (of the



3.0 Understanding the Colorado School and District Reports

3.1 Purpose and Use of Colorado Assessment Results

The primary purpose of CMAS and CoAlt is to provide high-quality assessments that align to the Colorado Academic Standards (CAS). Assessment results are a helpful tool in evaluating educational programs and student progress. These reports:

- Summarize and report on the status and progress of student achievement
- Describe student performance relative to meeting standards
- Gauge school, district, and state year-to-year progress
- Support improvement planning (e.g., prioritize professional learning and resource decisions, advise program alignment with academic standards, reflect on the effectiveness of school initiatives)

Standardized assessments are a valuable tool for evaluating programs. However, any assessment can provide only one part of the picture. CMAS and CoAlt assessment results are not able to identify, let alone measure, every factor that contributes to the success or failure of a program. Assessment results can be most helpful if considered as one component of an evaluation system.

3.2 School and District Reports

In addition to individual Student Performance Reports, schools and districts receive the following reports:

School and District Reports		
All content areas	Performance Level Summaries, Content Standards Rosters, District Summary of Schools (district level only)	
CMAS Science and Social Studies	Item Analysis Reports	
CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA	Evidence Statement Analysis Reports, Student Rosters (school level only), District Summary of Schools (district level only)	

These reports summarize how students in the school or district performed and are described later in this section. School and district reports are not for public distribution and are only to be viewed by individuals authorized to access student level data.

Note: Sample reports included in this guide are for illustration purposes only. They are provided to show the basic layout and information on the reports. Sample reports do not include actual data from any administration.

3.2.1 Types of Scores on the Colorado School and District Reports

To understand each part of the Colorado assessment school and district reports, it is important to become familiar with the types of assessment scores that are included on the report. At varying levels, student performance is described by scale scores, performance levels, subclaim performance indicators, and percent correct. State, district, and school level information is provided in relevant sections of the reports so that performance at these levels can be compared. A dash (–) appears on the report when there are too few students in a school or district to maintain student privacy, therefore, results are not reported. Information about appropriate comparisons of scores appears in Section 3.3.

3.2.2 Scale Scores

A scale score is a numerical value that summarizes student performance. Not all students respond to the same set of test questions (referred to as items), so raw scores cannot be directly compared. When the points a student earns on an assessment are placed on a common scale, the student's score becomes a scale score. Scale scores adjust for slight differences in difficulty of different forms within and between school years. Scale scores allow for comparisons of assessment scores, within a particular grade and subject area, across administrations. As an example, a student who received a score of 700 on one form of the 7th grade mathematics assessment is expected to score a 700 on any form of the assessment. Scale scores maintain their meaning and can be compared across years. A student who scores 650 on the 8th grade science assessment in 2018 demonstrated the same level of mastery of concepts and skills as an 8th grade science student who scored 650 in 2017. The student's overall scale score and level of mastery of concepts and skills would be comparable to a student who took the same assessment the previous year or the following year. Scale scores cannot be used to compare student performance across grades (e.g., grade 4 to grade 7) or subject areas (e.g., science to mathematics).

Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA scale scores for the overall test range from 650 to 850. ELA and CSLA reports also provide a separate scale score for reading, which ranges from 110-190.

CMAS science and social studies scale scores range from 300 to 900. Science and social studies scale scores are reported for the overall test, content standards and Scientific Inquiry/Nature of Science (referred to as reporting categories), and item type.

CoAlt science and social studies scale scores are reported for the overall test and range from 0 to 250.

3.2.3 Performance Levels

Scale scores are used to determine a student's performance level for the overall assessment. Performance levels describe the concepts and skills that students are expected to demonstrate at each of the levels, and they include a range of scores at the overall assessment level (i.e., mathematics, ELA, science, or social studies). Scale score ranges for each grade level and content area are included in **Appendix A** of this document. Performance level descriptors for each grade level and content area are included in **Appendix B**.
CMAS Performance Levels

There are five cross-grade and content area performance levels for CMAS mathematics, ELA, and CSLA assessments. There are four cross-grade and content area performance levels for CMAS science and social studies assessments.

CMAS Performance Levels									
CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA	CMAS Science and Social Studies								
Level 5: Exceeded Expectations*	Level 4: Exceeded Expectations*								
Level 4: Met Expectations*	Level 3: Met Expectations*								
Level 3: Approached Expectations	Level 2: Approached Expectations								
Level 2: Partially Met Expectations	Level 1. Dertielly Mat Expectations								
Level 1: Did Not Yet Meet Expectations	Level 1: Partially Wet Expectations								

*Students in the top two performance levels met or exceeded the expectations of the CAS and are considered on track to being college and career ready in the content areas of mathematics, language arts, science, or social studies. Students in the remaining performance levels may need academic support to successfully engage in further studies in the content area.

CoAlt Performance Levels

The CoAlt science and social studies assessments include four cross-grade performance levels.



*The top two performance levels indicate that with appropriate supports, the student is prepared for further study in the content area.

Performance level descriptors for each grade level and content area are included in **Appendix B** of this document.

3.2.4 Additional Performance Indicators

In addition to scale scores, performance levels, and percentile rankings, individual student performance reports include other indicators to help understand student performance. These performance indicators are described below for each assessment.

CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA

CMAS mathematics, ELA, and CSLA student reports include subclaim performance graphics comparing the performance of the student, their district, and the state. ELA student reports include a reading scale score. Subclaim performance on the assessments is reported as the percent of points earned for overall writing and for each of the writing, reading, and mathematics subclaims. Percent correct refers to the number of points earned out of the total number of points possible within a reporting category. The percent correct indicator can only be used to compare performance of the individual student to the average district and average state performance on the specific set of items being considered. Some groups of items may be more difficult than other sets of items, so unlike the scale score, the percent correct indicator cannot be compared across groups of items or across school years.

When looking at the shaded bars in the graph, the student's performance can be compared to the average district and state performance.

CMAS Science and Social Studies

CMAS science and social studies reports include percent correct indicators for Prepared Graduate Competencies (PGCs) and Grade Level Expectations (GLEs)* in elementary and middle school and for PGCs in high school. Percent correct refers to the number of points earned out of the total number of points possible within a reporting category. The percent correct indicator can only be used to compare performance of the individual student to the average district and average state performance on the specific set of items being considered. Some groups of items may be more difficult than other sets of items, so unlike the scale score, the percent correct indicator cannot be compared across groups of items or across school years.

*PGCs and GLEs are described in Appendix C.

CoAlt Science and Social Studies

CoAlt science and social studies reports include the percent of points earned. The percent of points earned refers to the number of points a student earned out of the total number of points possible within a reporting category. The percent of points earned indicator can only be used to compare performance of the individual student to the average state performance on the specific set of items being considered. Some groups of items may be more difficult than other sets of items; so unlike the scale score, the percent of points earned indicator cannot be compared across groups of items or across school years. The percent of points earned is provided at the standard level. For social studies, the standards are history, geography, economics, and civics. For science, the standards are physical science, life science, and earth systems science.

3.3 Appropriate Score Comparisons and Uses

The types of comparisons that can be made differ by the scores being compared. Some scores (e.g., performance levels and scale scores) allow for cross year comparisons, while some (e.g., percent correct) do not. In addition, the reliability of the comparisons or conclusions made vary depending on the size of the group (i.e., number of points contributing to a particular score or the number of students included in a comparison group). In general, the larger the group, the more reliable the comparison or conclusions made will be. The smaller the group, the less reliable the comparison or conclusions made will be. High-stakes decisions should not be based on scores of small groups of students or on scores with a low number of points contributing to them. The following table provides some of the comparisons that can and cannot be made by particular types of scores.

Score Comparisons

	Compare an individual student's performance to a target group's performance (e.g., student to school, district, or state) within the same year	Compare a group's performance to another group's performance (e.g., one school to another school, a district to the state, students of one race/ethnicity group to students in another race/ethnicity group) within the same year	Compare an individual student's performance to a target group's performance (e.g., school, district, or state) across years	Compare a group's performance to the same group's performance across years	Compare to other scores of the same type in a different subject or grade
Performance Levels	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO (These are content and grade specific.)
Scale Scores	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO (These are content and grade specific.)
Percent Correct	YES	YES	NO (These are specific to the year of the assessment.)	NO (These are specific to the year of the assessment.)	NO (These are specific to the PGC/GLE or subclaim.)
Relative Strengths and Weaknesses (Subscale Reporting Categories)*	YES	YES	NO (These are specific to the year of the assessment.)	NO (These are specific to the year of the assessment.)	NO (These are specific to the reporting category.)

*Potential relative strengths or weaknesses provide information about a student's performance in the reporting category compared to all students in the state. The potential relative strengths and weaknesses are based on the state average performance. They are not based on the standards and should not be interpreted in the same way as the overall performance levels.

Some assessment scores can be used to compare the performance of different demographic or program groups. All CMAS scores can be analyzed within the same grade and subject area for any single administration to determine which demographic or program group had the highest average scale score, the lowest percentage achieving Exceeded Expectations, the highest percentage achieving Approached Expectations, etc.

Other scores can be used to help evaluate the academic performance of demographic or program groups. For example, aggregations of reporting category data can help districts and schools identify areas of potential academic weakness for a group of students. This same methodology can be applied to an entire school or district.

In addition, all assessment scores can be compared to district and statewide performance within the same subject area for any administration.

4.0 Student Roster Report

4.1 Description of Student Roster Report – CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA

Comparing student performance on Colorado assessments to a variety of reference points can be valuable. The first three rows on the Student Roster Report contain state, district, and school averages. By reviewing each column on the report, student scores can quickly be compared to the averages. Sample Student Roster Reports are displayed in Sections 4.2 and 4.3.

Note: The District School Roster provides this information for each school within a district.

4.1.1 General Information

A. Assessment Information

The administration season and year, and school and district names and numbers.

B. Identification Information

The assessed content area (mathematics, ELA, or CSLA) and grade level.

C. Roster of Students

The first column of the Student Roster Report lists all the students in the school at the specified grade level who took the assessment for the specified content area. The first three rows include the state, district, and school averages.

4.1.2 Overall Assessment Scores

D. Overall Scale Score

The student's overall scale score. Students receive a numerical score and, based on that score, are placed in one of five performance levels, from Did Not Yet Meet Expectations to Exceeded Expectations (see **Appendix A** for more information on scale scores and **Appendix B** for more information on performance levels). The first three rows include state, district, and school averages.

E. Performance Level Name

The performance level for each student is listed. Performance levels are determined by the student's overall scale score. Performance level descriptions (PLDs) for each of the five performance levels are included in **Appendix B** of this document:

- Exceeded Expectations
- Met Expectations
- Approached Expectations
- Partially Met Expectations
- Did Not Yet Meet Expectations

Students in the top two performance levels, Exceeded Expectations and Met Expectations, are considered on track to being college and career ready in the assessed content area

4.1.3 Performance by Reporting Category

F. Reporting Category

For ELA and CSLA, there are two reporting categories, Reading and Writing, separated by a bold, vertical line. (Not included on mathematics reports.)

G. Performance by Reporting Category Scale Score

For ELA and CSLA, student performance for Reading is provided as a scale score on a different scale from the overall scale score. Reading scale scores range from 110 to 190. (Not included on mathematics reports.)

4.1.4 Performance by Subclaim Category

H. Subclaim Category

Within each reporting category for ELA (including CSLA) and mathematics are specific skill sets (subclaims) students demonstrate on the assessment. Each subclaim category includes the header identifying the subclaim; state, district, and school averages; and the percent of points earned by each student for each subclaim.

4.2 Sample Student Roster Report – CMAS ELA and CSLA

Color Student Roster School: District	SCHOOL NAME (995 DISTRICT NAME (995	res of , 19) 99)	Acaden	A	ess			Spr	ing 2018
English Language Arts / Literacy		CONT	AL - DO NOT D	HISTR B					Grade 7
Purpose: This report shows the average Overall ELA and Reading	scale scores and the pe	rcei D	ts earned for	Writing and ELA	subclaims.	E F	=		
TUDENT	PERFORMANCE	OVERALL SCALE SCORE	READING SCALE SCORE		READING*	READING* VOCABULARY	WRITING* OVERALL	WRITTEN* EXPRESSION	WRITING* CONVENTIONS
TATE AVERAGE	E	G	28	45	54	65	46	46	52
ISTRICT AVERAGE		750	45	48	41	75	55	55	53
CHOOL AVERAGE		734	37	45	53	81	62	62	56
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Met Expectations	751	56	23	41	66	24	24	37
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Partially Met Expectations	706	36	27	44	51	38	38	56
RLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Approached Expectations	746	42	33	42	36	26	26	46
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Partially Met Expectations	713	27	44	15	29	16	16	21
ILASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Exceeded Expectations	806	26	31	27	43	39	39	41
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Did Not Yet Meet Expectations	698	38	51	42	31	28	28	41
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Partially Met Expectations	724	27	16	35	19	24	24	26
TLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	No Score								
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Exceeded Expectations	830	38	27	51	38	53	53	17
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Did Not Yet Meet Expectations	661	41	40	39	25	45	45	39
BLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Partially Met Expectations	722	34	24	43	39	45	45	41
	Approached	726	43	24	43	39	45	45	41

This report is NOT for public review. Distribution within your school/district must be in accordance with state and federal privacy laws, and local school board policy.

4.3 Sample Student Roster Report – CMAS Mathematics

Student Roster	ado Measure: SCHOOL NAME (9999) DISTRICT NAME (9999)	s of Aca	demic Succes	A		Spring 2018
Mathematics	CON	IFIDENTIAL - DC				Grade 7
Purpose: This report shows the average Overall Mathematics scale s	cores and the percent	earned fo	r Mathematics subclaims.	H		
STUDENT	PERFORMANCE	SCALE SCORE	MAJOR CONTENT	MATHER SUPPORTING CONTENT	MATICS* REASONING	MODELING
STATE AVERAGE		746	56	52	51	47
DISTRICT AVERAGE		750	48	47	57	51
SCHOOL AVERAGE	E	734	59	43	55	54
ALASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Met Expectations	751	46	42	49	53
BLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Partially Met Expectations	706	43	46	35	17
BRLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Approached Expectations	746	36	25	52	18
CLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Partially Met Expectations	713	16	22	47	32
DLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Exceeded Expectations	806	67	74	68	74
ELASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Did Not Yet Meet Expectations	698	17	34	22	26
FLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Partially Met Expectations	724	25	32	43	25
FTLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	No Score					
GLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Exceeded Expectations	830	78	89	81	69
HLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Did Not Yet Meet Expectations	661	15	13	12	17
JBLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Partially Met Expectations	722	28	32	24	40
JLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	Approached Expectations	726	31	27	24	31
* Numbers are percent of points earned	•	Page 1	of 2		mmddyyyy-Ba	tch-1234-5678-1234567

This report is NOT for public review. Distribution within your school/district must be in accordance with state and federal privacy laws, and local school board policy.

4.4 Description of Student Roster Report – CMAS Advanced Mathematics

The first four rows on the Student Roster Report contain state, district, and school averages. By reviewing each column on the report, student scores can quickly be compared to the averages. Refer to Section 4.5 for a sample Student Roster Report.

Note: The District School Roster provides this information for each school within a district.

4.4.1 General Information

A. Assessment Information

The administration season and year, and school and district names and numbers.

B. Identification Information

The assessed content area (mathematics, ELA, or CSLA) and grade level.

C. Roster of Students

The first column of the Student Roster Report lists all the students in the school at the specified grade level/course who took the assessment for the specified content area. The first three rows include the state, district, and school averages.

D. Grade

The student's grade level at the time of the assessment is listed in the second column of the report.

4.4.2 Overall Assessment Scores

E. Performance Level and Overall Scale Score

These columns of the report provides the student's performance level and overall scale score. Students receive a numerical score and, based on that score, are placed in one of five performance levels, from did not yet meet expectations to exceeded expectations. See **Appendix A** for more information on scale scores and **Appendix B** for more information on performance levels.

4.4.4 Performance by Subclaim Category

F. Subclaim Category

Each subclaim category includes the header identifying the subclaim; state, district, and school averages; and an explanatory icon (subclaim performance indicator) representing the student's performance.

G. Subclaim Performance Indicators

A student's subclaim indicator represents how well the student performed on the items measuring that subclaim. As with overall scale scores, a measure of student proficiency for each subclaim is estimated on a common, underlying measurement scale. Performance in the Level 1–2 range of that scale is categorized as "Did Not Yet Meet or Partially Met Expectations," performance in the Level 3 range is categorized as "Approached Expectations," and performance in the Level 4–5 range is categorized as "Met or Exceeded Expectations."

Subclaim performance is reported using categories rather than scale scores or performance levels.

- Met or Exceeded Expectations represented by an up arrow
- Approached Expectations represented by a bidirectional arrow
- Did Not Yet Meet or Partially Met Expectations represented by a down arrow

State, district, and school subclaim performance in the first three rows is reported by the percentage (both graphically and numerically) of students who did not yet meet or partially met, approached, or met or exceeded expectations. The numerical values appearing below the graph indicate the percentage of students performing at the Did Not Yet Meet or Partially Met Expectations, Approached Expectations, and Met or Exceeded Expectations levels from left to right, respectively. Due to rounding, percentages may not total 100%.

Note: In most cases, numbers do NOT appear centered under each color.

H. Description of Subclaim Performance Indicator Graphics

Student performance for each subclaim is marked with a subclaim performance indicator.

- An up arrow for the specified subclaim indicates that the student "Met or Exceeded Expectations," meaning that the student's subclaim performance reflects a level of proficiency consistent with Performance Level 4 or 5. Students in this subclaim category are likely academically well prepared to engage successfully in further studies in the subclaim content area and may need instructional enrichment.
- A bidirectional arrow for the specified subclaim indicates that the student "Approached Expectations," meaning that the student's subclaim performance reflects a level of proficiency consistent with Performance Level 3. Students in this subclaim category likely need academic support to engage successfully in further studies in the subclaim content area.
- A down arrow for the specified subclaim indicates that the student "Did Not Yet Meet or Partially Met Expectations," meaning that the student's subclaim performance reflects a level of proficiency consistent with Performance Level 1 or 2. Students in this subclaim category are likely not academically well prepared to engage successfully in further studies in the subclaim content area. Such students likely need instructional interventions to increase achievement in the subclaim content area.

4.5 Sample Student Roster Report – CMAS Advanced Mathematics

	Colora	do Measures	s of Aca	demic Succes	SS		Spring 2018
Student Roster	Schod: SCI District: DIS	HOOL NAME (9999) TRICT NAME (9999)			A		
Mathematics		co	ENTIAL - DO	NOT DI BE	F		Algebra
TUDENT	GRADE	PERFORMANCE	SCALE	MAJOR CONTENT	MATHEMA SUPPORTING CONTENT	TICS* REASONING	MODELING
TATE AVERAGE	(D)		746	36 21 43	24 63 13	33 21 46	38 40 22
ISTRICT AVERAGE			750	13 58 71	24 20 56	35 35 30	36 17 48
CHOOL AVERAGE			734	34 42 24	46 37 17	29 60 11	30 40 30
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M. C	7	Met Expectations	751	0	G	0	0
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	7	Partially Met Expectations	706	0	•	•	•
RLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	8	Approached Expectations	746	0	•	①	•
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	7	Partially Met Expectations	713	0	0	0	0
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	8	Exceeded Expectations	806	0	0	•	Ð
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	8	Did Not Yet Meet Expectations	698	0	•	•	0
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	8	Partially Met Expectations	724	0	0	O	•
TLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	7	No Score					
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	7	Exceeded Expectations	830	0	•	0	0
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	8	Did Not Yet Meet Expectations	661	0	•	•	0
BLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	8	Partially Met Expectations	722	O	0	O	0
LASTNAME, FIRSTNAME M.	8	Approached Expectations	726	O	0	0	O
Numbers are percentages		2010 • • 9999 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	L		Not Yet Meet or tially Met ectations	eached Contractions	Met or Exceeded Expectations
			Page 1	of 2		mmddyyyy-Bi	atch-1234-5678-123456

5.0 District Summary of Schools Report

5.1 Description of District Summary of Schools Report – CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA

Using the District Summary of Schools Report, school data can quickly be compared to the district and state averages by reviewing the average overall scale score column. Refer to Sections 5.2 and 5.3 for sample District Summary of Schools Reports.

5.1.1 General Information

A. Assessment Information

The administration season and year, district name, and district number.

B. Identification Information

The assessed content area (mathematics, ELA, or CSLA) and grade level.

C. Number of Students

The first two rows contain the number of students with valid scores included in reporting at the state and district levels. Subsequent rows contain the number of students with valid scores included in reporting at each school within the district.

5.1.2 Overall Assessment Scores

D. Percentage of Students at Each Performance Level

The first column of the report shows the distribution of students achieving each performance level— indicated both graphically and numerically. Each colored section of the graph represents a performance level, beginning with Level 1 on the left through Level 5 on the right. The numerical values appearing below the graph indicate the percentage of students in Performance Levels 1 through 5, left to right respectively. Due to rounding, percentages may not total 100%. The name of the school is listed in each row above the graph.

Note: In most cases, numbers do NOT appear centered under each color.

E. Description of Performance Level Graphics

This graphic provides a colored illustration of the five performance levels. This provides a quick color-coded view of the percentage of students in each performance level.

F. Overall Scale Score

This column of the report provides the average overall scale score (refer to Section 3.2.2) for all students assessed at the school for the specified assessment on the report. The first two rows contain state and district averages.

5.1.3 Performance by Reporting Category

Note: There are no markers for G or H on the sample Mathematics District Summary of Schools Report.

G. Reporting Category

For ELA and CSLA, there are two reporting categories, Reading and Writing, separated by a bold, vertical line.

H. Performance by Reporting Category Scale Score

For ELA and CSLA, student performance for reading is provided as a scale score (refer to Section 3.2.2) on a different scale from the overall scale score. Reading scale scores range from 110 to 190. The first two rows contain state and district averages. The remaining rows contain the school averages.

5.1.4 Performance by Subclaim Category

I. Subclaim Category

Within each reporting category for ELA and CSLA are specific skill sets (subclaims) students demonstrate on the assessment. Subclaims are also provided for mathematics but are not listed under reporting categories as they are for ELA and CSLA. Each subclaim category includes the column header identifying the subclaim, as well as state, district, and school percentages.

J. Subclaim Performance Indicators

On District Summary of Schools Reports, subclaim performance for the state, district, and schools is reported by the average percent of points earned for each subclaim.

5.2 Sample of District Summary of Schools Report – CMAS ELA and CSLA

Cold	orado Measu	res of A	cadem	ic Succe	ess			Spr	ing 2018
Summary of Schools	SAMPLE DISTRICT	NAME (1234)					A		
English Language Arts / Literacy Purpose: This report shows the average Overall ELA and Reading	scale score C e ave			ed for Writing a) Ind ELA subclaims	s for each sch	G		Grade 5
PERFORMANCE DISTRIBUTION BY %	NUMBER OF STUDENTS	OVERALL SCALE SCORE	READING SCALE SCORE	READING*	READING*	READING* VOCABULARY	WRITING* OVERALL	WRITTEN* EXPRESSION	WRITING* CONVENTIO
14 10 23 28 22	147	755	142	41	45	40	54	52	55
XSTRICT 5 16 26 36 16	80	757	141	40	44	38	54	53	55
RPT BOTH ELAMATH SCH04	5			DATA S	UPPRESSED TC	PROTECT ST	JDENT PRIVAC	Y	
RPT MAX ELAMATH SCH01	25	777	161	65	62	62	45	42	49
O 12 24 36 28	25	770	150	51	58	50	57	53	61
RPT MIN ELAMATH SCH02 16 40 4 0	25	719	110	01	11	00	58	61	53
E									
Did Not Yet Meet Partially Met Approach Expectations (650-699) 2 Expectations (700-774) 3 Expectations (725-749)	4 Met Expectations (750-798)	5 Exp (799	ceeded actations 850)						

5.3 Sample of District Summary of Schools Report – CMAS Mathematics

District Summary of Schools		SURES OF AC	cademic Succ	ess	A	Spring 2018
Mathematics Purpose: This report shows the average Overall Mathematics sc	ale score a C vera	confirment -	DO N B IBUTE	subclaims for each school.		Grade 5
PERFORMANCE DISTRIBUTION BY %	NUMBER OF STUDENTS	OVERALL SCALE SCORE	MAJOR CONTENT	MATHE! SUPPORTING CONTENT		MODELING
STATE 20 19 11 30 17	159	742	44	37	48	39
DISTRICT 13 27 7 43 7	76	744	43	35	50	42
RPT BOTH ELAMATH SCH04	5		DATA SU	JPPRESSED TO PROTECT	STUDENT PRIVACY	
RPT MAX ELAMATH SCH01	21	781	82	65	57	50
O 20 20 52 8	25	755	51	43	56	42
RPT MIN ELAMATH SCH02 36 60 4 0 0	25	701	00	00	40	36
E						
Did Not Yet Meet Partially Met Approac 1 Expectations (650.699) 2 Partially Met (70-724) 3 Expectation (725-749)	hed s 4 Met Expectati (750-789)	ons 5 Exce Expect (790-85	eded ations 0)			
* Numbers are average percent of points earned		Pa	ge 1 of 1		06132018- PVTEST13	-5432-0000 - 0003743
This report is NOT for public review.	Distribution within you	r school/district mus	t be in accordance with sta	ate and federal privacy laws, ar	nd local school board policy.	

5.4 Description of District Summary of Schools Report – CMAS Advanced Mathematics

Comparing performance on the Colorado assessments across many levels can be valuable. Using the District Summary of Schools Report, school data can quickly be compared to the district and state averages by reviewing the average overall scale score column. A sample District Summary of Schools Report is displayed in Section 5.5.

5.4.1 General Information

A. Identification Information

The district name and administration season and year.

B. Assessment Information

The assessed content area and course.

C. Number of Students

The first two rows contain the number of students included in reporting at the state and district levels. Subsequent rows contain the number of students included in reporting at each school within the district.

5.4.2 Overall Assessment Scores

D. Percentage of Students at Each Performance Level

The first column of the report shows the distribution of students achieving each performance level— indicated both graphically and numerically. Each colored section of the graph represents a performance level, beginning with Level 1 on the left through Level 5 on the right. The numerical values appearing below the graph indicate the percentage of students in Performance Levels 1 through 5, left to right respectively. Due to rounding, percentages may not total 100%. The name of the school is listed in each row above the graph.

Note: In most cases, numbers do NOT appear centered under each color.

E. Description of Performance Level Graphics

This graphic provides a colored illustration of the five performance levels. This provides a quick color-coded view of the percentage of students in each performance level.

F. Average Overall Scale Score

This column of the report provides the average overall scale score (refer to Section 3.2.2) for all students assessed at the school for the specified assessment on the report. The first two rows contain state and district averages.

5.4.4 Performance by Subclaim Category

G. Subclaim Category

Each subclaim category includes the column header identifying the subclaim, as well as state, district, and school percentages.

H. Subclaim Performance Indicators

On District Summary of Schools Reports, subclaim performance for the state, district, and schools is reported by the percentage (both graphically and numerically) of students who did not yet meet or partially met, approached, or met or exceeded expectations. The numerical values appearing below the graph indicate the percentage of students performing at the Did Not Yet Meet or Partially Met

Expectations, Approached Expectations, and Met or Exceeded Expectations levels from left to right, respectively. Due to rounding, percentages may not total 100%.

Note: In most cases, numbers do NOT appear centered under each color.

I. Description of Subclaim Performance Indicator Graphics

Student performance for each subclaim is illustrated with an explanatory icon. For District Summary of Schools Reports, only the colors of the icons are used in the graphical representation under each subclaim.

- The green (right) section of the graph for the specified subclaim indicates the percentage of students in the category "Met or Exceeded Expectations," which reflects a level of proficiency consistent with Performance Level 4 or 5. Students in this subclaim category are likely academically well prepared to engage successfully in further studies in the subclaim content area.
- The blue (middle) section of the graph for the specified subclaim indicates the percentage of students in the category of "Approached Expectations," which reflects a level of proficiency consistent with Performance Level 3. Students in this category likely need academic support to engage successfully in further studies in the subclaim content area.
- The red (left) section of the graph for the specified subclaim indicates the percentage of students in the category of "Did Not Yet Meet or Partially Met Expectations," which reflects a level of proficiency consistent with Performance Level 1 or 2. Students in this subclaim category will likely need instructional interventions to engage successfully in further studies in the subclaim content area.

5.5 Sample of District Summary of Schools Report – CMAS Advanced Math

District Summary of Schools		sures of Ac	cademic Succ	ess.		Spring 2018
Mathematics	С	CO F AL-	DO NOT DISTRIBUTE	G		B Algebra I
PERFORMANCE DISTRIBUTION BY %	NUMBER OF STUDENTS	MATH AVG OVERALL SCORE	MAJOR CONTENT	MATHEN SUPPORTING CONTENT	NATICS* REASONING	MODELING
STATE 8 21 26 28 1	99,999	751	36 21 43	H 24 63 13	33 21 46	51 19 30
DISTRICT	5,664	738	13 58 71	24 20 56	35 35 30	25 38 37
ABRAHAM LINCOLN MIDDLE SCHOOL	204	742	34 42 24	46 37 17	29 60 11	45 42 13
ADA LOVELACE MIDDLE SCHOOL	198	730	21 79 0	12 57 31	33 40 27	36 22 42
BENJAMIN FRANKLIN MIDDLE SCHOOL	177	727	29 18 53	22 64 14	29 22 49	52 18 30
BOOKER T. WASHINGTON MIDDLE SCHOOL	204	724	11 57 32	28 20 52	35 34 30	25 39 36
CHARLOTTE HAWKINS BROWN MIDDLE SCHOOL	198	762	37 42 21	47 39 14	32 60 8	47 40 13
ELEANOR RIVERDALE MIDDLE \$CHOOL	177	743	29 60 11	12 49 39	35 41 24	36 22 42
ELEANOR ROOSEVELT MIDDLE SCHOOL	163	743	28 17 55	27 19 54	29 22 50	51 19 30
	E		(
1 Did Not Yet Meet 2 Partially Met Expectations (500-800) 2 Expectations (700-724) 3 Expectations (725-	oroached 4 Met Expectations 740) (750-784)	ns 5 Exce Expect (785-85	eded lations 50)	Did Not Yet Meet or Partially Met Expectations	pproached Organizations	Net or Exceeded Expectations
* Numbers are percentages						
This report is NOT for public re-	view. Distribution within your	Pag school/district mus	ge 1 of 2 t be in accordance with st	tale and federal privacy laws, ar	mmddyyyy-Ba	atch-1234-5678-1234567

6.0 Performance Level Summary Report

6.1 Description of Performance Level Summary Report – All Assessments

The Performance Level Summary Report is available for each grade assessed at each school or district. It contains aggregated performance level information across the school, district and state. It also contains disaggregated performance level data by student demographic and program categories and subgroups for either the school or the district. Refer to Sections 6.2 through 6.4 for page 1 of sample Performance Level Summary Reports.

6.1.1 General Information

- A. Test Date The administration season and year.
- **B.** Identification Information The names and codes of the school and district.
- C. Content/Subject Area

The content/subject area of the report (mathematics, ELA, CSLA, science, or social studies).

D. Grade The grade level of the assessment.

6.1.2 Performance Level Distribution Data

E. Demographic and Program Categories and Subgroups

Demographic and program categories with subgroups are listed on the left side of the table. Results for students for whom no demographic or program information was coded are included in the "Not Indicated" subgroups.

F. Number of Valid Scores

Reportable or valid scores are records that met attemptedness, are non-voided, and are without suppression codes that excluded them from aggregations (e.g., expelled and home-schooled students or when a misadministration or irregularity occurred during testing). The number of valid scores does not include students with "no score" on the assessment.

G. Average Scale Score

The average scale score for state, district, school, and each demographic or program subgroup. The average does not include students with "no score" on the assessment.

H. Performance Level Results

The number and percentage of students who achieved Did Not Yet Meet Expectations (mathematics, ELA, and CSLA only), Partially Met Expectations, Approached Expectations, Met Expectations, and Exceeded Expectations, as well as aggregated (combined) Met and Exceeded Expectations, are displayed for each demographic or program subgroup.

I. No Scores Reported

The number of students registered to take the assessment who did not receive scores. "No scores" are not included in the denominator for the performance level percentages.

J. Total Number of Students

The number of students registered to take the assessment.

K. Document Process Number

A number unique to each administration, found in the bottom-right corner of the report, assigned by the testing contractor.

6.2 Sample Performance Level Summary Report – CMAS Science and Social Studies

Performance Level Summary	School: SAMF District: SAMF	PLE SCHOO	L NAME (1 L DISTRIC	234) T (1234)	В									D
Social Studies C			CONFIDE	ENTIAL - DO	NOT DIST	RIBUTE							G	rade 4
Burnese: This report describes aroun					Perf	orman	ce Lev	els		1	2			
achievement in terms of average scale scores and performance levels.	Number of Valid Scores	Average Scale Score	Partial Expect	ly Met ations	Approa Expecta	Approached Expectations		ations	Excee Expect	eded ations	Met a	and eded	No Scores Reported	Total Number of Students
E			#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%		
State	ТЕ		174	50.0%	52	15.0%	48	13.0%	58	16.0%	106	29.0%		λJ.
District			9	52.0%	0	0.0%	1	5.0%	5	29.0%	6	31.0%	94	111
School	2	300	2	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	29	31
Gender														
Female	2	300	2	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	14	2
Male	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	15	0
Ethnicity/Race														
Hispanic or Latino	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0
Asian	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0
Black or African American	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0
White	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0
Two or more races	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0
Not Indicated	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0
Gifted and Talented														
Yes	2	300	2	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	29	2
No	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0
Migrant														
No	2	300	2	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	27	2
Yes	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0
Economic Disadvantage														
Free/Reduced Lunch Eligible	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0
		200	2	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	28	2

6.3 Sample Performance Level Summary Report – CMAS ELA and CSLA

COV Level Summa	ry	School: District:	SAMPLE S	CHOOL N	IAME (123 NAME (21)	34) 80)	B								(
English Language Arts	/ Litera	icy ((CONFIDENT	TIAL - DO N	OT DISTRI	BUTE							Gr	ade 8
Purpose: This report describes aroup						Perf	orman	ce Lev	els	H)		Г				
achievement in terms of average scale scores and performance levels.	Number of Valid Scores	Average Scale Score	Did Not Y Expecta	et Meet ations	Partiall Expecta	y Met ations	Approa Expecta	ached ations	Me Expecta	et ations	Exceeded Expectations		Met and		No Scores Reported	Total Number Student
E			#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%		
State			30	13.0%		16.0%		19.0%	62	27.0%	58	25.0%	120	52.0%		
District	F /	G	15	27.0%	8	14.0%	4	7.0%	11	20.0%	15	48.0%	26	68.0%	91	145
School	14	709	7	50.0%	0	0.0%	2	14.0%	3	21.0%	3	21.0%	5	42.0%	14	28
Gender	1												-			
Female	9	704	5	55.0%	0	0.0%	1	11.0%	1	11.0%	1	11.0%	3	22.0%	10	19
Male	5	717	2	40.0%	0	0.0%	1	20.0%	2	40.0%	2	40.0%	2	80.0%	4	9
Ethnicity/Race	1	1				;I				; I		I				
Hispanic or Latino	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	(
Asian	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0
Black or African-American	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	(
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	(
White	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0
Two or more races	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0
Not Indicated	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0
Gifted and Talented																
Yes	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	C
No	14	709	7	50.0%	0	0.0%	2	14.0%	3	21.0%	3	21.0%	5	42.0%	14	28
Migrant																
No	14	709	7	50.0%	0	0.0%	2	14.0%	3	21.0%	3	21.0%	5	42.0%	13	27
Yes	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	
Economic Disadvantage																
Free/Reduced Lunch Eligible	2	773	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	50.0%	1	50.0%	1	100.0%	0	1
Not Eligible for Free/Reduced Lunch	13	704	7	53.0%	0	0.0%	2	15.0%	2	15.0%	2	15.0%	4	30.0%	14	27

6.4 Sample Performance Level Summary Report – CMAS Mathematics

Performat Level Summat	i nce ry	School:	SAMPLE S	CHOOL N	IAME (123 NAME (123	4) 34)	В																			
Mathematics (C)				(CONFIDENT	TAL - DO N	OT DISTRI	BUTE							Gr	ade 8										
Purpose: This report describes group			ĺ			Perf	orman	ce Lev	els	$\left(H \right)$		Г														
achievement in terms of average scale scores and performance levels.	Number of Valid Scores	Average Scale Score	Did Not Y Expecta	et Meet ations	Partially Met Expectations		rtially Met Approached Expectations		Approached Expectations		Approached Expectations		Approached Expectations		Illy Met Approached Expectations		Partially Met Approached Expectations Expectations		Me Expecta	et ations	Excee Expecta	ded itions	Met	and eded	No Scores Reported	Total Number Student
E			#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%												
State	T E T		47	16.0%	20	7.0%	55	19.0%	115	40.0%	79	28.0%	194	68.0%												
District		, u	21	30.0%	4	5.0%	14	20.0%	14	22.0%	16	23.0%	29	43.0%	81	149										
School	16	759	1	6.0%	0	0.0%	6	37.0%	5	31.0%	4	25.0%	9	86.0%	13	29										
Gender										· · · ·																
Female	11	762	1	9.0%	0	0.0%	2	18.0%	4	32.0%	4	32.0%	8	64.0%	8	19										
Male	5	750	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	4	80.0%	0	0.0%	1	20.0%	1	20.0%	5	10										
Ethnicity/Race										·																
Hispanic or Latino	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	(
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0											
Asian	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0											
Black or African-American	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	8										
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0											
White	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	(
Two or more races	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0											
Not Indicated	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	(
Gifted and Talented																										
Yes	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0										
No	16	759	1	6.0%	0	0.0%	6	37.0%	5	31.0%	4	25.0%	9	56.0%	13	29										
Migrant																										
No	16	759	1	6.0%	0	0.0%	6	37.0%	4	25.0%	5	31.0%	9	56.0%	12	2										
Yes	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	2										
Economic Disadvantage																										
Free/Reduced Lunch Eligible	1	729	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0											
	-						-		-																	

7.0 Evidence Statement Analysis Report

7.1 Description of Evidence Statement Analysis Report – CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA

An Evidence Statement Analysis Report is available at the school and district levels for each assessed grade/content area (ELA grades 3 through 8; CSLA grades 3 and 4; mathematics grades 3 through 8, Algebra I, Geometry, Integrated Mathematics I and Integrated Mathematics II). The report includes item level score information at the school, district and state levels. The second page of the report includes item map information related to the Colorado Academic Standards (CAS). Sample Evidence Statement Analysis Reports are displayed in Sections 7.2 and 7.3.

Information included on the Evidence Statement Analysis Report can be used to identify patterns of evidence statements where a school is performing better or worse than the district or state or where a district is performing better or worse than the state. For example, within a particular evidence statement, a school within a district may be out-performing the district and the state while the school may be performing worse than the district and the state in another evidence statement. In combination with other evidence and data, schools and districts can use the information in the Evidence Statement Analysis Report to identify patterns across evidence statements that may be indicative of potential areas of strength or weakness.

7.1.1 General Information

Refer to page 1 of the Evidence Statement Analysis Report.

- A. Test Date The administration season and year.
- **B.** Identification Information The names and codes of the school and district.
- **C. Content/Subject Area** The content/subject area of the report (mathematics, ELA, or CSLA).
- D. Grade The grade level of the assessment.

7.1.2 Evidence Statement Analysis Information

Refer to page 1 of the Evidence Statement Analysis. **Note:** For mathematics, writing tasks are not included. For this reason, there are no markers for J through L on the sample Mathematics Evidence Statement Analysis Reports.

E. Number of Students with Valid Scores

Reportable or valid scores are records that met attemptedness, are non-voided, and are without suppression codes that excluded them from aggregations (e.g., expelled and home-schooled students or when a misadministration or irregularity occurred during testing). The number of valid scores does not include students with "no score" on the assessment.

F. Graph Key

Explanatory text for the symbols and lines in the graph: State and district for the district level report and state, district, and school for the school level report.

G. Average Percent Points Earned

The percent of average points earned is included to the left of the graphical representation of state, district, and school performance by evidence statement. Evidence statements that were more difficult for students across the state have a lower percent of average points earned.

H. Evidence Statement and Difficulty Order

Items on the mathematics, ELA (including CSLA) assessments are written to evidence statements that are mapped to the CAS. Each operational item on the assessment is combined into an evidence statement group. Items may be aligned to more than one evidence statement. This means that one item could be represented on the report multiple times depending on its alignment.

The evidence statements are placed in order on the graph with most to least difficult appearing from left to right. This difficulty order is determined by student performance on the items at the state level.

I. Graphical Representation of State, District, and School Level Performance by Evidence Statement The graphical representation shows how the state, district, and school performed on each

operational evidence statement. The state is represented as a blue line with squares, the district is represented as green circles, and on school level reports, the school is represented by orange triangles.

The points on the graph represent at each level (state, district and school) the average points earned compared to the points possible for the group of valid scores in that category. A school can then compare how those students performed on each evidence statement compared to other students in the district or state.

For ELA and CSLA, this comparison can also be used to evaluate school or district performance on the writing tasks as shown in the charts represented by letter G.

J. Writing Tasks

Charted information related to the performance of the writing tasks included on the ELA and CSLA assessments.

K. Written Expression and Writing Knowledge

Writing Expression includes the development of ideas, organization, and clarity of language that the student demonstrates in the written response.

Writing Knowledge is knowledge of language/conventions which assess the student's command of the conventions of standard English, including grammar and usage.

L. Prose Constructed Response (PCR)

This section breaks down the writing tasks by the PCR items included on the ELA and CSLA assessments. The PCRs ask for an extended student response that analyzes literary works in the categories of Literary Analysis and Narrative Writing and informational texts in the category of a Research Simulation Task.

7.1.3 Evidence Statement Map Information

Refer to page 2 of the Evidence Statement Analysis.

M. Evidence Statement

Evidence statements are listed in the same order as on the page 1 graph, from most to least difficult based on the state level.

N. Colorado Academic Standard(s)

The evidence statement-linked CAS is listed in the third column. An evidence statement can be connected to multiple standards. For statements that are considered Modeling or Modeling & Reasoning - Securely Held Knowledge, verbiage is indicated on the chart on page 2. Additionally, some integrated mathematics evidence statements cross multiple domains and are not linked to only a single CAS. Those statements indicate "multiple" on the report.

O. Domain

The domain level (e.g., Reading: Informational Text, Reading: Literature, Operations and Algebraic Thinking) is listed in this column.

P. Additional Information

Links to more detailed information on the evidence statements and CAS are provided at the bottom of the report.

Evidence Statements: http://www.cde.state.co.us/assessment/cmas

Colorado Academic Standards: http://www.cde.state.co.us/standardsandinstruction/standardsresourcesk12

7.2 Sample Evidence Statement Analysis – CMAS ELA and CSLA

Page	1
- 0 -	



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-	-	0-	_

CO	Evidence Statement Analysis	Colorado Mea	asures of Academic Success	Spring 2018
English Langua	age A M iter	acy N TIAL - D		Grade 4
Difficulty Order Most to Least 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Evidence Statement RL 4.9.2 RI 4.8.1 RL 4.7.1 RI 4.9.1 RI 4.9.1 RI 4.2.1 RI 4.2.1 RI 4.3.2 RI 4.6.1 L 4.5.3 RI 4.5.3 RI 4.5.1 RI 4.5.1 RI 4.5.1 RI 4.5.2 RL 4.2.1 RL 4.2.2 RI 4.8.2 RL 4.1.1 RI 4.3.3	Colorado Academic Standard(s) 4.2.1.c.ii 4.2.2.c.ii 4.2.2.c.ii 4.2.2.c.iii 4.2.2.a.iii 4.2.2.a.iii 4.2.2.a.iii 4.2.2.a.iii 4.2.2.a.iii 4.2.2.a.iii 4.2.2.a.iii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.2.a.ii	Domain Reading: Literature Reading: Informational Text Language Reading: Informational Text Reading: Literature Reading: Informational Text	
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	RL 4.4.1 RL 4.3.1 L 4.4.1 RL 4.3.2 RL 4.5.1 RI 4.2.2 L 4.5.1 L 4.6.1 RI 4.2.3	4.2.1.b.i 4.2.1.a.iv 4.2.3.c 4.2.1.a.iv 4.2.1.b.ii 4.2.2.a.ii 4.2.3.d 4.2.3.e 4.2.3.e 4.2.2.a.ii	Reading: Literature Reading: Literature Language Reading: Literature Reading: Literature Reading: Informational Text Language Language Reading: Informational Text Language Reading: Informational Text	
Evidence Statements Colorado Academic S This report is NOT for p	s: <u>http://www.cde.state</u> Standards: <u>http://www</u> public review. Distribution w	e.co.us/assessment/cm /.cde.state.co.us/standa /ithin your school/district must Pag	has Participant and and and and and the second and	ccal school board policy. 99-5555-7777 - 0000004

7.3 Sample Evidence Statement Analysis – CMAS Mathematics





Page 2



04102018-Z999999-5555-7777 - 0000034

8.0 Item Analysis Report

8.1 Description of Item Analysis Report – CMAS Science and Social Studies

An Item Analysis Report is available at the school and district level for CMAS science and social studies for each assessed grade level and content area. The report includes item level score information at the school, district, and state levels. The back of the report includes item map information.

Information included on the Item Analysis Report can be used to identify patterns of items (and aligned CAS) where a school is performing better or worse than the district or state or where a district is performing better or worse than the state. For example, within a particular Grade Level Expectation (GLE), a school within a district may be out-performing the district and the state while the school may be performing worse than the district and the state in another GLE. In combination with other evidence and data, schools and districts can use the information in the Item Analysis Report to identify patterns across standards, GLEs, and PGCs that may be indicative of potential areas of strength or weakness. A sample Item Analysis Report is in Section 8.2.

8.1.1 General Information

Refer to page 1 of the Item Analysis Report.

A. Test Date The administration season and year.

B. Identification Information

The school and district name and code.

C. Subject Area

The subject area of the report (either science or social studies).

D. Grade

The grade level of the assessment.

General information is repeated on page 2 of the report.

8.1.2 Item Analysis Information

Refer to page 1 of the Item Analysis Report.

E. Number of Students with Valid Scores

Reportable or valid scores are records that met attemptedness, are non-voided, and are without suppression codes that excluded them from aggregations (e.g., expelled and home schooled students or when a misadministration or irregularity occurred during testing). The number of valid scores does not include students with "no score" on the assessment.

F. Graph Key

Explanatory text for the symbols and lines in the graph: state and district for the district level report and state, district, and school for the school level report.

G. Average Percent of Points Earned

The percent of average points earned is included to the left of the graphical representation of state, district, and school performance by item. Items that were more difficult for students across the state have a lower percent of average points earned. For 1-point selected response items, the percent of students who correctly responded is recorded. For 2- and 3-point constructed response items, the average of points earned is divided by 2 or 3, respectively, in creating the percentage.

H. Numbered Items

Items are identified by numbers in blue text at the bottom of the graph and are ordered from most difficult to least difficult based on the state level, such that the most difficult item is labeled as 1.

I. Standard and Grade Level Expectation (GLE)/Prepared Graduate Competency (PGC)

On elementary and middle school item analysis reports, the corresponding standard and GLE are listed below each item. On the high school item analysis report, the corresponding standard and PGC are listed below each item.

J. Graphical Representation of State, District, and School Level Performance by Item

The graphical representation shows how the state, district, and school performed on each operational item. The state is represented as a blue line with squares, the district is represented as a green line with circles, and the school is represented by an orange line with triangles.

K. Document Process Number

A number unique to each administration, found in the bottom-right corner of the report, assigned by the testing contractor.

8.1.3 Item Map Information

Refer to page 2 of the Item Analysis Report.

L. Item Map Information

Page 2 of the Item Analysis Report includes information for all the operational items that were included on the assessment. Items are ordered from most to least difficult, as they were on page 1 of the report. For each item, the following information is included:

- Difficulty order from most to least (matches page 1)
- Standard and GLE numbers (for grades 4, 5, 7, and 8 only—high school has Standard and PGC number)
- Location on the test (unit number and item number)
- Standard by name
- Prepared Graduate Competency (PGC)
- Grade Level Expectation (GLE) (elementary and middle school only)
- Item type (Selected Response (SR); 2-point Constructed Response (CR-2); 3-point Constructed Response (CR-3))

Page	1
- 0 -	



Page 2

co	Deta	ort iil	This report shows the operational items for the given grade and subject sorted by difficulty.			
cial Studies - Form A						
Difficulty Order Most to Least	Standard.GLE	Section-Item Number	Standard	Prepared Graduate Competency (PGC)	Grade Level Expectation (GLE)	Item Type Selected Response (SR) Constructed Response (CR
1	1.1	1-009	History	PGC1	GLE1	SR
2	1.2	1-010	History	PGC2	GLE2	SR
3	2.1	1-011	Geography	PGC1	GLE1	SR
4	3.2	2-005	Geography	PGC2	GLE2 GLE2	
6	2.1	3-004	Geography	PGC1	GLE1	SR
7	3.1	3-005	Economics	PGC1	GLE1	SR
8	4.2	3-007	Civics	PGC2	GLE2	SR
9	1.1	3-011	History	PGC1	GLE1	SR
10	3.2	1-003	Economics	PGC2	GLE2	SR
12	4.2	1-004	Geography	PGC2	GLE2 GLE1	SR SP
13	1.1	1-005	History	PGC1	GLE1	SR
14	1.1	1-017	History	PGC1	GLE1	SR
15	4.1	2-004	Civics	PGC1	GLE1	SR
16	3.1	2-020	Economics	PGC1	GLE1	SR
17	3.2	3-003	Economics	PGC2	GLE2	SR
18	3.1	3-018	Geography	PGC1	GLE1	CP.3
20	2.2	1-013	Geography	PGC2	GLE2	SR
21	3.1	1-008	Economics	PGC1	GLE1	SR
22	2.2	2-007	Geography	PGC2	GLE2	SR
23	3.1	2-016	Economics	PGC1	GLE1	SR
24	2.1	2-017	Geography	PGC1	GLE1	SR
25	2.1	2-018	Geography	PGC1	GLE1 GLE2	SR SP
20	4.2	3-017	Civics	PGC2	GLE2	SR
28	3.2	3-021	Economics	PGC2	GLE2	SR
29	4.1	3-023	Civics	PGC1	GLE1	SR
30	1.2	3-012	History	PGC2	GLE2	CR-3
31	2.2	1-018	Geography	PGC2	GLE2	SR
33	4.1	1-020	Civics	PGC2 PGC1	GLE2 GLE1	SR
34	2.1	2-003	Geography	PGC1	GLE1	SR
35	1.2	3-009	History	PGC2	GLE2	SR
36	1.2	3-010	History	PGC2	GLE2	SR
37	4.2	3-016	Civics	PGC2	GLE2	SR
38	3.2	3-015	Economics	PGC2	GLE2	SR
40	3.1	3-020	Economics	PGC1	GLE2	SR
41	4.2	2-019	Civics	PGC2	GLE2	CR-3
42	4.2	3-013	Civics	PGC2	GLE2	CR-3
43	4.1	3-019	Civics	PGC1	GLE1	CR-3
44	2.1	1-012	Geography	PGC1	GLE1	CR-3
45	3.1	1-014	Cisico	PGC1	GLE1	CR-3
40	2.1	3-008	Geography	PGC1	GLE1	SR
48	1.1	3-014	History	PGC1	GLE1	CR-3
49	3.2	2-006	Economics	PGC2	GLE2	CR-3
50	1.2	1-006	History	PGC2	GLE2	CR-3
51	1.1	3-006	History	PGC1	GLE1	CR-3

This report is NOT for public review. Distribution within your school/district must be in accordance with state and federal privacy laws, and local school board policy. 01222018-Z9999999-2000-7110 - 000002

9.0 Content Standards Roster Report

9.1 Description of Content Standards Roster Report – CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA

The Content Standards Roster Report analyzes student performance on operational items on the spring 2018 assessment. Reports are available by grade and subject at the school level. Score information is only included for students with valid scores (i.e., not invalidated). This report provides the percent correct by domain and standard for each student. It also provides the same information aggregated at the state, district, and school levels. Sample reports are included in Sections 9.2 and 9.3.

9.1.1 General Information

A. Test Date

The administration season and year.

B. School Information

The name of the school and the associated district.

C. Description of Report

The assessed content area (mathematics, ELA, or CSLA) and the grade level/course.

9.1.2 Content Standards Information

D. Domain and Standard

All operational items are combined into the domain and standard group to which they apply. Some items represent multiple standards and may therefore be included in multiple groups on this report.

A full list of the assessed standards by grade and content area is found in **Appendix D** and at <u>http://www.cde.state.co.us/standardsandinstruction/standardsresourcesk12</u>.

E. Average Percent Correct and Points Possible

Within all domains and standards, this report provides the total points possible for that group based on the items in that group and the maximum points possible for those items.

For example, a standard might have four items aligned to it. Three of those items might be worth 2 points each and one item worth 4 points, meaning that group would have a maximum points possible of 10 points ((3x2)+4).

The state average percent achieved provides the average percent achieved for all students in the state with valid scores for each domain and standard group for each form combination.

F. Student Information

Students are listed in alphabetical order by last name, first name. Students only have score information if a valid score is available. Students who were indicated as home schooled, expelled, withdrew before/during testing, medical exemption, or records indicated as duplicate do not appear on this report.

G. Form

The form taken by each listed student. Each core or base form is used to create multiple operational forms. Students who have the same number in this column did not necessarily take the exact same operational form of the test. Percent correct information is for the student's specific operational form combination. Comparisons cannot be made for students across domains unless both students took the same operational form of the assessment.

H. Student Percent Achieved

The percent of the total points possible each listed student achieved in each domain and standard group. Groups with fewer than 6 maximum points are not reported. For domains with multiple standard groups, this amount is still included in the total.

I. Document Process Number

A number unique to each administration, found in the bottom-right corner of the report, assigned by the testing contractor.
9.2 Sample Content Standards Roster Report – CMAS ELA and CSLA

Content Standards Roster English Language Arts / L	Cole School District		CONFIDE	B ENTIAL - DO NOT D	nic Succ	ess			Asp	ring 201 Grade
			Rea	ding		Vocabulary	Writing C	ategories	Prose Co Resp	nstructed onse
	D	Key Ideas: Reading Literature	Key Ideas: Informational Text	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas	Craft & Structure	Vocabulary Acquisition & Use	Written Expression	Writing Knowledge	Prose Constructed Response 1	Prose Constructed Response 2
					P	oints Possib	le			
		21	20	7	24	10	F	6	15	22
					P	ercent Corre	ct			
	State Average:	82%	80%	83%	78%	76%	85%	82%	84%	83%
Di	strict e:	85%	79%	83%	83%	79%	83%	81%	84%	84%
So	choole:	84%	81%	81%	82%	81%	86%	84%	83%	85%
STUDENT	Form									
1 STUDENT 1	01		77%	76%	79%	71%	73%	77%	72%	75%
2 STUDENT 2	04		87%	90%	95%	98%	83%	94%	99%	96%
3 STUDENT 3	11	53%	56%	54%	59%	51%	55%	52%	54%	56%
4 STUDENT 4	08	83%	86%	81%	85%	73%	84%	77%	78%	76%
5 STUDENT 5	08	84%	86%	85%	84%	81%	88%	82%	84%	84%
6 STUDENT 6	10	68%	66%	67%	64%	66%	87%	69%	64%	61%
7 STUDENT 7	02	65%	62%	69%	63%	59%	64%	68%	66%	62%
8 STUDENT 8	06	15%	10%	0%	8%	16%	13%	14%	9%	7%
9 STUDENT 9	09	97%	98%	94%	97%	99%	95%	98%	96%	97%
10 STUDENT 10	02	38%	39%	38%	37%	33%	34%	36%	36%	34%
11 STUDENT 11	03	45%	44%	48%	48%	43%	48%	52%	46%	44%
12 STUDENT 12	04	58%	55%	59%	55%	57%	60%	57%	56%	49%
3 STUDENT 13	07	18%	16%	15%	15%	19%	18%	12%	16%	18%
	01	92%	89%	94%	86%	96%	85%	89%	91%	91%
14 STUDENT 14			E 20/	48%	52%	47%	55%	49%	49%	53%
14 STUDENT 14 15 STUDENT 15	05	46%	53%	4070			-		-	-

9.3 Sample Content Standards Roster Report – CMAS Mathematics

Content Standards Roster	School	SCHOOL NAME (9999)	of Academic Succe	255	A	Spring 20
natics C		CONFIDE	ENTIAL - DO NOT DISTRIBUTE			Grade
		Numbers & Operations	Numbers & Operations	Moacurament & Data	Modeling &	Reasoning
	U	in Base Ten	Fractions	measurement & Data	On Grade Level	Securely Held
			Po	oints Possible		
		9	10	6	10	10
			Pe	ercent Correct		
St	ate Average:	68%	71%	73%	75%	74%
Dist	rict Ay	72%	73%	73%	74%	75%
Sch	ool AL	73%	74%	72%	76%	74%
ENT	Form					
ENT 1	01	85%	86%	89%	85%	87%
ENT 2	08	H 53%	54%	56%	52%	54%
ENT 3	12	69%	72%	74%	71%	73%
ENT 4	07	80%	84%	82%	84%	83%
ENT 5	04	98%	97%	99%	97%	98%
ENT 6	01	13%	9%	9%	11%	9%
ENT 7	09	49%	42%	48%	47%	48%
ENT 8	06	76%	76%	79%	77%	76%
ENT 9	11	78%	77%	78%	79%	78%
ENT 10	01	59%	61%	64%	59%	58%
ENT 11	03	82%	79%	81%	83%	92%
ENT 12	01	68%	67%	67%	69%	72%
ENT 13	06	39%	39%	38%	39%	37%
ENT 14	02	48%	52%	53%	49%	53%
ENT 15	10	90%	89%	91%	89%	92%
ENT 16	10	83%	79%	78%	81%	84%
ENT 17	09	86%	84%	85%	84%	83%
ENT 18	05	75%	71%	73%	72%	74%

9.4 Description of Content Standards Roster Report – CMAS Science and Social Studies

The Content Standards Roster is available for each grade and subject assessed at each school. It lists every student who should have tested in the school. Score information is only included for students with valid scores (i.e., not invalidated or suppressed). This report provides the overall performance level, reporting category, and Prepared Graduate Competencies (PGC) and Grade Level Expectations (GLE) data for each student. It also provides the same information aggregated at the state, district, and school levels. A sample report is included in Section 9.5.

Note: The District School Roster provides aggregated information for each school within a district.

9.4.1 General Information

Refer to page 1 of the Content Standards Roster.

- A. Test Date The administration season and year.
- **B.** Identification Information The school and district name and code.
- **C. Subject Area** The assessed content area (science or social studies)
- D. Grade

The grade level of the assessment.

The general information is repeated on page 2 of the report.

9.4.2 Performance Level and Content Standards Information

Refer to page 1 of the Content Standards Roster.

E. Key

The ranges of scale scores for each performance level for the overall test. It also explains the symbols used to identify the performance indicators for content standard performance (Potential Relative Strength, Typical, or Potential Relative Weakness).

F. Student Information

Students are identified by last name, first name, and middle initial. Students who were indicated as home schooled, expelled, withdrew before/during testing, medical exemption, or records indicated as duplicate do not appear on this report.

G. Content Standards Performance School Summary

The percentage and number of students in a school who show Potential Relative Strength (filled circle), Typical Performance (half-filled circle), and Potential Relative Weakness (empty circle) for the reporting categories are provided for each standard. At the state level, the distribution is approximately 15%/70%/15%.

H. State, District, and School Average

For comparison purposes, the average overall scale score and content standard (reporting category) scale score are shown for the state, district, and school.

I. Overall Performance Level

The overall performance level for each student on the roster.

J. Overall Scale Score

The overall scale score for each student on the roster.

K. SEM Range

The standard error of measurement (SEM) is related to the reliability of the assessment. It can vary across the range of scale scores, especially at the very high and low ends where there typically are fewer items measuring that level of achievement. The SEM represents the range of overall scores the student would likely earn if the assessment were taken again.

L. Results for Each Content Standard (Reporting Category): Scale Score and Performance Indicator For each content standard (reporting category), the student's scale score (SS) and performance indicator (PI) of Potential Relative Strength, Typical Performance, or Potential Relative Weakness is shown.

M. Document Process Number

A number unique to each administration, found in the bottom-right corner of the report, assigned by the testing contractor.

9.4.3 Prepared Graduate Competencies (PGCs) and Grade Level Expectations (GLEs) Performance Refer to page 2 of the Content Standards Roster.

N. Student Information

Students are identified by last name, first name, and middle initial.

O. State, District, and School Average

For comparison purposes, the average percent correct is shown for the PGCs at the state, district, and school levels. If there are two or more GLEs under a PGC in an elementary or middle school report, percent correct is shown for these as well.

P. Prepared Graduate Competencies and Grade Level Expectations

PGCs and GLEs are important parts of the CAS. PGCs represent the concepts and skills students need to master in order to be college and career ready by the time of graduation. The GLEs are grade-specific expectations that indicate that students are making progress toward the PGCs.

Q. Points Possible

The number of points possible for each PGC and GLE.

R. Performance for Prepared Graduate Competencies and Grade Level Expectations

This section of the report describes performance with percent correct for PGCs and GLEs. If there is more than one GLE within a PGC on elementary and middle school reports, then this information is also provided by PGC. The PGCs and GLEs are listed in the same order using the same number references as they appear on page 2 of the Student Performance Report. The order and text for each PGC and GLE is included in **Appendix C**.

Note: Information is not provided at the GLE level on the high school report.

9.5 Sample Content Standards Roster Report – CMAS Science and Social Studies

Page 1

Roster School: S	AMPLE SCHOOL NAME (1234) AMPLE DISTRICT NAME (1234)	В									
ial Studies C	CONFIDENTIAL	L - DO NOT DIS	TRIBUTE							Gr	ade
se: This report presents each student's performance of l test, content standards, prepared graduate competer ade level expectations for your school or district.	on the locies		G	Con	itent Sta	andard	s Perfo	rmance	e Schoo	ol Sum	mary
ormance Levels Scale Score				His	story	Geog	rapny	Econ	omics	Civ	lics
eded Expectations 770-900 Expectations 701-769		# of stu % of stu	idents in school idents in school	0 0% 10	O 3 00% 0%	0 : 0% 10	O 3 0 0% 0%	0 0% 10	O 3 0 0% 0%	0 0% 10	3 0%
oached Expectations 592-700 ally Met Expectations 300-591	Overall	Overall		Co	ntent Stan	dard Scal	e Score (S	S) and Pe	i) and Performance Indi		
= Potential Relative Strength (PRS)	Performance Level	Scale Score	SEM Range	SS	PI	SS	PI	SS	PI	SS	PI
= Typical State Aw State Aw	erage:			574		593		574		578	
DENT NAME	erage:		(K)	695		652		576		673	
School Av	erage:			695		652		576		673	
STNAMEWWWWWW, FIRST NAME A.	Partially Met Expectations	437	397-477	489	•	461	0	446	0	300	0
ST, FIRST	Met Expectations	705	680-730	721	•	696	•	663	•	732	٠
STNAME, FIRSTNAME A.	Partially Met Expectations	586	561-611	635	•	534	•	569	•	597	•
ST, FIRSTNAME C.	Partially Met Expectations	549	521-577	696	•	463	0	476	•	476	0
ST, FIRST X.	Approached Expectations	666	642-690	679	•	658	•	716	•	611	•
STNAME, FIRST B.	Met Expectations	729	703-755	756	•	729	•	701	•	718	•
ST, FIRST X.	Approached Expectations	651	627-675	702	•	657	•	626	•	609	•
STNAME, FIRST B.	Partially Met Expectations	504	472-536	458	0	527	•	438	0	564	•
STNAMEWWWWWW, FIRSTWWABCDWWWW B.	Partially Met Expectations	491	458-524	610	•	368	0	443	0	451	0
STNAME, FIRST B.	Approached Expextations	615	591-639	663	•	577	•	563	•	656	•
STNAME, FIRST B.	Partially Met Expectations	565	539-591	586	•	574	•	464	•	564	•
STNAME, FIRST B.	Approached Expextations	628	604-652	558	•	694	•	593	•	687	•
STNAME, FIRST B.	Partially Met Expectations	471	436-506	540	•	503	•	492	•	332	0

Page 2

Standards Roster	School: SAMPLE SC District: SAMPLE DIS	HOOL NAME (1 TRICT NAME (1	234) 1234)						
Social Studies		CONFIDE	ENTIAL - DO NOT	DISTRIBUTE					Grade
Purpose: This report presents each stude	nt's performance on t P	Prepared	Graduate C	omnetencies	(PGC) and	Grade Level	Expectation	ns (GLE) Per	formance
prepared graduate competencies and grade level expectations for your school or district. Percent correct for each GLE is presented. If there is more than one GLE within a PGC, then percent correct		His	tory	Geog	raphy	Ecc	ics	Civ	/ics
by PGC is also provided.					Points F	ossible			
		8	12	8-10	8-10	8	8	8-9	9
		PGC1 GLE1	PGC2 GLE2	PGC1 GLE1	PGC2 GLE2	PGC1 GLE1	PGC2 GLE2	PGC1 GLE1	PGC2 GLE2
	State Average Form A:	50%	46%	49%	52%	49%	49%	47%	55%
	District Average Form A:	75%	72%	61%	50%	38%	50%	35%	74%
	School Average Form A:	75%	72%	61%	50%	38%	50%	35%	74%
STUDENT NAME	State Average Form B:	46%	52%	45%	54%	50%	44%	43%	45%
ALASTNAMEWWWWWW, FIRST NAME A.	State Average Form C.	13%	25%	22%	33%	25%	13%	22%	0%
BLAST, FIRST		63%	83%	78%	56%	63%	50%	78%	78%
CLASTNAME, FIRSTNAME A.		63%	42%	22%	44%	38%	25%	11%	89%
DLAST, FIRSTNAME C.		88%	58%	11%	33%	13%	50%	33%	22%
ELAST, FIRST X.		75%	58%	67%	56%	63%	88%	56%	67%
FLASTNAME, FIRST B.		75%	92%	67%	78%	75%	63%	67%	78%
NLAST, FIRST X.		75%	67%	89%	44%	63%	38%	67%	44%
OLASTNAME, FIRST B.		25%	17%	56%	22%	0%	38%	44%	44%
PLASTNAMEWWWWWW, FIRSTWWABCD	DWWWW B.	75%	25%	22%	11%	0%	38%	33%	22%
RLASTNAME, FIRST B.		88%	50%	22%	56%	38%	50%	67%	67%
1 SLASTNAME, FIRST B.		38%	42%	44%	44%	25%	38%	44%	44%
2 WLASTNAME, FIRST B.		50%	17%	67%	67%	25%	63%	44%	78%
3 XLASTNAME, FIRST B.		38%	42%	22%	33%	13%	50%	22%	0%
ote: Students without scores are not included in summ	ary calculations. For PGC and GLE p	ercent correct, stu	dents taking differe	nt forms should no	t be compared to e	ach other.			

9.6 Description of Content Standards Roster Report – CoAlt Science and Social Studies

The CoAlt Science and Social Studies Content Standards Roster Report is available for each grade and subject assessed at each school. It lists every student who should have tested in the school. Score information is only included for students with valid scores (i.e., not invalidated or suppressed). This report provides the overall and standards-level data for each student. A sample CoAlt Science and Social Studies Content Standards Roster Report is included in Section 9.7.

Note: The District School Roster provides this information for each school within a district.

9.6.1 General Information

Refer to page 1 of the Content Standards Roster.

A. Test Date

The administration season and year.

B. Identification Information

The school and district name and code.

C. Subject Area

The subject area of the report (either science or social studies).

D. Grade

The grade level of the assessment.

9.6.2 Performance Level and Content Standards Information

Refer to page 1 of the Content Standards Roster.

E. Key

The ranges of scale scores for each performance level for the overall test.

F. Student Information

Students are identified by last name, first name, and middle initial. Students who were indicated as home schooled, expelled, withdrew before/during testing, medical exemption, or records indicated as duplicate do not appear on this report.

G. Overall Performance Level

The overall performance level for each student on the roster.

H. State, District, and School Average Scale Score

The average scale score for the state, district, and school followed by the scale score for each student. Students with an Inconclusive designation do not have a scale score.

I. Points Possible

The number of points possible for each content standard.

J. Percent of Points Earned

Describes performance with percentage of points earned by content standard. The average percentage of points earned for the state, district, and school are followed by the percentage of points earned by each student. These fields are blank for students with an Inconclusive designation.

K. Document Process Number

A number unique to each administration, found in the bottom-right corner of the report, assigned by the testing contractor.

9.7 Sample Content Standards Roster Report – CoAlt Science and Social Studies

Content Standards	Colorado A	Alternate Ass	essment	t		A Spring 201
Roster	School SCHOOL District: DISTRICT	NAME (9999) NAME (9999)	3			D
Science C		CONFIDENTIA	L - DO NOT DIST	RIBUTE		Grade
Purpose: This report presents each stude	nt's performance on			С	ontent Standards Pe	rformance
the overall test and content standards for	our school or district.		F	Physical Science	Life Science	Earth Systems Science
			-	•	Points Possible	9
Performance Level Scale Score Ranges			-	12	30	30
Advanced 184 - 250			Overall		Percent of Points	Earned
At Target 160 - 183		State Average:	162	80%	85%	83%
Emerging 0 - 134		District Average:	143	69%	78%	77%
	_	School Average:	159	79%	80%	82%
STUDENT NAME	G	Overall Performance Level				
1 ALASTNAME, FIRSTNAME A.		At Target	175	67%	100%	97%
2 BLAST, FIRST		Advanced	200	93%	97%	100%
3 BBLAST, FIRST		Emerging	127	75%	47%	64%
4 BDLAST, FIRST		Approaching Target	129	79%	63%	56%
5 CLASTNAME, FIRST E.		At Target	165	82%	93%	92%
te: Students without scores are not included in summ	ary calculations.					
			Page 1		K mmdd	ссуу-Z9999999-9999-9999-99999
This report is NOT fo	public review. Distribution wit	hin your school/district n	nust be in accord	lance with state and feo	acy laws, and local school	board policy.

Appendix A Scale Score Ranges

CMAS Mathematics Overall Scale Score Ranges

Grade	Does Not Yet Meet	Partially Met Expectations	Approached Expectations	Met Expectations	Exceeded Expectations
Lever/Content	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Grade 3				750-789	790-850
Grade 4				750-795	796-850
Grade 5				750-789	790-850
Grade 6				750-787	788-850
Grade 7	650,600	700 724	725 740	750-785	786-850
Grade 8	650-099	700-724	725-749	750-800	801-850
Algebra I				750-804	805-850
Geometry				750-782	783-850
Integrated I]			750-798	799-850
Integrated II				750-784	785-850

CMAS English Language Arts Overall Scale Score Ranges

Grade Level	Does Not Yet Meet	Partially Met Expectations	Approached Expectations	Met Expectations	Exceeded Expectations
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Grade 3				750-809	810-850
Grade 4				750-789	790-850
Grade 5		700 724	725 740	750-798	799-850
Grade 6	050-099	700-724 725-749 750-789	750-789	790-850	
Grade 7				750-784	785-850
Grade 8				750-793	794-850

Colorado Spanish Language Arts Overall Scale Score Ranges

Grade Level	Does Not Yet Meet	Partially Met Expectations	Approached Expectations	Met Expectations	Exceeded Expectations
Grade 3		700 724	725 740	750-778	779-850
Grade 4	e 4 650-699 700-724		725-749	750-771	772-850

CMAS Science Overall Scale Score Ranges

Grade Level	Partially Met Expectations	Approached Expectations	Met Expectations	Exceeded Expectations
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Grade 5	300-545	546-649	650-770	771-900
Grade 8	300-555	556-651	652-784	785-900
High School	300-542	543-672	673-773	774-900

CMAS Science 2018 Content Standards Performance Indicator Ranges*

Grade Level	Physical Science	Life Science	Earth Systems Science	Scientific Inquiry and Nature of Science
Grade 5	477-721	481-719	480-717	478-717
Grade 8	445-714	443-715	443-712	445-713
High School	452-711	463-708	461-709	457-709

CMAS Social Studies Overall Scale Score Ranges

Grade Level	Partially Met Expectations	Approached Expectations	Met Expectations	Exceeded Expectations
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Grade 4	300-556	557-698	699-792	793-900
Grade 7	300-591	592-700	701-769	770-900

CMAS Social Studies 2018 Content Standards Performance Indicator Ranges*

Grade Level	History	Geography	Economics	Civics
Grade 4	459-739	479-740	475-738	450-739
Grade 7	454-715	443-716	436-718	434-717

*At the content standards level there are performance indicators based on the overall state performance. These levels are not for accountability use and are not set in relation to the content or the overall performance levels. The cut scores are set using one standard deviation around the mean scale score for the state. They change from year to year. Students within this range have "Typical" performance for the state. Students with scores below this range have a "Potential Relative Weakness" in this area and students above the range have a "Potential Relative Strength".

CoAlt Science Overall Scale Score Ranges

Grade Level	Emerging	Approaching Target	At Target	Advanced
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Grade 5	0-134	135-159	160-183	184-250
Grade 8	0-127	128-163	164-189	190-250
High School	0-139	140-163	164-192	193-250

CoAlt Social Studies Overall Scale Score Ranges

Grade Level	Emerging	Approaching Target	At Target	Advanced
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Grade 4	0-142	143-162	163-187	188-250
Grade 7	0-133	134-162	163-190	191-250

Appendix B Performance Level Descriptors

Grade 4 CMAS Social Studies Performance Level Descriptors

Students demonstrate mastery of social studies concepts and 21st century skills aligned to the Colorado Academic Standards (CAS) at various performance levels. The performance level descriptors are organized in a manner that assumes students demonstrating higher levels of command have mastered the concepts and skills within the lower levels. For example, a student at moderate command also masters the concepts and skills of limited command.

Students who Exceeded Expectations demonstrated distinguished command of the CAS and can typically

- analyze primary source documents and connect the various eras and events in Colorado history to events in U.S. and World History;
- use geographic tools to investigate and analyze settlement patterns, how people adapt to and modify the physical environment, and how places in Colorado have changed over time;
- analyze opportunity costs and ways to reduce financial risk to make financial decisions; and
- analyze multiple perspectives on an issue and provide solutions.

Student who Met Expectations demonstrated strong command of the CAS and can typically

- explain cause-and-effect relationships present in Colorado history using historical tools such as organizing and sequencing events and reading primary sources;
- create and investigate questions about Colorado in relation to other places and examine the connections between the physical environment and human activities such as migration;
- explain how the natural, human, and capital resources of Colorado have influenced the types of goods and services provided;
- analyze opportunity costs and risks to make financial decisions;
- compare arguments for both sides of a public policy debate; and
- explain the origins, structure, and functions of the Colorado government and its relationship with local and federal governments.

Student who Approached Expectations demonstrated moderate command of the CAS and can typically

- describe how the people and cultures who have lived in Colorado have interacted with each other and have affected the development of Colorado;
- describe how Colorado's political structure developed, including the Colorado Constitution and the relationship between state and national government;
- compare the physical geography of Colorado with that of neighboring states and describe how places in Colorado are connected by technology and the movement of goods and services;
- identify and define types of economic incentives, choices, opportunity costs, and risks that individuals face;
- connect goods and services produced throughout Colorado's history to economic incentives; and
- provide examples of civic and political issues faced by the state.

- recognize that major political and cultural groups have affected the development of Colorado;
- use maps, grids, and other geographic tools to answer questions about Colorado;
- describe various technological developments, including those that affect Colorado industries;
- identify goods and services produced in Colorado; and
- identify the structure and functions of the Colorado government and the services it provides.

Grade 7 CMAS Social Studies Performance Level Descriptors

Students demonstrate mastery of social studies concepts and 21st century skills aligned to the Colorado Academic Standards (CAS) at various performance levels. The performance level descriptors are organized in a manner that assumes students demonstrating higher levels of command have mastered the concepts and skills within the lower levels. For example, a student at moderate command also masters the concepts and skills of limited command.

Students who Exceeded Expectations demonstrated distinguished command of the CAS and can typically

- analyze historical sources while formulating historical questions and defending a thesis;
- use geographic tools to investigate and analyze data to make inferences and predictions regarding regional issues and perspectives in the Eastern Hemisphere;
- demonstrate how supply and demand influence changes in equilibrium price and quantity;
- evaluate how various governments interact and investigate examples of global collaboration; and
- apply various definitions of good government to evaluate the actions of different governments.

Students who Met Expectations demonstrated strong command of the CAS and can typically

- explain the historical time periods, individuals, groups, ideas, perspectives, themes, and how people are interconnected within regions of the Eastern Hemisphere;
- summarize the development of early civilizations, including Greece, Rome, China, Africa, and the medieval world;
- describe how the physical environment influences economy, culture, and trade patterns;
- explain how resources, production, choices, supply, demand, price, profit, and taxes are related;
- analyze how national and international government policies influence the global community; and
- compare the rights, roles, and responsibilities of citizens in various governments.

Students who Approached Expectations demonstrated moderate command of the CAS and can typically

- describe the contributions of various peoples and cultures in the Eastern Hemisphere;
- compare different physical systems and cultural patterns to describe how different regions and places are interconnected;
- examine multiple points of view and issues in various regions in the Eastern Hemisphere;
- recognize how supply and demand influence price, profit, and production in a market economy;
- compare how taxes affect individual income and spending;
- compare different forms of government in the world and their sources of authority; and
- explain the rights and roles of citizens in various governments.

- recognize the contributions of various peoples and cultures to the Eastern Hemisphere;
- use geographic tools to answer questions and identify patterns in the Eastern Hemisphere;
- identify factors that cause changes in supply, demand, and price;
- define resources and identify trade patterns based on the distribution of resources; and
- list the responsibilities and roles of citizens in various governments.

Grade 5 CMAS Science Performance Level Descriptors

Students demonstrate mastery of science concepts and 21st century skills aligned to the Colorado Academic Standards (CAS) at various performance levels. The performance level descriptors are organized in a manner that assumes students demonstrating higher levels of command have mastered the concepts and skills within the lower levels. For example, a student at moderate command also masters the concepts and skills of limited command.

Students who Exceeded Expectations demonstrated distinguished command of the CAS and can typically

- evaluate and provide feedback on scientific evidence and reasoning about the separation of mixtures and how separation affects the total weight/mass;
- develop hypotheses about why similarities and differences exist between the body systems and parts of humans, plants, and animals;
- evaluate scientific claims about natural resources, in terms of reasonability and validity; and
- assess and provide feedback, through reasoning based on evidence, on scientific explanations about weather and factors that change Earth's surface.

Students who Met Expectations demonstrated strong command of the CAS and can typically

- explain why certain procedures that are used to separate simple mixtures work and discuss any unexpected results;
- evaluate evidence and models of the structure and functions of human, plant, and animal organs and organ systems;
- investigate and generate evidence that human systems are interdependent;
- analyze and interpret data to explore concerns associated with natural resources; and
- formulate testable questions and scientific explanations around weather and factors that change Earth's surface.

Students who Approached Expectations demonstrated moderate command of the CAS and can typically

- discuss how the mass/weight of a mixture is a sum of its parts and design a procedure to separate simple mixtures based on physical properties;
- create models of human, plant, and animal organ systems, and compare and contrast similarities and differences between the organisms;
- explore and describe the origins and usage of natural resources in Colorado; and
- interpret data about Earth, including weather and changes to Earth's surface.

- select appropriate tools and follow procedures to separate simple mixtures;
- identify how humans, plants, and animals address basic survival needs;
- identify the functions of human body systems;
- distinguish between renewable and nonrenewable resources; and
- use appropriate tools and resources to gather data regarding weather conditions and Earth processes.

Grade 8 CMAS Science Performance Level Descriptors

Students demonstrate mastery of science concepts and 21st century skills aligned to the Colorado Academic Standards (CAS) at various performance levels. The performance level descriptors are organized in a manner that assumes students demonstrating higher levels of command have mastered the concepts and skills within the lower levels. For example, a student at moderate command also masters the concepts and skills of limited command.

Students who Exceeded Expectations demonstrated distinguished command of the CAS and can typically

- design an investigation to predict the movement of an object by examining the forces applied to it;
- use models to predict amounts of energy transferred;
- analyze data and models to support claims about genetic reproduction and traits of individuals;
- use observations and models to develop and communicate a weather prediction; and
- evaluate scientific theories and investigations that explain how the solar system was formed.

Students who Met Expectations demonstrated strong command of the CAS and can typically

- use mathematical expressions and appropriate information from sources to describe the movement of an object;
- analyze different forms of energy and energy transfer using tools;
- construct an experiment to show mass is conserved;
- investigate the characteristics and behaviors of waves using models, technology, and basic rules of waves;
- analyze human impact on local ecosystems;
- use mathematics to predict the physical traits and genetic makeup of offspring; and
- relate tides, eclipses, lunar phases, and seasons to the motion and positions of the Sun, Earth, and the Moon, using the basic rules of the solar system.

Students who Approached Expectations demonstrated moderate command of the CAS and can typically

- analyze speed and acceleration of moving objects;
- describe different forms of energy and energy transfer;
- use a variety of sources, including popular media and peer-generated explanations, to investigate and describe an environmental issue;
- analyze data and historical research for various weather conditions and compare to historical data for that date and location; and
- investigate and ask testable questions about Earth's different climates using various techniques.

- distinguish between physical and chemical changes;
- recognize the relationship between pitch and frequency in sound;
- identify human activities that alter the ecosystem;
- recognize that genetic information is passed from one generation to the next;
- compare basic and severe weather conditions and develop an action plan for safety; and
- use tools and simulations to explore the solar system.

High School CMAS Science Performance Level Descriptors

Students demonstrate mastery of science concepts and 21st century skills aligned to the Colorado Academic Standards (CAS) at various performance levels. The performance level descriptors are organized in a manner that assumes students demonstrating higher levels of command have mastered the concepts and skills within the lower levels. For example, a student at moderate command also masters the concepts and skills of limited command.

Students who Exceeded Expectations demonstrated distinguished command of the CAS and can typically

- justify and predict the effects of force and mass on an object's motion, discuss conflicting results, and identify force pairs in interacting objects;
- using historical models, justify an evidence-based explanation for the current model of the atom and predict the amount of product formed in a nuclear or chemical reaction;
- justify an evidence-based explanation that demonstrates how ecosystems follow the laws of conservation of matter and energy;
- use evidence to develop a logical argument explaining how specialized tissues are formed, cloning occurs, and how environmental toxins cause genetic mutations;
- explain how genetic changes over time are the result of interactions within populations, heritability, genetic variation, and differential survival and reproduction;
- use data to analyze how forces and energies beyond Earth's have influenced the history of the universe and provide feedback on the validity of alternative explanations;
- analyze evidence to answer questions regarding changes to Earth, including those that result in shifts in climate and natural hazards; and
- predict impacts of resource exploration, development, and consumption and design a plan to reduce resource use.

Students who Met Expectations demonstrated strong command of the CAS and can typically

- explain how force and mass affect the acceleration of an object;
- identify reactants, predict products, and balance equations in chemical and nuclear reactions;
- analyze evidence to describe energy transformations and conservation;
- evaluate scenarios regarding human population growth and sustainability;
- differentiate between conditions for optimal enzyme and photosynthetic activity;
- model and describe how homeostasis is maintained in cells, organs, and organisms;
- analyze how organisms use passive and active transport;
- explain the processes of DNA replication, transcription, translation, and gene regulation;
- model relationships among organisms demonstrating common ancestry;
- infer the history of the universe, solar system, and Earth using evidence from past events;
- explain the historical development of the theory of plate tectonics; and
- use data to evaluate impacts of resource exploration, development, and consumption, and draw conclusions about sustainable use.

Students who Approached Expectations demonstrated moderate command of the CAS and can typically

- use evidence to demonstrate how mass and distance affect the force of gravity between objects;
- develop models of atoms, molecules, elements, compounds, pure substances, and mixtures and identify the types of bonds that occur in molecules and compounds;
- use data to measure and compare energy transformations and efficiency;
- model how carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, and water cycle in an ecosystem;
- recognize the importance of keystone and non-native species in an ecosystem;
- identify the relationship between photosynthesis, cellular respiration, and energy;

- differentiate between and give examples of passive and active transport;
- explain the relationship between genes and proteins and provide examples of how mutations can affect organisms;
- describe how changes in genetic traits lead to population adaptations;
- explain how external forces and energies influence Earth;
- recognize the interactions within Earth's geosphere, atmosphere, hydrosphere, and biosphere, including those that result in shifts in climate and natural hazards; and
- compare and contrast the costs and benefits of using resources provided by Earth and the Sun.

- use Newton's laws to describe the relationship among forces, masses, and the motion of objects;
- identify the properties of matter and understand that mass and energy are conserved;
- investigate energy transformations and the conservation of energy;
- describe how energy flows through trophic levels;
- identify primary and secondary succession in an ecosystem;
- identify biomolecules, their building blocks, and their functions;
- interpret data to identify transport mechanisms;
- recognize that DNA controls traits;
- identify how genetic traits can be passed down through generations;
- use media and technology to investigate the universe, solar system, and Earth;
- use data to describe the theory of plate tectonics; and
- identify how factors interact to determine climate.

Grade 4 CoAlt Social Studies Performance Level Descriptors

Students demonstrate social studies concepts and skills aligned to the Grade Level Expectations and Extended Evidence Outcomes contained in the Colorado Academic Standards.

With appropriate support, Advanced students can typically:

- Identify historical eras, groups (e.g., miners, settlers and farmers), ideas, and themes in Colorado history
- Identify the cause and effect of growth in Colorado during various key events in U.S. history
- Integrate historical knowledge with geographical skills
- Recognize that particular dwellings, tools, and modes of transportation are specific to certain geographic areas and cultures in Colorado's history
- Identify regions and activities of Colorado based on specific physical features and label a map
- Identify choice and opportunity cost and compare the difference between the two
- Identify a specific perspective on an issue
- Identify the origins and structures of government

With appropriate support, At Target students can typically:

- Sequence Colorado historical events
- Identify the locations of specific activities or events in Colorado's history
- Identify specific factors that affected the growth of Colorado
- Match tools, modes of transportation, and products to natural resources or locations in Colorado
- Label a map using given map symbols
- Identify ways in which Colorado communities and markets were (and are) connected
- Identify the approximate value of goods
- Identify the functions of different levels of government
- Identify how people respond to positive and negative consequences

With appropriate support, Approaching Target students can typically:

- Match historical Colorado cultures with related artifacts, modes of transportation, and resources
- Match physical, natural, and geographic features on a map to their appropriate symbols
- Identify types of goods, services and resources native to Colorado
- Recognize that items vary in their value
- Recognize that there are different levels of governance

With appropriate support, Emerging students can typically:

- Identify artifacts (e.g., tools, housing, modes of transportation, and clothing) related to Colorado history
- Identify features on a map of Colorado
- Recognize that items have value
- Recognize emergency situations and appropriate responses that affect members of the Colorado community
- Recognize that there are laws and rules

Grade 7 CoAlt Social Studies Performance Level Descriptors

Students demonstrate social studies concepts and skills aligned to the Grade Level Expectations and Extended Evidence Outcomes contained in the Colorado Academic Standards.

With appropriate support, Advanced students can typically:

- Determine appropriate questions to ask in order to learn about specific historical events
- Compare information from multiple sources related to a significant historical event
- Identify the best source of information regarding a historical event and use a historical event to match a source with a particular perspective
- Match natural resources with ancient communities and their dwellings
- Use a map to determine where to go for a specific purpose and to determine the direction in which to travel from one point to another
- Estimate the total purchase price of an item with sales tax included
- Recognize how supply and demand can affect price
- Recognize rights and responsibilities of citizens

With appropriate support, At Target students can typically:

- Match artifacts with their ancient culture or location within the Eastern Hemisphere
- Select the appropriate source of information to answer questions surrounding historical events
- Recognize that sources have different purposes
- Use map symbols and directionality words to locate places on a map
- Recognize that communities were built near natural resources
- Identify the environmental resources that influenced settlement in the Eastern Hemisphere
- Recognize that the total purchase price of an item will increase because of sales tax
- Identify community needs or services that are paid for by taxes
- Differentiate between laws and rules
- Identify the positive and negative consequences of obeying laws and rules

With appropriate support, Approaching Target students can typically:

- Recognize significant artifacts related to ancient civilizations of the Eastern Hemisphere
- Select the appropriate source of information to answer social studies questions
- Identify the appropriate questions to ask in order to learn more about an event or era
- Use symbols to identify a location on a map
- Identify reasons goods and services might go on sale
- Identify ways in which countries and nations resolve differences
- Recognize local laws, state laws, and federal laws and identify examples of following these laws/rules

With appropriate support, Emerging students can typically:

- Recognize artifacts
- Identify part(s) of a map (e.g., title, key, compass rose, scale)
- Recognize there are different types of informational resources
- Recognize that areas have different natural resources
- Recognize that many items have a sales tax
- Recognize that all countries have laws

Grade 5 CoAlt Science Performance Level Descriptors

Students demonstrate science concepts and skills aligned to the Grade Level Expectations and Extended Evidence Outcomes contained in the Colorado Academic Standards.

With appropriate support, Advanced students can typically:

- Demonstrate that the weight of a mixture is the same before and after separation
- Distinguish between healthy choices and unhealthy choices for the human body
- Compare and contrast characteristics between groups of plants and groups of animals
- Sort animals by observable characteristics
- Identify ways to conserve resources
- Identify landforms that are created by Earth's forces
- Identify forms of precipitation by physical characteristics

With appropriate support, At Target students can typically:

- Determine the weight of an individual component of a mixture after separation
- Identify the function of the internal organs of the human body
- Recognize a relationship between healthy choices and a healthy body
- Understand how plants and animals get the food they need to survive
- Compare the physical characteristics of plants to plants and animals to animals
- Distinguish between renewable and nonrenewable resources
- Identify forces that create common landforms
- Use weather condition symbols to recognize different types of weather based on observable characteristics

With appropriate support, Approaching Target students can typically:

- Identify physical properties of matter
- Select appropriate tools to separate simple mixtures based on physical properties
- Separate simple mixtures based on physical properties
- Identify the functions of the sensory organs, stomach, lungs, and heart
- List ways to maintain a healthy body
- List observable characteristics of animals
- Match animals to animals and plants to plants based on similar physical characteristics
- List basic survival needs for plants and animals
- List Earth's resources
- Identify a source of energy as renewable or nonrenewable
- Label basic landforms of Earth
- Compare forms of precipitation

With appropriate support, Emerging students can typically:

- Recognize physical properties of matter
- Identify observable parts of the human body
- Recognize basic survival needs for plants and animals
- Identify basic Earth resources
- Recognize basic landforms of Earth
- Identify common forms of precipitation (e.g., rain and snow)
- Recognize sources of daily/weekly weather information

Grade 8 CoAlt Science Performance Level Descriptors

Students demonstrate science concepts and skills aligned to the Grade Level Expectations and Extended Evidence Outcomes contained in the Colorado Academic Standards.

With appropriate support, Advanced students can typically:

- Match an object to itself before and after a physical or chemical change
- Compare and contrast different water or sound waves using wave characteristics
- Determine if different materials can absorb, reflect, or refract light
- Predict the effect of a human activity on a local ecosystem
- Identify why the appearances of the Sun and the moon change in the sky, including phases of the moon and eclipses

With appropriate support, At Target students can typically:

- Determine an object's directionality and compare the speeds of moving objects
- Determine sources for light and heat
- Determine if an object has undergone a physical or chemical change
- Identify sources of waves
- Identify human activities that have an effect on local ecosystems
- Identify traits that are passed down from parent to child
- Compare safe and unsafe practices during severe weather conditions
- Use models and simulations to explore the motions of Earth, the moon, and the Sun

With appropriate support, Approaching Target students can typically:

- Recognize that the speed and direction of a force can change moving objects
- Compare different forms of energy
- Label chemical and physical changes
- Label different types of waves
- Recognize the effect of human activity on the local ecosystem
- Identify similarities and differences in parents and children
- Identify severe weather conditions and follow a simple action plan for severe weather
- Recognize facts and fiction in regard to space exploration

With appropriate support, Emerging students can typically:

- Identify objects changing speed while moving
- Recognize that heat, light, and electricity are forms of energy
- Identify different types of waves
- Recognize stages of human aging
- Recognize different weather conditions
- Identify different climates
- Identify scientific tools related to weather and space exploration
- Acknowledge that celestial objects have patterns of movement

High School CoAlt Science Performance Level Descriptors

Students demonstrate science concepts and skills aligned to the Grade Level Expectations and Extended Evidence Outcomes contained in the Colorado Academic Standards.

With appropriate support, Advanced students can typically:

- Predict the direction or relative speed of an object as a result of an unbalanced force
- Group items based on physical properties
- Identify products in a chemical reaction
- Determine types of energy associated with common objects
- Compare characteristics of different types of animals
- Recognize how cells group together and how body systems work together
- Recognize how organism populations have adapted to change
- Identify the factors that affect climate

With appropriate support, At Target students can typically:

- Compare objects and the forces required to move them
- Identify item characteristics as physical or chemical
- Compare elements and compounds
- Identify the chemical reaction in an object that causes an observable change
- Identify an element present in a compound
- Distinguish between different types of energy transformations
- Compare positive and negative effects of human activities on ecosystems
- Compare healthy and unhealthy lifestyle choices
- Distinguish between inherited traits and learned behaviors
- Recognize how the earth has changed over time

With appropriate support, Approaching Target students can typically:

- Identify the fastest object in a group
- Use ratios to determine a type of physical change in a mixture
- Identify chemical reactions in household items and common organisms
- Identify sources of energy
- Identify similarities and differences in parents and children
- List basic needs for space travel
- Identify severe weather conditions and follow a simple action plan for severe weather

With appropriate support, Emerging students can typically:

- Understand that force is required to move
- Identify the result of a chemical reaction
- Identify parts of plant and animal cells
- Recognize how ecosystems are affected by human activities
- Identify different climates
- Match scientific tools to their use in weather and space exploration

About ELA and CSLA Performance Level Descriptors

Performance	Level of Text Complexity ¹	Paper of Accuracy ²	Quality of Evidence ³	
Level		Kange of Accuracy	Grade 3	Grades 4-8
	Very Complex	Mostly Accurate	Explicit	Explicit & Inferential
5	Moderately Complex	Mostly Accurate	Explicit	Explicit & Inferential
	Readily Accessible	Accurate	Explicit	Explicit & Inferential
	Very Complex	Generally Accurate	Explicit	Explicit & Inferential
4	Moderately Complex	Generally Accurate	Explicit	Explicit & Inferential
	Readily Accessible	Mostly Accurate	Explicit	Explicit & Inferential
	Very Complex	Minimally Accurate	Explicit	Explicit & Inferential
3	Moderately Complex	Generally Accurate	Explicit	Explicit & Inferential
	Readily Accessible	Mostly Accurate	Explicit	Explicit & Inferential
	Very Complex	Inaccurate	Explicit	Explicit & Inferential
2	Moderately Complex	Minimally Accurate	Explicit	Explicit & Inferential
	Readily Accessible	Partially Accurate	Explicit	Explicit & Inferential

1. Text Complexity

The complexity framework reflects the importance of text complexity as it relates to the CCSS, which indicates that 50 percent of an item's complexity is linked to the complexity of the text(s) used as the stimulus for that item. Consequently, to determine students' performance levels, it is critical to identify the pattern of responses when students respond to items linked to passages with distinct text complexities. To this end, a clear and consistent model was developed to define text complexity and has determined to use three text complexity levels: readily accessible, moderately complex, or very complex. For more information on text complexity, refer to the CCSS Appendix A (http://www.corestandards.org/ELA-Literacy) and Appendix B (http://www.corestandards.org/ELA-Literacy).

Two components are used for determining text complexity for **all** passages:

- Two quantitative text complexity measures (Reading Maturity Metric and Lexile) will be used to analyze all reading passages to determine **an initial** recommendation for placement of a text into a grade band and subsequently a grade level.
- Text Analysis Worksheets (<u>https://parcc-assessment.org/ela-literacy</u>), one for informational text and one for literary text, are then used to determine qualitative measures. Trained evaluators use these worksheets to determine a recommendation for qualitative text complexity within the grade level, with each text defined as readily accessible, moderately complex, or very complex.

For multimedia texts, qualitative judgments from one or both of the "optional" categories in the Complexity Analysis Worksheet will be combined with judgments in the other categories to make a holistic determination of the complexity of the material.

2. Range of Accuracy

There are three types of items on the assessments. For Evidence-Based Selected Response (EBSR) and Technology-Enhanced Constructed Response (TECR) items, the design is such that the items help contribute to an understanding of how accurately students comprehend text (demonstrate mastery of CCSS Reading Standards 2-10). Some of these items offer opportunities for students to receive partial credit based on the range of accuracy. For Prose-Constructed Response (PCR) items, draft scoring rubrics were developed (refer to *CMAS Test Design: Scoring Rubrics* available at <u>http://www.cde.state.co.us/assessment/cmas</u>) that include a Reading dimension to measure comprehension. Scores on the PCR items contribute to an evaluation of the degree to which a student can accurately comprehend a text. The Performance Level Descriptors (PLDs) describe five levels of accuracy at grades 3-8 that are determined using the reading data collected through EBSR, TECR, and PCR items:

Accurate – The student is able to accurately state both the general ideas expressed in the text(s) and the key and supporting details. The response is complete, and the student demonstrates full understanding.

Mostly accurate – The student is able to accurately state most of the general ideas expressed in the text(s) and the key and supporting details, but the response is incomplete or contains minor inaccuracies. The student demonstrates understanding.

Generally accurate – The student is able to accurately state the gist of the text(s) but fails to accurately state the key and supporting details in the text or to connect such details to the overarching meaning of the text(s). The student demonstrates basic understanding.

Partially accurate – The student is able to accurately state the gist of the text(s) but is unable to state some of the key or supporting details with accuracy. The student is partially able to connect the specific details of the text to the overarching meaning(s) of the text. The student demonstrates partial understanding.

Minimally accurate – The student is unable to accurately state the gist of the text(s) but is able to minimally state some of the key or supporting details with accuracy. The student does not connect the specific details of the text to the overarching meaning(s) of the text. The student demonstrates minimal understanding.

Inaccurate – The student is unable to accurately state either the gist of the text or the key and supporting details evident in the text. The student demonstrates limited understanding.

3. Quality of Evidence

All items are designed to contribute to an understanding of how students "read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it" and "cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text" (CCSS Anchor Reading Standard 1). Some items offer opportunities for students to receive partial credit based on the quality of evidence provided. Students support their comprehension with explicit and/or inferential evidence:

Explicit evidence – Students show how the explicit words and phrases (details) from the text support statements made about the meaning of the text.

Inferential evidence – Students show how inferences drawn from the text support statements made about the meaning of the text.

Grade 3 ELA and CSLA Performance Level Descriptors

Reading

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	expectations for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		assessed standards.	assessed standards.
In reading , the pattern exhibited by			
student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:
 With <u>very complex text</u>, students 			
demonstrate the ability to be	demonstrate the ability to be	demonstrate the <u>ability</u> to be	demonstrate the <u>inability</u> to ask
mostly accurate when asking	generally accurate when asking	minimally accurate when asking	or answer questions, showing
and/or answering questions,	and/or answering questions,	and/or answering questions,	limited understanding of the text
showing understanding of the	showing <u>general</u> understanding of	showing <u>minimal</u> understanding of	when referring to explicit details
text when referring to explicit	the text when referring to explicit	the text when referring to explicit	and examples in the text.
details and examples in the text.	details and examples in the text.	details and examples in the text.	• With <u>moderately complex text</u> ,
• With moderately complex text,	• With moderately complex text,	• With moderately complex text,	students demonstrate the
students demonstrate the ability	students demonstrate the ability to	students demonstrate the ability	ability to be <u>minimally accurate</u>
to be <u>mostly accurate</u> when	be <u>generally accurate</u> when asking	to be <u>generally accurate</u> when	when asking and/or answering
asking and/or answering	and/or answering questions,	asking and/or answering	questions, showing <u>minimal</u>
questions, showing	showing general understanding of	questions, showing <u>basic</u>	understanding of the text when
understanding of the text when	the text when referring to explicit	understanding of the text when	referring to explicit details and
referring to explicit details and	details and examples in the text.	referring to explicit details and	examples in the text.
examples in the text.	• With <u>readily accessible text</u> ,	examples in the text.	• With <u>readily accessible text</u> ,
• With <u>readily accessible text</u> ,	students demonstrate the ability to	• With <u>readily accessible text</u> ,	students demonstrate the
students demonstrate the ability	be <u>mostly</u> accurate when asking	students demonstrate the ability	ability to be <u>partially accurate</u>
to be <u>accurate</u> when asking	and/or answering questions,	to be <u>mostly accurate</u> when	when asking and/or answering
and/or answering questions,	showing understanding of the text	asking and/or answering	questions, showing <u>partial</u>
showing <u>full</u> understanding of the	when referring to explicit details	questions, showing	understanding of the text when
text when referring to explicit	and examples in the text.	understanding of the text when	referring to explicit details and
details and examples in the text.		referring to explicit details and	examples in the text.
		examples in the text.	

- 0 1			
Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	expectations for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		assessed standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students address the	In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the	In writing, students address the
prompts and provide effective	and provide development of ideas,	prompts and provide <u>basic</u>	prompts and provide minimal
development of ideas, including when	including when drawing evidence from	development of ideas, including when	development of ideas, including
drawing evidence from multiple	multiple sources, while in the majority of	drawing evidence from multiple	when drawing evidence from
sources, in the maiority of instances	instances demonstrating purposeful and	sources, while in the maiority of	multiple sources, while in the

Writing - Written Expression

demonstrating purposeful and	mostly controlled organization.	instances demonstrating organization	majority of instances
controlled organization.		that sometimes is controlled.	demonstrating organization that
	The student:		often is not controlled.
The student:	• Develops the topic and/or narrative	The student:	
 Provides effective development of 	elements using reasoning, details,	 Develops the topic and/or narrative 	The student:
the topic and/or narrative elements,	text- based evidence, and/or	elements using some reasoning,	 Minimal development of the
using reasoning, details, text-based	description.	details, text- based evidence, and/or	topic and/or narrative elements
evidence, and/or description.	 Develops topic and/or narrative 	description.	and is, therefore, inappropriate
• Develops topic and/or narrative	elements in a manner that is mostly	• Demonstrates some organization.	to the task and purpose.
elements in a manner that is	appropriate to the task and purpose.	 Includes some linking words and 	 Demonstrates minimal
appropriate to the task and purpose.	• Demonstrates purposeful organization	phrases, descriptive words, and/or	organization.
 Demonstrates purposeful 	that is mostly controlled and may	temporal words, limiting the clarity	 Includes minimal linking words
organization that includes an	include an introduction and/or	with which ideas are expressed.	and phrases, descriptive words,
introduction and/or conclusion.	conclusion.		and/or temporal words, limiting
 Effectively uses linking words and 	 Uses linking words and phrases, 		the clarity with which ideas are
phrases, descriptive words, and/or	descriptive words, and/or temporal		expressed.
temporal words to express ideas with	words to express ideas with clarity.		
clarity.			

Writing - Knowledge of Language and Conventions

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5	A student who achieves at Level 4	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2 partially
exceeds expectations for the	meets expectations for the assessed	approaches expectations for the assessed	meets expectations for the assessed
assessed standards.	standards.	standards.	standards.
In writing, students demonstrate	In writing, students demonstrate	In writing, students demonstrate basic	In writing, students demonstrate minimal
full command of the conventions of	command of the conventions of	command of the conventions of Standard	command of the conventions of Standard
Standard English consistent with	Standard English consistent with	English consistent with edited writing. There	English consistent with edited writing.
edited writing. There <u>may be some</u>	edited writing. There are <u>errors</u> in	are few patterns of errors in grammar and	There are <u>patterns of errors i</u> n grammar
errors in grammar and usage, but	grammar and usage that <u>may</u>	usage that <u>impede</u> understanding,	and usage that impede understanding,
overall meaning is clear.	occasionally impede understanding.	demonstrating <u>partial</u> control over language.	demonstrating minimal control over
			language.

Grade 4 ELA and CSLA Performance Level Descriptors

Reading

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	expectations for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		assessed standards.	assessed standards.
In reading, the pattern exhibited by			
student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:
 With very complex text, students 			
demonstrate the ability to be <u>mostly</u>	demonstrate the ability to be <u>generally</u>	demonstrate the ability to ask and/or	demonstrate the inability to be
accurate when asking and/or answering	<u>accurate</u> when asking and/or	answer questions with minimal	accurate when asking and/or
questions, showing understanding of	answering questions, showing general	accuracy, showing <u>minimal</u>	answering questions, showing limited
the text when referring to explicit	understanding of the text when	understanding of the text when	understanding of the text when
details and examples in the text and	referring to explicit details and	referring to explicit details and	referring to explicit details and
when explaining inferences drawn from	examples in the text <u>and when</u>	examples in the text.	examples in the text.
the text.	explaining inferences drawn from the	 With moderately complex text, 	 With moderately complex text,
 With moderately complex text, 	text.	students demonstrate the ability to	students demonstrate the ability to
students demonstrate the ability to be	 With moderately complex text, 	be <u>generally accurate</u> when asking	ask and/or answer questions with
<u>mostly accurate</u> when asking and/or	students demonstrate the ability to	and/or answering questions, showing	minimal accuracy, showing minimal
answering questions, showing	be generally accurate when asking	<u>basic</u> understanding of the text when	understanding of the text when
understanding of the text when	and/or answering questions, showing	referring to explicit details and	referring to explicit details and
referring to explicit details and	<u>general</u> understanding of the text	examples in the text.	examples in the text.
examples in the text and when	when referring to explicit details and	 With <u>readily accessible text</u>, students 	 With <u>readily accessible text</u>, students
explaining inferences drawn from the	examples in the text and when	demonstrate the ability to be <u>mostly</u>	demonstrate the ability to be <u>partially</u>
text.	explaining inferences drawn from the	<u>accurate</u> when asking and/or	<u>accurate</u> when asking and/or answering
 With <u>readily accessible text</u>, students 	text.	answering questions, showing	questions, showing <u>partial</u>
demonstrate the ability to be <u>accurate</u>	 With <u>readily accessible text</u>, students 	understanding of the text when	understanding of the text when
when asking and/or answering	demonstrate the ability to be <u>mostly</u>	referring to explicit details and	referring to explicit details and examples
questions, showing full understanding	<u>accurate</u> when asking and/or	examples in the text and when	in the text and when explaining
of the text when referring to explicit	answering questions, showing	explaining inferences drawn from the	inferences drawn from the text.
details and examples in the text and	understanding of the text when	text.	
when explaining inferences drawn from	referring to explicit details and		
the text.	examples in the text and when		
	explaining inferences drawn from the		
	text.		

Writing - Written Expression

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5 exceeds expectations for the assessed standards.	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets expectations for the assessed standards.	A student who achieves at Level 3 approaches expectations for the assessed standards.	A student who achieves at Level 2 partially meets expectations for the assessed standards.
In writing , students address the prompts and provide <u>effective</u> development of ideas, including when drawing evidence from multiple sources, in the majority of instances demonstrating <u>purposeful</u> and <u>controlled</u> organization.	In writing , students address the prompts and provide development of ideas, including when drawing evidence from multiple sources, while in the majority of instances demonstrating <u>purposeful</u> and <u>mostly controlled</u> organization.	In writing , students address the prompts and provide <u>basic</u> development of ideas, including when drawing evidence from multiple sources, while in the majority of instances demonstrating organization that <u>sometimes is controlled</u> .	In writing , students address the prompts and provide <u>minimal</u> development of ideas, including when drawing evidence from multiple sources, while in the majority of instances demonstrating organization that <u>often is not controlled</u> .
 The student: Provides effective development of the topic and/or narrative elements, using reasoning, details, text-based evidence, and/or description. Develops topic and/or narrative elements in a manner that is appropriate to the task and purpose. Demonstrates purposeful organization that includes an introduction and/or conclusion. Correctly uses linking words and phrases, descriptive words, and/or temporal words to express ideas with clarity. 	 The student: Develops the topic and/or narrative elements using reasoning, details, textbased evidence, and/or description. Develops topic and/or narrative elements in a manner that is mostly appropriate to the task and purpose. Demonstrates purposeful organization that is mostly controlled and may include an introduction and/or conclusion. Uses linking words and phrases, descriptive words, and/or temporal words to express ideas with clarity. 	 The student: Develops topic and/or narrative elements in manner that is general in its appropriateness to the task and purpose. Demonstrates some organization. Includes some linking words and phrases, descriptive words, and/or temporal words, limiting the clarity with which ideas are expressed. 	 The student: Provides minimal development of the topic and/or narrative elements and is, therefore, inappropriate to the task and purpose. Demonstrates minimal organization. Includes minimal linking words and phrases, descriptive words, and/or temporal words, limiting the clarity with which ideas are expressed.

Writing - Knowledge of Language and Conventions

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	expectations for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the assessed	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students demonstrate full	In writing, students demonstrate command	In writing, students demonstrate basic	In writing, students demonstrate
command of the conventions of Standard	of the conventions of Standard English	command of the conventions of Standard	minimal command of the conventions of
English consistent with edited writing.	consistent with edited writing. There are	English consistent with edited writing.	Standard English consistent with edited
There may be some errors in grammar	errors in grammar and usage that may	There are <u>few patterns of errors</u> in	writing. There are <u>patterns of errors</u> in
and usage, but overall meaning is clear.	occasionally impede understanding.	grammar and usage that impede	grammar and usage that impede
		understanding, demonstrating partial	understanding, demonstrating minimal
		control over language.	control over language.

Grade 5 ELA Performance Level Descriptors

Reading

A student who achieves at Level 5 A student			
exceeds expectations for the assessed expectations standards.	t who achieves at Level 4 meets ions for the assessed standards.	A student who achieves at Level 3 approaches expectations for the assessed standards.	A student who achieves at Level 2 partially meets expectations for the assessed standards.
 In reading, the pattern exhibited by student responses indicates: With very complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be mostly accurate when quoting or referencing, showing understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text. With moderately complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be mostly accurate when quoting or referencing, showing understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text. With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to be accurate when quoting or referencing, showing inferences drawn from the text. With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to be accurate when quoting or referencing, showing full understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text. With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to be accurate when quoting or referencing, showing full understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text. 	g, the pattern exhibited by esponses indicates: <u>very complex text</u> , students onstrate the ability to be <u>rally accurate</u> when quoting or encing, showing <u>general</u> erstanding of the text when ring to explicit details and hples in the text and when aining inferences drawn from the <u>moderately complex text</u> , ents demonstrate the ability to <u>enerally accurate</u> when quoting ferencing, showing <u>general</u> erstanding of the text when ring to explicit details and hples in the text and when aining inferences drawn from the <u>readily accessible text</u> , students ponstrate the ability to be <u>mostly</u> rate when quoting or encing, showing understanding e text when referring to explicit ils and examples in the text and personal and apples in the text and personal accurate in the text and personal accurate in the text and and apples in the text and when and apples in the text and apples in the text and apples in the text and apples and examples in the text and apples and examples in the text and apples apples in the text and apples apples in the text and apples in the text and apples apples in the text and apples in the text and apples apples in the text and apples in the text and apples apples in the text and apples in the text and apples apples in the text and apples in the text and apples apples in the text and apples in the text and apples apples in the text and apples in the text and apples apples in the text and apples in the text and apples apples in the text and apples in the text and apples apples apples in the text and apples applies	 In reading, the pattern exhibited by student responses indicates: With very complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be minimally accurate when quoting or referencing, showing minimal understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text. With moderately complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be generally accurate when quoting or referencing, showing basic understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text. With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to be mostly accurate when quoting or referencing, showing understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text. 	 In reading, the pattern exhibited by student responses indicates: With very complex text, students demonstrate the inability to be accurate when quoting or referencing, showing limited understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text. With moderately complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be minimally accurate when quoting or referencing, showing minimal understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text. With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to be minimally accurate when quoting or referencing, showing minimal understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text. With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to be partially accurate when quoting or referencing, showing partial understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.

Writing - Written Expression

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5 exceeds	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
expectations for the assessed standards.	expectations for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the assessed	partially meets expectations for the
		standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the	In writing, students address the
and provide effective development of	and provide development of ideas,	prompts and provide <u>basic</u>	prompts and provide minimal
ideas, including when drawing evidence	including when drawing evidence from	development of ideas, including when	development of ideas, including
from multiple sources, in the majority of	multiple sources, while in the majority of	drawing evidence from multiple	when drawing evidence from
instances demonstrating purposeful and	instances demonstrating purposeful and	sources, while in the majority of	multiple sources, while in the
controlled organization.	mostly controlled organization.	instances demonstrating organization	majority of instances demonstrating
		that sometimes is controlled.	organization that often is not
The student:	The student:		<u>controlled</u> .
 Provides effective development of the 	 Develops the topic and/or 	The student:	
topic and/or narrative elements, using	narrative elements using	 Develops the topic and/or 	The student:
reasoning, details, and/or description.	reasoning, details, and/or	narrative elements minimally	 Minimal development of the
 Develops topic and/or narrative 	description.	by using some reasoning,	topic and/or narrative
elements in a manner that is	 Develops topic and/or narrative 	details, and/or description.	elements and is, therefore,
appropriate to the task, purpose,	elements in a manner that is	 Develops topic and/or narrative 	inappropriate to the task and
and audience.	mostly appropriate to the task,	elements in manner that is general	purpose.
 Demonstrates coherence, clarity, and 	purpose, and audience.	in its appropriateness to the task,	 Demonstrates minimal
cohesion and includes an introduction	 Demonstrates general 	purpose, and audience.	coherence, clarity, and
and/or conclusion.	coherence, clarity, and cohesion	 Demonstrates some 	cohesion.
 Attends to the norms and 	and may or may not include an	coherence, clarity, and	 Demonstrates minimal
conventions of the discipline.	introduction and/or conclusion.	cohesion, omitting the	awareness of the norms of the
 Effectively draws evidence from 	 Demonstrates general awareness of 	introduction or conclusion.	discipline.
literary or informational texts to	the norms and conventions of the	 Demonstrates some awareness of 	 Draws minimal evidence from
support analysis, reflection, and	discipline.	the norms of the discipline.	literary or informational texts to
research.	 Draws evidence from literary or 	 Draws partial evidence from 	support analysis, reflection, and
 Effectively uses concrete words 	informational texts to support analysis,	literary or informational texts to	research.
and phrases, sensory details,	reflection, and research.	support analysis, reflection, and	 Includes minimal descriptions,
linking and transitional words,	 Uses concrete words and phrases, 	research.	sensory details, linking and
and/or domain-specific	sensory details, linking and	 Includes some descriptions, 	transitional words, or domain-
vocabulary to clarify ideas.	transitional words, and/or domain-	sensory details, linking and	specific vocabulary, limiting
	specific vocabulary to clarify ideas.	transitional words, or domain-	the overall clarity with which
		specific vocabulary to clarify ideas.	ideas are expressed.

Writing – Knowledge of Language and Conventions

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	expectations for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the assessed	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students demonstrate full	In writing, students demonstrate command	In writing, students demonstrate basic	In writing, students demonstrate
command of the conventions of Standard	of the conventions of Standard English	command of the conventions of Standard	minimal command of the conventions of
English consistent with edited writing.	consistent with edited writing. There are	English consistent with edited writing.	Standard English consistent with edited
There may be some errors in grammar	errors in grammar and usage that may	There are few patterns of errors in	writing. There are <u>patterns of errors</u> in
and usage, but overall meaning is clear.	occasionally impede understanding.	grammar and usage that impede	grammar and usage that impede
		understanding, demonstrating partial	understanding, demonstrating minimal
		control over language.	control over language.

Grade 6 ELA Performance Level Descriptors

Reading

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level	A student who achieves at	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
5 exceeds expectations for the	Level 4 meets expectations	approaches expectations for the assessed	partially meets expectations for the
assessed standards.	for the assessed standards.	standards.	assessed standards.
In reading, the pattern exhibited by			
student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:
 With very complex text, students 			
demonstrate the ability to do mostly	demonstrate the ability to do generally	demonstrate the ability to do minimally	demonstrate the <u>inability</u> to do an
accurate analyses of the text,	<u>accurate</u> analyses of the text, showing	<u>accurate</u> analyses of the text, showing	accurate analysis of the text, showing
showing understanding of the text	<u>general</u> understanding of the text when	minimal understanding of the text	limited understanding of the text
when referring to explicit details and	referring to explicit details and	when referring to explicit details and	when referring to explicit details and
examples in the text and when			
supporting sound inferences drawn			
from the text	from the text.	from the text.	from the text.
 With moderately complex text, 			
students demonstrate the ability to	students demonstrate the ability to do	students demonstrate the ability to do	students demonstrate the ability to do
do <u>mostly accurate</u> analyses of the	generally accurate analyses of the text,	generally accurate analyses of the text,	minimally accurate analyses of the
text, showing understanding of the	showing <u>general</u> understanding of the	showing <u>basic</u> understanding of the text	text, showing <u>minimal</u> understanding
text when referring to explicit details	text when referring to explicit details	when referring to explicit details and	of the text when referring to explicit
and examples in the text and when	and examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when	details and examples in the text and
supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn	when supporting sound inferences
from the text.	from the text.	from the text.	drawn from the text.
 With <u>readily accessible text</u>, students 			
demonstrate the ability to do	demonstrate the ability to do mostly_	demonstrate the ability to do mostly	demonstrate the ability to do partially
<u>accurate</u> analyses of the text,	<u>accurate</u> analyses of the text, showing	accurate analyses of the text, showing	accurate analyses of the text, showing
showing <u>full</u> understanding of the	understanding of the text when	understanding of the text when	partial understanding of the text when
text when referring to explicit details	referring to explicit details and	referring to explicit details and examples	referring to explicit details and
and examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when	in the text and when supporting sound	examples in the text and when
supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn	inferences drawn from the text and	supporting sound inferences drawn
from the text.	from the text.	when supporting sound inferences	from the text.
		drawn from the text.	

Writing – Written Expression

who achieves at Level 4 meets ns for the assessed standards.	A student who achieves at Level 3 approaches expectations for the assessed	A student who achieves at Level 2 partially meets expectations for the assessed
ns for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the assessed	meets expectations for the assessed
		incers experiments for the assessed
	standards.	standards.
students address the prompts	In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the prompts
e development of ideas,	and provide <u>basic</u> development of ideas,	and provide minimal development of
hen drawing evidence from	including when drawing evidence from	ideas, including when drawing evidence
urces, while demonstrating	multiple sources, while generally	from multiple sources, while
clarity, and/or cohesion.	demonstrating <u>basic</u> coherence, clarity,	demonstrating minimal coherence, clarity,
t:	and/or cohesion.	and/or cohesion.
s development of the claim,	The student:	The student:
nd/or narrative elements, easoning, details, text-based ee, and/or description. os claim, topic, and/or re elements in a manner that y appropriate to the task, e, and audience. strates general coherence, and cohesion and includes an ction, conclusion, and r grouped ideas. hes and maintains a mostly e style, while attending to the and conventions of the ne. evidence from literary or stional texts to support s, reflection, and research. s mostly precise language, ng descriptive words and c, sensory details, linking and	 Provides some development of the claim, topic, and/or narrative elements, using basic reasoning, details, text-based evidence, and/or description. Develops claim, topic, and/or narrative elements in a manner that is somewhat appropriate to the task, purpose, and audience. Demonstrates some coherence, clarity, and/or cohesion, making the writer's progression of ideas somewhat unclear. Employs a style that is generally effective, with basic awareness of the norms of the discipline. Draws some evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. Includes some descriptions, sensory details, linking or transitional words, words to indicate tone, or domain-specific vocabulary. 	 Provides minimal development of the claim, topic, and/or narrative elements, using minimal reasoning, details, textbased evidence, and/or description. Minimal development of the claim, topic and/or narrative elements that is minimally appropriate to the task, purpose, and audience. Demonstrates minimal coherence, clarity, and/or cohesion, making the writer's progression of ideas unclear. Employs a minimally effective style, and minimal awareness of the norms of the discipline. Draws minimal evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. Includes minimal descriptions, sensory details, linking or transitional words, words to indicate tone, or domain-specific vocabulary.
	itrates general conerence, and cohesion and includes an ction, conclusion, and grouped ideas. hes and maintains a mostly e style, while attending to the ind conventions of the ie. vidence from literary or tional texts to support , reflection, and research. s mostly precise language, g descriptive words and , sensory details, linking and	 audience. audience. Demonstrates some coherence, clarity, and/or cohesion, making the writer's progression of ideas somewhat unclear. Employs a style that is generally effective, with basic awareness of the norms of the discipline. Draws some evidence from literary or informational texts to support , reflection, and research. Includes some descriptions, sensory details, linking or transitional words, words to indicate tone, or domain- specific vocabulary.
Writing – Knowledge of Language and Conventions

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	expectations for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the assessed	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students demonstrate full	In writing, students demonstrate command	In writing, students demonstrate basic	In writing, students demonstrate
command of the conventions of Standard	of the conventions of Standard English	command of the conventions of Standard	minimal command of the conventions of
English consistent with edited writing.	consistent with edited writing. There are	English consistent with edited writing.	Standard English consistent with edited
There may be some errors in grammar	errors in grammar and usage that may	There are few patterns of errors in	writing. There are <u>patterns of errors</u> in
and usage, but overall meaning is clear.	occasionally impede understanding.	grammar and usage that impede	grammar and usage that impede
		understanding, demonstrating partial	understanding, demonstrating minimal
		control over language.	control over language.

Reading

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2 partially
exceeds expectations for the assessed	expectations for the assessed standards	approaches expectations for the assessed	meets expectations for the assessed
standards.		standards.	standards.
In reading , the pattern exhibited by	In reading, the pattern exhibited by student	In reading , the pattern exhibited by	In reading , the pattern exhibited by
student responses indicates:	responses indicates:	student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:
• With very complex text, students	• With very complex text, students	• With very complex text, students	• With very complex text, students
demonstrate the ability to do	demonstrate the ability to do	demonstrate the ability to do	demonstrate the inability to do an
mostly accurate analyses of the	generally accurate analyses of the	minimally accurate analyses of the	accurate analysis of the text,
text, showing understanding of	text, showing general understanding	text, showing <u>minimal</u>	showing <u>limited</u> understanding of
the text when referring to explicit	of the text when referring to explicit	understanding of the text when	the text when referring to explicit
details and examples in the text	details and examples in the text and	referring to explicit details and	details and examples in the text and
and when supporting sound	when supporting sound inferences	examples in the text and when	when supporting sound inferences
inferences drawn from the text.	drawn from the text.	supporting sound inferences drawn	drawn from the text.
 With moderately complex text, 	 With moderately complex text, 	from the text.	 With moderately complex text,
students demonstrate the ability to	students demonstrate the ability to	• With moderately complex text,	students demonstrate the ability to
do <u>mostly accurate</u> analyses of the	do generally accurate analyses of the	students demonstrate the ability to	do minimally accurate analyses of
text, showing understanding of the	text, showing general understanding	do generally accurate analyses of	the text, showing minimal
text when referring to explicit details	of the text when referring to explicit	the text, showing <u>basic</u>	understanding of the text when
and examples in the text and when	details and examples in the text and	understanding of the text when	referring to explicit details and
supporting sound inferences drawn	when supporting sound inferences	referring to explicit details and	examples in the text and when
from the text.	drawn from the text.	examples in the text and when	supporting sound inferences drawn
 With <u>readily accessible text</u>, 	 With <u>readily accessible text</u>, students 	supporting sound inferences drawn	from the text.
students demonstrate the ability	demonstrate the ability to do mostly_	from the text.	 With <u>readily accessible text</u>,
to do <u>accurate</u> analyses of the	accurate analyses of the text,	 With <u>readily accessible text</u>, students 	students demonstrate the ability to
text, showing <u>full</u> understanding of	showing understanding of the text	demonstrate the ability to do <u>mostly</u>	do <u>partially accurate</u> analyses of the
the text when referring to explicit	when referring to explicit details and	<u>accurate</u> analyses of the text,	text, showing <u>partial</u> understanding
details and examples in the text	examples in the text and when	showing understanding of the text	of the text when referring to explicit
and when supporting sound	supporting sound inferences drawn	when referring to explicit details and	details and examples in the text and
inferences drawn from the text.	from the text.	examples in the text and when	when supporting sound inferences
		supporting sound inferences drawn	drawn from the text.
		from the text.	

Writing – Written Expression

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5 exceeds	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2 partially
expectations for the assessed standards.	expectations for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the	meets expectations for the assessed
		assessed standards.	standards.
In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the	In writing, students address the prompts
and provide effective development of	and provide development of ideas,	prompts and provide <u>basic</u>	and provide minimal development of ideas,
ideas, including when drawing evidence	including when drawing evidence from	development of ideas, including when	including when drawing evidence from
from multiple sources, while	multiple sources, while demonstrating	drawing evidence from multiple	multiple sources, while demonstrating
demonstrating <u>effective</u> coherence, clarity,	coherence, clarity, and/or cohesion.	sources, while generally demonstrating	minimal coherence, clarity, and/or
and/or cohesion.		<u>basic</u> coherence, clarity, and/or	cohesion.
	The student:	cohesion.	
The student:	 Provides development of the claim, 		The student:
Provides effective development of the	topic, and/or narrative elements, using	The student:	 Provides minimal development of the
claim, topic, and/or narrative elements,	reasoning, details, text-based evidence,	 Provides some development of the 	claim, topic, and/or narrative elements,
using clear reasoning, details, text-	and/or description.	claim, topic, and/or narrative	using minimal reasoning, details, text-
based evidence, and/or description.	• Develops claim, topic, and/or narrative	elements, using basic reasoning,	based evidence, and/or description.
• Develops claim, topic, and/or narrative	elements in a manner that is mostly	details, text-based evidence, and/or	 Minimal development of the claim,
elements in a manner that is	appropriate to the task, purpose, and	description.	topic and/or narrative elements that is
appropriate to the task, purpose, and	audience.	 Develops claim, topic, and/or 	minimally appropriate to the task,
audience.	 Demonstrates general coherence, 	narrative elements in a manner that	purpose, and audience.
 Demonstrates coherence, clarity, and 	clarity, and cohesion and includes an	is somewhat appropriate to the task,	 Demonstrates minimal coherence,
cohesion and includes an introduction,	introduction, conclusion, and logically	purpose, and audience.	clarity, and/or cohesion, making the
conclusion, and a logical progression of	grouped ideas.	 Demonstrates some coherence, 	writer's progression of ideas unclear.
ideas.	 Establishes and maintains a mostly 	clarity, and/or cohesion, making the	 Employs a minimally effective style, and
 Establishes and maintains an effective 	effective style, while attending to the	writer's progression of ideas	minimal awareness of the norms of the
style, while attending to the norms and	norms and conventions of the	somewhat unclear.	discipline.
conventions of the discipline.	discipline.	 Employs a style that is generally 	 Draws minimal evidence from literary
Effectively draws evidence from literary	 Draws evidence from literary or 	effective, with basic awareness of	or informational texts to support
or informational texts to support	informational texts to support analysis,	the norms of the discipline.	analysis, reflection, and research.
analysis, reflection, and research.	reflection, and research.	 Draws some evidence from literary 	 Includes minimal descriptions, sensory
 Includes precise language including 	 Includes mostly precise language, 	or informational texts to support	details, linking or transitional words,
descriptive words and phrases, sensory	including descriptive words and	analysis, reflection, and research.	words to indicate tone, or domain-
details, linking and transitional words,	phrases, sensory details, linking and	• Includes some descriptions, sensory	specific vocabulary.
words to indicate tone, and/or domain-	transitional words, words to indicate	details, linking or transitional words,	
specific vocabulary.	tone, and/or domain-specific	words to indicate tone, or domain-	
	vocabulary.	specific vocabulary.	

Writing – Knowledge of Language and Conventions

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	expectations for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the assessed	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students demonstrate full	In writing, students demonstrate command	In writing, students demonstrate basic	In writing, students demonstrate
command of the conventions of Standard	of the conventions of Standard English	command of the conventions of Standard	minimal command of the conventions of
English consistent with edited writing.	consistent with edited writing. There are	English consistent with edited writing.	Standard English consistent with edited
There may be some errors in grammar	errors in grammar and usage that may	There are few patterns of errors in	writing. There are <u>patterns of errors</u> in
and usage, but overall meaning is clear.	occasionally impede understanding.	grammar and usage that impede	grammar and usage that impede
		understanding, demonstrating partial	understanding, demonstrating minimal
		control over language.	control over language

Grade 8 ELA Performance Level Descriptors

Reading

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	expectations for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		assessed standards.	assessed standards.
In reading the pattern exhibited by	In reading the nattern exhibited by	In reading the nattern exhibited by	In reading the pattern exhibited by
student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:	student responses indicates.
• With yory complex text, students	• With very complex text, students	• With very complex text, students	• With very complex text students
• With <u>very complex text</u> , students	demonstrate the ability to de generally	domonstrate the ability to do minimally	demonstrate the inability to do an
accurate analyses of text, chawing	accurate analyses of the text, showing	accurate analyses of the text, showing	accurate analysis of the text, showing
<u>accurate</u> analyses of text, showing	accurate analyses of the text, showing	<u>accurate</u> analyses of the text, showing	limited understanding of the text
understanding of the text when	general understanding of the text when	<u>minimal</u> understanding of the text	<u>Infliced</u> understanding of the text
referring to explicit details and	referring to explicit details and	when referring to explicit details and	when referring to explicit details and
examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when
supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn
from the text.	from the text.	from the text.	from the text.
 With moderately complex text, 	 With <u>moderately complex text</u>, 	 With moderately complex text, 	 With moderately complex text,
students demonstrate the ability to do	students demonstrate the ability to do	students demonstrate the ability to do	students demonstrate the ability to do
mostly accurate analyses of the text,	generally accurate analyses of the text,	generally accurate analyses of the text,	minimally accurate analyses of the
showing understanding of the text	showing <u>general</u> understanding of the	showing <u>basic</u> understanding of the text	text, showing <u>minimal</u> understanding
when referring to explicit details and	text when referring to explicit details	when referring to explicit details and	of the text when referring to explicit
examples in the text and when	and examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when	details and examples in the text and
supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn	when supporting sound inferences
from the text.	from the text.	from the text.	drawn from the text.
• With readily accessible text, students	 With <u>readily accessible text</u>, students 	 With <u>readily accessible text</u>, students 	 With <u>readily accessible text</u>, students
demonstrate the ability to do accurate	demonstrate the ability to do mostly	demonstrate the ability to do mostly	demonstrate the ability to do partially
analyses of the text, showing full	<u>accurate</u> analyses of the text, showing	<u>accurate</u> analyses of the text, showing	accurate analyses of the text, showing
understanding of the text when	understanding of the text when	understanding of the text when	partial understanding of the text when
referring to explicit details and	referring to explicit details and	referring to explicit details and	referring to explicit details and
examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when
supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn
from the text.	from the text.	from the text.	from the text.

Writing – Written Expression

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5 exceeds	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
expectations for the assessed standards.	expectations for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the	partially meets expectations for the
		assessed standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the	In writing, students address the
and provide <u>effective</u> development of	and provide development of ideas,	prompts and provide <u>basic</u>	prompts and provide minimal
ideas, including when drawing evidence	including when drawing evidence from	development of ideas, including when	development of ideas, including when
from multiple sources, while	multiple sources, while demonstrating	drawing evidence from multiple	drawing evidence from multiple
demonstrating <u>effective</u> coherence, clarity,	coherence, clarity, and/or cohesion.	sources, while generally demonstrating	sources, while demonstrating minimal
and/or cohesion.	The student:	basic_coherence, clarity, and/or	coherence, clarity, and/or cohesion.
The student:	 Provides development of the claim, 	cohesion.	The student:
 Provides effective development of the 	topic, and/or narrative elements, using	The student:	 Provides minimal development of
claim, topic, and/or narrative elements,	reasoning, details, text-based evidence,	 Provides some development of the 	the claim, topic, and/or narrative
using clear reasoning, details, text-based	and/or description.	claim, topic, and/or narrative	elements, using minimal reasoning,
evidence, and/or description.	 Develops claim, topic, and/or narrative 	elements, using basic reasoning,	details, text-based evidence, and/or
 Develops claim, topic, and/or narrative 	elements in a manner that is mostly	details, text-based evidence, and/or	description.
elements in a manner that is appropriate	appropriate to the task, purpose, and	description.	 Minimal development of the claim,
to the task, purpose, and audience.	audience.	• Develops claim, topic, and/or	topic and/or narrative elements that
 Demonstrates coherence, clarity, and 	• Demonstrates general coherence, clarity,	narrative elements in a manner that is	is minimally appropriate to the task,
cohesion and includes an introduction,	and cohesion and includes an	somewhat appropriate to the task,	purpose, and audience.
conclusion, and a logical progression of	introduction, conclusion, and logically	purpose, and audience.	 Demonstrates minimal coherence,
ideas.	grouped ideas.	• Demonstrates some coherence,	clarity, and/or cohesion, making the
 Establishes and maintains an effective 	 Establishes and maintains a mostly 	clarity, and/or cohesion, making the	writer's progression of ideas unclear.
style, while attending to the norms and	effective style, while attending to the	writer's progression of ideas	 Employs a minimally effective style,
conventions of the discipline.	norms and conventions of the discipline.	somewhat unclear.	and minimal awareness of the norms
• Effectively draws evidence from literary	• Draws evidence from literary or	• Employs a style that is generally	of the discipline.
or informational texts to support	informational texts to support analysis,	effective, with basic awareness of the	 Draws minimal evidence from
analysis, reflection, and research.	reflection, and research.	norms of the discipline.	literary or informational texts to
 Includes precise language including 	 Includes mostly precise language, 	• Draws some evidence from literary or	support analysis, reflection, and
descriptive words and phrases, sensory	including descriptive words and phrases,	informational texts to support	research.
details, linking and transitional words,	sensory details, linking and transitional	analysis, reflection, and research.	 Includes minimal descriptions,
words to indicate tone, and/or domain-	words, words to indicate tone, and/or	• Includes some descriptions, sensory	sensory details, linking or
specific vocabulary.	domain-specific vocabulary.	details, linking or transitional words,	transitional words, words to indicate
		words to indicate tone, or domain-	tone, or domain-specific vocabulary.
		specific vocabulary.	

Writing – Knowledge of Language and Conventions

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	expectations for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		assessed standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students demonstrate full	In writing, students demonstrate	In writing, students demonstrate basic	In writing, students demonstrate
command of the conventions of	command of the conventions of Standard	command of the conventions of Standard	minimal command of the conventions
Standard English consistent with edited	English consistent with edited writing.	English consistent with edited writing.	of Standard English consistent with
writing. There may be some errors in	There are <u>errors</u> in grammar and usage	There are few patterns of errors in	edited writing. There are patterns of
grammar and usage, but overall meaning	that may occasionally impede	grammar and usage that impede	errors in grammar and usage that
is clear.	understanding.	understanding, demonstrating partial	impede understanding, demonstrating
		control over language.	minimal control over language.

Grade 3 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors

	Grade 3 Math : Sub-Claim A The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 3 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	evel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Products and Quotients 3.OA.1 3.OA .2 3.OA .4 3.OA .6 3.OA.7-1 3.OA.7-2	Understands and interprets products and quotients of whole numbers. Determines the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division problem by relating multiplication and division. Both factors are greater than 5 and less than or equal 10.	Interprets products and quotients of whole numbers. Determines the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division problem by relating multiplication and division. One factor is greater than or equal to 5.	Interprets products and quotients of whole numbers. Determines the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division problem by relating multiplication and division, with both factors less than or equal to 5, or with one factor of 10.	Determines products and quotients of whole numbers within 100. Determines the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division problem by relating multiplication and division, with both factors less than or equal to 5, or with one factor of 10.
	Represents a multiplication or division situation as an equation. Accurately multiplies and divides within 100, using strategies relating multiplication and division or properties of operations.	Accurately multiplies and divides within 100, using strategies relating multiplication and division or properties of operations.	Multiplies and divides within 100, using strategies relating multiplication and division or properties of operations.	
Multiplicatio n and Division 3.OA.3-1 3.OA.3-2 3.OA.3-3 3.OA.3-4	Uses multiplication and division within 100 to solve word problems involving equal groups, arrays, area, and measurement quantities other than area. Both factors are > 5 and < or = to 10. Identifies multiple contexts given a numerical expression involving multiplication and division.	Uses multiplication and division within 100 to solve word problems involving equal groups and arrays. One factor is > or = to 5.	Given a visual aid, uses multiplication and division within 100 to solve word problems involving equal groups and arrays , with both factors < or = to 5, or with one factor of 10.	Given a visual aid, uses multiplication and division within 100 to solve word problems involving equal groups. Both factors are < or = to 5, with both factors < or = to 5, or with one factor of 10.
Two-Step Problems 3.OA.8 3.Int.1 3.Int.2	Solves two-step unscaffolded word problems using the four operations, including rounding where appropriate , in which the unknown is in a variety of positions. Both values for each operation performed is substantial (towards the upper limits as defined by the standard assessed).	Solves two-step scaffolded word problems using the four operations in which the unknown is in a variety of positions. One of the values for each operation performed is substantial (towards the upper limits as defined by the standard assessed).	Solves two-step scaffolded word problems using the four operations and in which the sum, difference, product or quotient is always the unknown. One of the values for each operation performed is substantial (towards the upper limits as defined by the standard assessed).	Solves two-step scaffolded word problems using the four operations and in which the sum, difference, product or quotient is always the unknown.
Fraction Equivalence 3.NF.3a-1 3.NF.3a-2 3.NF.3b-1 3.NF-3c 3.NF-3d 3.NF-3d 3.NF.A.Int.1	Understands, recognizes and generates equivalent fractions with denominators of 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8. Expresses whole numbers as fractions and recognize fractions that are equivalent to whole numbers.	Understands, recognizes and generates equivalent fractions using denominators of 2, 4, and 8. Expresses whole numbers as fractions.	Given a visual model, understands, recognizes and generates equivalent fractions with denominators of 2, 4 and 8. Expresses whole numbers as fractions.	Given a visual model recognizes equivalent fractions with denominators of 2, 4 and 8. Expresses the number 1 as a fraction.

	Grade 3 Math : Sub-Claim A			
	The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 3 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practic			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	evel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets
	Compares two fractions that	Compares two fractions that	Compares two fractions that	
	have the same numerator or	have the same numerator or	have the same numerator or	
	same denominator using	same denominator using	same denominator using	
	symbols to justify conclusions.	symbols and justifies	symbols. The student must	
	Plots the location of equivalent	conclusions by using a visual	recognize that two fractions	
	fractions on a number line. The	model. The student must	must refer to the same whole	
	student must recognize that	recognize that two fractions	in order to compare.	
	two fractions must refer to the	must refer to the same whole in		
	same whole in order to	order to compare.		
	compare.			
	Given a whole number and two			
	fractions in a real-world			
	situation, plots all three			
	numbers on a number line and			
	determines which fraction is			
	closest to the whole number.			
	plastifies the comparison by			
	line.			
Fractions as	Understands 1/b is equal to one	Understands 1/b is equal to one	Understands 1/b is equal to one	Understands 1/b is equal to one
Numbers	whole partitioned into <i>b</i> equal	whole partitioned into <i>b</i> equal	whole partitioned into <i>b</i> equal	whole partitioned into <i>b</i> equal
3.NF.1	parts-limiting the denominators	parts-limiting the denominators	parts-limiting the denominators	parts–limiting the denominators
3.NF.2	to 2, 3 , 4, 6 and 8.	to 2, 4 and 8 .	to 2 and 4.	to 2 and 4.
3.NF.A.Int.1				
	Represents 1/b on a number	Represents 1/b on a number	Represents 1/b on a number	diagram when partitioned
	number line between 0-1 into h	line diagram by partitioning the	number line between 0-1 into b	between 0 and 1 into b equal
	equal parts recognizing that b is	number line between 0-1 into b	equal parts recognizing that b	parts.
	the total number of parts.	the total number of parts	is the total number of parts.	•
	Demonstrates understanding of	Demonstrates the	Represents fractions in the	
	the quantity <i>a/b</i> by marking off	understanding of the quantity	form <i>a/b</i> using a visual model.	
	d parts of 1/b from 0 on the	a/b by marking off a parts of		
	endnoint locates the number	1/ <i>b</i> from 0 on the number line.		
	a/b.			
	Applies the concepts of 1/b and			
	<i>a/b</i> in real-world situations.			
	Describes the number line that			
	best fits the context.			
Time	Tells, writes and measures time	Tells, writes and measures time	Tells, writes and measures time	Tells, writes and measures time
3.MD.1-1	to the nearest minute.	to the nearest minute.	to the nearest minute.	to the nearest minute.
3.MD.1-2			Column and stan marships - bi	
	poives two-step word problems	solves one-step word problems	poives one-step word problems	
	subtraction of time intervals in	subtraction of time intervals in	subtraction of time intervals in	
	minutes.	minutes.	minutes, with scaffolding, such	
			as a number line diagram.	
Volumes and	Using grams, kilograms or liters,	Using grams, kilograms or	Using grams, kilograms or liters,	Using grams, kilograms or liters,
Masses	measures, estimates and solves	liters, measures and estimates	measures and estimates liquid	measures liquid volumes and

	Grade 3 Math : Sub-Claim A			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets
3.MD.2-1 3.MD.2-2 3.MD.2-3 3.Int.5	multi-step word problems involving liquid volumes and masses of objects using any of the four basic operations. Number values should be towards the higher end of the acceptable values for each operation. Uses estimated measurements to compare answers to one- step word problems.	liquid volumes and masses of objects using any of the four basic operations. Uses estimated measurements, when indicated, to answer one- step word problems.	volumes and masses of objects using concrete objects (beakers, measuring cups, scales) to develop estimates.	masses of concrete objects (beakers, measuring cups, scales).
	Evaluates usefulness and accuracy of estimations.			
Geometric Measureme nt	Recognizes area as an attribute of plane figures.	Recognizes area as an attribute of plane figures.	Recognizes area as an attribute of plane figures.	Recognizes area as an attribute of plane figures.
3.MD.5 3.MD.6 3.MD.7b-1 3.MD.7d	Understands area is measured using square units. Describes a visual model to show understanding that area that can be found by covering a plane figure without gaps or overlaps by unit squares and counting them.	With a visual model, understands area is measured using square units. Determines area by covering a plane figure without gaps or overlaps by unit squares and counting them.	With a visual model, understands area is measured using square units. Determines area by covering a plane figure without gaps or overlaps by unit squares and counting them.	With a visual model, understands area is measured using square units. Determines area by counting unit squares.
	Connects counting squares to multiplication when finding area. Represents the area of a plane figure as "n" square units.	Represents the area of a plane figure as "n" square units.		

	Grade 3 Math: Sub-Claim B				
	The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 3 with connections to the Standards for				
		Mathemati	cal Practice.		
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets	
				Expectations	
Multi-Digit	Accurately adds and subtracts	Accurately adds and subtracts	Adds and subtracts within 1000,	Adds and subtracts within 1000,	
Arithmetic	within 1000 using strategies and	within 1000 using strategies and	using strategies and algorithms	using strategies and algorithms	
3.NBT.2	algorithms based on place	algorithms based on place	based on place value,	based on place value,	
3.NBT.3	value, properties of operations,	value, properties of operations,	properties of operations with	properties of operations with	
	and/or the relationship	and/or the relationship	scaffolding, and/or the	scaffolding, and/or the	
	between addition and	between addition and	relationship between addition	relationship between addition	
	subtraction.	subtraction.	and subtraction.	and subtraction.	
	Multiplies one-digit whole	Uses repeated addition to	Uses repeated addition to		
	numbers by multiples of 10 in	multiply one-digit whole	multiply one-digit whole		
	the range 10-90 using strategies	numbers by multiples of 10 in	numbers by multiples of 10 in		
	based on place value	the range 10-90 using strategies	the range 10-90 using		
		based on place value and	strategies based on place value		
		properties of operations.	and properties of operations.		

		Grade 3 Math	n: Sub-Claim B		
	The student solves problems	The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 3 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
Scaled Graphs 3.MD.3-1 3.MD.3-3 3.Int.4	Completes a scaled picture graph and a scaled bar graph to represent a data set. Solves one-and two-step "how many more" and "how many less" problems, requiring a substantial addition , subtraction or multiplication step , using information presented in scaled bar graphs.	Completes a scaled picture graph and a scaled bar graph to represent a data set. Solves one- and two-step "how many more" and "how many less" problems using information presented in scaled bar graphs.	Completes a scaled picture graph and a scaled bar graph to represent a data set, with scaffolding, such as using a model as a guide. Solves one-step "how many more" and "how many less" problems using information presented in scaled bar graphs.	Identifies a correctly scaled picture graph and a correctly scaled bar graph to represent a data set. Solves one-step "how many more" and "how many less" problems using information presented in scaled bar graphs.	
Measureme nt Data 3.MD.4	Generates measurement data by measuring lengths to the nearest half and fourth inch.	Generates measurement data by measuring lengths to the nearest half inch.	Generates measurement data by measuring lengths to the nearest half inch.	Identifies correct measurement from figures with appropriate scale provided.	
	Shows the data by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked in appropriate units of whole numbers, halves or quarters. Uses the line plot to answer	Shows the data by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked in appropriate units of whole numbers or halves.	Shows the data by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked in appropriate units of whole numbers or halves, with scaffolding.		
Understandi ng Shapes 3.G.1	Questions of solve problems. Understands the properties of quadrilaterals and the subcategories of quadrilaterals.	Understands the properties of quadrilaterals and the subcategories of quadrilaterals.	Identifies examples of quadrilaterals and the subcategories of quadrilaterals.	Identifies examples of quadrilaterals and the subcategories of quadrilaterals.	
	Recognizes and sorts examples of quadrilaterals that have shared attributes and shows that the shared attributes can define a larger category.	Recognizes examples of quadrilaterals that have shared attributes and that the shared attributes can define a larger category.	Recognizes examples of quadrilaterals that have shared attributes and that the shared attributes can define a larger category.		
	Draws examples and non- examples of quadrilaterals with specific attributes.	Draws examples of quadrilaterals with specific attributes.			
Perimeter and Area 3.G.2 3.MD.8 3.Int.3	Solves real-world and mathematical problems involving perimeters of polygons, including finding the perimeter given the side lengths, finding an unknown side length, and provides examples of rectangles with the same perimeter and different areas or with the same area and different perimeters. A substantial addition, subtraction, or multiplication	Solves mathematical problems involving perimeters of polygons, including finding the perimeter given the side lengths, finding an unknown side length, and provides examples of rectangles with the same area and different perimeters.	Solves mathematical problems involving perimeters of polygons, including finding the perimeter given the side lengths, and identifying rectangles with the same area and different perimeters.	Solves mathematical problems involving perimeters of polygons, including finding the perimeter given the side lengths.	
	step with number values towards the higher end of the				

Grade 3 Math: Sub-Claim B The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 3 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
acceptable values for each operation			
Partitions shapes into parts with equal areas and expresses the area as a unit fraction of the whole.			

	Grade 3 Math: Sub-Claim C			
	In connection with content, the	student expresses Grade 3 appro	priate mathematical reasoning b	y constructing viable arguments,
	critiquing the reaso	ning of others and/or attending	to precision when making mathe	matical statements.
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets
				Expectations
Properties of Operations 3.C.1-1 3.C.1-2 3.C.1-3 3.C.2	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete written response based on explanations/reasoning using: • properties of operations • relationship between addition and subtraction • relationship between multiplication and division • identification of arithmetic patterns Response may include: • a logical/defensible approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) • an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification • precision of calculation • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols, labels • justification of a conclusion • determination of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable • evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, reasonings, and approaches, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate). Provides a	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete written response based on explanations/reasoning using: • properties of operations • relationship between addition and subtraction • relationship between multiplication and division • identification of arithmetic patterns Response may include: • a logical/defensible approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) • a logical progression of steps • precision of calculation • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • justification of a conclusion • evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, reasonings, and approaches, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate).	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a written response based on explanations/reasoning using: • properties of operations • relationship between addition and subtraction • relationship between multiplication and division • identification of arithmetic patterns Response may include: • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions • a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps • minor calculation errors • limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations • evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.	Expectations In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete written response based on explanations/reasoning using: • properties of operations • relationship between addition and subtraction • relationship between multiplication and division • identification of arithmetic patterns Response may include: • an approach based on a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions • an incomplete or illogical progression of steps • an intrusive calculation error • limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations
	appropriate). Provides a counter-example where applicable.			

	Grade 3 Math: Sub-Claim C			
	In connection with content, the	student expresses Grade 3 appro	opriate mathematical reasoning b	y constructing viable arguments,
	critiquing the reaso	ning of others and/or attending	to precision when making mathe	matical statements.
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	evel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets
Concrete	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	Expectations
Referents	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities
and	described in Sub-claims A and B	described in Sub-claims A and B	described in Sub-claims A and B	described in Sub-claims A and B
Diagrams	the student clearly constructs	the student clearly constructs	the student constructs and	the student constructs and
3.C.3-1	and communicates a well-	and communicates a well-	communicates a response	communicates an incomplete
3.C.3-2	organized and complete	organized and complete	based on operations using	response based on operations
3.C.6-1	response based on operations	response based on operations	concrete referents such as	using concrete referents such as
3.C.6-2	using concrete referents such as	using concrete referents such as	diagrams – including number	diagrams – including number
	diagramsincluding number	diagramsincluding number	lines (provided in the prompt) –	lines (provided in the prompt) –
	lines (whether provided in the	lines (whether provided in the	connecting the diagrams to a	connecting the diagrams to a
	prompt or constructed by the	prompt or constructed by the	written (symbolic) method,	written (symbolic) method,
	student) and connecting the	student) and connecting the	which may include:	which may include:
	diagrams to a written (symbolic)	diagrams to a written (symbolic)	• a logical approach based on	• a conjecture and/or stated or
	method, which may include:	method, which may include:	a conjecture and/or stated	faulty assumptions
	• a logical approach based on a	 a logical approach based on a 	assumptions	 an incomplete or illogical
	conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated	• a logical, but incomplete,	progression of steps
	assumptions, utilizing	assumptions, utilizing	progression of steps	• an intrusive calculation error
	mathematical connections	mathematical connections	• minor calculation errors	 limited use of grade-level
	(when appropriate)	(when appropriate)	• some use of grade-level	vocabulary, symbols and
	 an efficient and logical 	 a logical progression of steps 	vocabulary, symbols and	labels
	progression of steps with	 precision of calculation 	labels	 partial justification of a
	appropriate justification	 correct use of grade-level 	 partial justification of a 	conclusion based on own
	 precision of calculation 	vocabulary, symbols and	conclusion based on own	calculations
	 correct use of grade-level 	labels	calculations.	 accepting the validity of
	vocabulary, symbols and	 justification of a conclusion 	• evaluating the validity of	other's responses
	labels	• evaluating, interpreting, and	other's responses.	
	 justification of a conclusion 	critiquing the validity of	approaches and conclusions	
	• determination of whether an	other's responses,		
	argument or conclusion is	approaches, and reasoning.		
	generalizable			
	 evaluating, interpreting, and 			
	critiquing the validity of			
	other's responses,			
	approaches, and reasoning,			
	and providing a counter-			
	example where applicable			
Distinguish	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content
Correct	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities
Explanation/	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,
Reasoning	the student clearly constructs	the student clearly constructs	the student constructs and	the student constructs and
from that	and communicates a well-	and communicates a well -	communicates a complete	communicates an incomplete
which is	organized and complete	organized and complete	response by:	response by:
	response by:	response by:	presenting solutions to multi stop problems in the	 presenting solutions to
3.0.4-1	presenting and defending solutions to multi-stop	 presenting and defending colutions to multi-stop 	form of valid chains of	scattoided two-step problems
3.C.4-2 3.C.4-2	problems in the form of valid	problems in the form of valid	reasoning using symbols	in the form of valid chains of
3.C.4-3 3.C.4-1	chains of reasoning using	chains of reasoning using	such as equal signs	symbols such as aqual signs
3 C 4-5	symbols such as equal signs	symbols such as equal signs	appropriately	appropriately
3 C 4-6	appropriately	appropriately	 distinguishing correct 	distinguishing correct
3.C.5-1	evaluating	 distinguishing correct 	explanation/reasoning from	explanation/reasoning from
3.C.5-2	explanation/reasoning; if	explanation/reasoning from	that which is flawed	that which is flawed

	Grade 3 Math: Sub-Claim C In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 3 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments,			
	critiquing the reaso	ning of others and/or attending	to precision when making mathe	matical statements.
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
3.C.4-7	 there is a flaw in the argument presenting and defending corrected reasoning Response may include: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification precision of calculation 	 that which is flawed identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems presenting corrected reasoning Response may include: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) a logical progression of steps precision of calculation 	 identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems presenting corrected reasoning Response may include: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps minor calculation errors 	 identifying an error in reasoning Response may include: a conjecture based on faulty assumptions an incomplete or illogical progression of steps an intrusive calculation error
	 correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels justification of a conclusion evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning, and providing a counter-example where applicable. 	 correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels justification of a conclusion evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning. 	 some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions. 	 limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations accepting the validity of other's responses
		Crode 2 Meth	n Sub Claim D	
	In connection with content, the knowledge and skills articulated the standards for previous gra problems and persevering to sol the making use	student solves real-world proble d in the standards for Grade 3 (or des/courses), engaging particula lve them, reasoning abstractly ar of structure, and/or looking for Level 4: Meets Expectations	ems with a degree of difficulty apper r for more complex problems, kno rly in the Modeling practice, and nd quantitatively, using appropria and expressing regularity in repea	propriate to Grade 3 by applying by by by a striculated in where helpful making sense of te tools strategically, looking for ated reasoning. Level 2: Partially Meets
			Expectations	Expectations
Modeling 3.D.1 3.D.2	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by: using stated assumptions or making assumptions and using approximations to simplify a real-world situation analyzing and/or creating constraints, relationships and 	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by: using stated assumptions or making assumptions and using approximations to simplify a real-world situation mapping relationships between important 	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by • using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation • illustrating relationships batween important	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by: • using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation • identifying important quantities by using provided tools to create medols
	goals	quantities by selecting	quantities by using provided	 analyzing relationships

In connection with content, the knowledge and skills articulated the standards for previous gra- problems and persevering to sol the making use Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Grade 3 Math student solves real-world proble d in the standards for Grade 3 (or des/courses), engaging particula ve them, reasoning abstractly ar of structure, and/or looking for Level 4: Meets Expectations	n: Sub-Claim D ms with a degree of difficulty app for more complex problems, kno rly in the Modeling practice, and and quantitatively, using appropria and expressing regularity in repea Level 3: Approaches Expectations	propriate to Grade 3 by applying owledge and skills articulated in where helpful making sense of te tools strategically, looking for ated reasoning. Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
 mapping relationships between important quantities by selecting appropriate tools to create models analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions justifying and defending models which lead to a conclusion interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation reflecting on whether the results make sense improving the model if it has not served its purpose writing a concise arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation 	 appropriate tools to create models analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation reflecting on whether the results make sense modifying and/or improving the model if it has not served its purpose writing an arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation 	 tools to create models analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions interpreting mathematical results in a simplified context reflecting on whether the results make sense modifying the model if it has not served its purpose writing an arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation 	 mathematically to draw conclusions writing an arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation

Grade 4 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors

	Grade 4 Math : Sub-Claim A The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 4 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Fractions and Decimals	Compares decimals to hundredths; uses decimal	Given a visual model and/or manipulatives, compares decimals to hundredths:	Given a visual model and/or manipulatives, compares decimals to hundredths: uses	Given a visual model and/or manipulatives, compares
4.NF.1-2 4.NF.2-1 4.NF.A.Int.1 4.NF.5	denominators 10 or 100. Compares fractions, with like or unlike numerators and denominators, by creating	Expresses a fraction with denominator 10 as an equivalent fraction with denominator 100.	decimal notations for fractions (tenths and hundredths); compares fractions, with like or unlike numerators and	decimal notations for fractions (tenths and hundredths); compares fractions with like denominators.
4.NF.6 4.NF.7 4.NF.Int.1 4.NF.Int.2	equivalent fractions with common denominators, comparing to a benchmark fraction and generating equivalent fractions.	Uses decimal notation for fractions with denominators 10 or 100. Compares fractions, with like or unlike numerators and denominators, by creating	denominators by comparing to a benchmark fraction. Recognizes that decimals and fractions must refer to the same whole in order to	
	Recognizes that decimals and fractions must refer to the same whole in order to compare.	equivalent fractions with common denominators and comparing to a benchmark fraction.	compare. Shows results using symbols.	
	Shows results using symbols. Demonstrates the use of conceptual understanding of fractional equivalence and ordering when solving simple word problems requiring fraction comparison. Converts a simple fraction to a denominator of 10 or 100 and writes as a decimal (e.g.,1/2 = 5/10 = .5, % = 25/100 = 0.25, 1/20 = 5/100 = 0.05). Adds fractions with denominators of 10 and 100.	Recognizes that decimals and fractions must refer to the same whole in order to compare. Shows results using symbols. Solves simple word problems requiring fraction comparison.	Solves simple word problems requiring fraction comparison with scaffolding.	
Building Fractions 4.NF.3a 4.NF.3b-1 4.NF.3c 4.NF.3d 4.NF.Int.1	Understands and solves mathematical and real-world problems involving the addition and subtraction of fractions and mixed numbers with like denominators by joining and separating parts referring to the same whole, and justifying the solution by using a visual model. Decomposes a fraction into a sum of fractions with the same denominator in more than one way and records the decomposition using an equation	Using visual models and/or manipulatives, solves mathematical and word problems involving the addition and subtraction of fractions and mixed numbers with like denominators by joining and separating parts referring to the same whole. Decomposes a fraction into a sum of fractions with the same denominator in more than one way and records the decomposition using an	Using visual models and/or manipulatives, solves mathematical problems involving the addition and subtraction of fractions with like denominators by joining and separating parts referring to the same whole. Decomposes a fraction into a sum of fractions with the same denominator in more than one way and records the decomposition using an equation.	Using visual models and/or manipulatives, solves mathematical problems involving the addition and subtraction of fractions with like denominators by joining and separating parts referring to the same whole.

	Grade 4 Math : Sub-Claim A			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets
			ver 5. Approaches Expectations	Expectations
Multiplying	Describes a visual fraction	Using visual models and/or	Using visual models and/or	Using visual models and/or
Fractions	model and solves mathematical	manipulatives, solves	manipulatives, solves	manipulatives, solves
4.NF.4a	and real-world problems by	mathematical and real- world	mathematical problems by	mathematical problems by
4.NF.4b-1	recognizing that fraction <i>a/b</i> is a	problems by recognizing that	recognizing that fraction <i>a/b</i> is a	recognizing that fraction <i>a/b</i> is a
4.NF.4b-2	multiple of 1/b and uses that	fraction <i>a/b</i> is a multiple of 1/ <i>b</i>	multiple of 1/b and uses that	multiple of 1/b.
4.NF.4c 4.NF.Int.1	construct to multiply a fraction by a whole number.	and uses that construct to multiply a fraction by a whole number	construct to multiply a fraction by a whole number.	
Solving with	Interprets multiplication	Interprets multiplication	Interprets multiplication	Interprets multiplication
Multiplicatio	equations as comparisons and	equations as comparisons or	equations as comparisons or	equations as comparisons or
n	represents statements of	represents statements of	represents statements of	represents statements of
4.0A.1-1	multiplicative comparisons as	multiplicative comparisons as	multiplicative comparisons as	nultiplicative comparisons as
4.OA. 1-2	multiplicative equations.	multiplicative equations.	multiplicative equations.	multiplicative equations.
4.OA.2	Distinguishes multiplicative			
	comparisons.			
		Uses multiplication or division	Uses multiplication or division	
	Uses multiplication or division	to solve one- or two-step word	to solve scaffolded word	
	to solve multi-step word	problems involving	problems involving	
	problems involving	multiplicative comparisons.	multiplicative comparisons.	
	multiplicative comparisons.			
	Uses a symbol for the unknown number.			
Multi-step	Solves multi-step word	Solves two-step word and other	Solves one- or two-step word	Solves one-step mathematical
Problems	problems using the four	problems using the four	problems using the four	problems using the four
4.OA.3-1	operations with whole	operations with whole	operations with whole	operations with whole
4.OA.3-2	numbers: in multiplying a three-	numbers: in multiplying a three-	numbers: in multiplying a three-	numbers: in multiplying a three-
4.NBT.5-1	or four-digit by a one-digit	digit by a one-digit number or	digit by a one-digit number or	digit by a one-digit number or
4.NB1.5-2	number or two two-digit	two two-digit numbers	two two-digit numbers.	two two-digit numbers.
4.NBT.0-1 4 NBT 6-2	numbers.	Finds whole number quotients	Finds whole number quotients	Finds whole number quotients
4.NB1.0-2 4 Int 2	Finds whole number quotients	and remainders with up to	and remainders with up to	and remainders with up to
4.Int.3	and remainders with up to four -	three-digit dividends and one-	three-digit dividends and one-	three-digit dividends and one-
4.Int.4	digit dividends and one-digit	digit divisors and interprets	digit divisors.	digit divisors.
4.Int.5	divisors and interprets	remainders as appropriate.	0	C .
	remainders as appropriate.		Chooses from a variety of	
		Chooses from a variety of	strategies to solve these	
	Chooses from a variety of	strategies to solve these	problems. Can only solve two-	
	strategies to solve these	problems.	step problems when	
	problems and selects an		scaffolding is provided for each	
	appropriate context for the		step.	
Place Value	la any multi -digit whole	In any four-digit whole number	In any three-digit whole	In any three-digit whole
4 NRT 1	number recognizes a digit in	recognizes a digit in one place	number recognizes a digit in	number recognizes a digit in
4.NBT.2	one place represents 10 times	represents 10 times as much as	one place represents 10 times	one place represents 10 times
4.NBT.3	as much as it represents in the	it represents in the place to its	as much as it represents in the	as much as it represents in the
4.NBT.Int.1	place to its right.	right.	place to its right.	place to its right.
	Reads, writes and compares	Reads, writes and compares	Reads, writes and compares	
	multi-digit whole numbers using	four-digit whole numbers using	three-digit whole numbers	
	base-10 numerals, number	base-10 numerals, number	using base-10 numerals,	
	names in expanded form and	names in expanded form and	number names in expanded	

	Grade 4 Math : Sub-Claim A				
	The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 4 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets	
				Expectations	
	inequality symbols (>, <, =),	inequality symbols (>, <, =), and	form and inequality symbols (>,		
	rounds to any place and	rounds to any place.	<, =), and rounds to any place		
	chooses appropriate context		with scaffolding.		
	given a rounded number.				
	Performs computations by				
	applying conceptual				
	understanding of place value,				
	rather than by applying multi-				
	digit algorithms.				
Addition and	Solves multiple-step word and	Solves two -step word problems	Solves one-step word problems	Solves one-step word problems	
Subtraction	other problems by adding or	and other problems by adding	and other problems by adding	and other problems by adding	
4.NBT.4-1	subtracting multi-digit whole	and subtracting multi-digit	and subtracting multi-digit	and subtracting multi-digit	
4.NBT.4-2	numbers using the standard	whole numbers using the	whole numbers using the	whole numbers using the	
4.Int.7	algorithm.	standard algorithm.	standard algorithm with	standard algorithm with limited	
4.Int.8			accuracy.	accuracy.	

		Grada 4 Matk	Grade 4 Math: Sub-Claim B				
	The student solves problems	involving Additional and Support	ting Content for Grade 4 with con	nections to the Standards for			
		Mathemati	cal Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	evel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets			
				Expectations			
Operations	Recognizes that a whole	Recognizes that a whole	Recognizes that a whole	Recognizes that a whole			
and Factors	number is a multiple of each of	number is a multiple of each of	number is a multiple of each of	number is a multiple of each of			
4.0A.4-1	its factors, and within the range	its factors, and within the	its factors, and within the range	its factors, and within the range			
4.OA.4-2	of 1-100, finds all factor pairs	range of 1-100 finds factor	of 1-100 finds factor pairs or	of 1-100 identifies factor pairs			
4.OA.4-3	and determines multiples of	pairs or determines multiples	determines multiples of whole	or multiples of whole numbers.			
4.OA.4-4	whole numbers.	of whole numbers.	numbers.				
	Determines whether a whole	Determines whether a whole	Determines, with scaffolding.				
	number in the range 1-100 is	number in the range 1-100 is	whether a whole number in the				
	prime or composite.	prime or composite.	range 1-100 is prime or				
			composite.				
Measureme	Solves measurement word	Solves measurement word	Solves mathematical	Solves mathematical			
nt and	problems involving whole	problems involving whole	measurement problems	measurement problems			
Conversion	numbers which include	numbers which include	involving whole numbers using	involving whole numbers using			
4.MD.1	calculation of area and	calculation of area and	all four operations.	all four operations.			
4.MD.2-1	perimeter – including those in	perimeter – when information	Solves methometical				
4.MD.2-2	which side lengths are missing	about side lengths is provided –	monsurement problems using	Solves mathematical			
4.IVID.3	 using all four operations. 	using all four operations.	addition subtraction and	measurement problems using			
4.1111.0			multiplication of simple	addition and subtraction of			
	Solves measurement word	Solves measurement word	fractions	simple fractions.			
	problems which include	problems which include					
	calculation of area and	calculation of area and	Records measurement				
	perimeter–including those in	perimeter-when information	equivalents in a two-column				
	which side lengths are missing-	about side lengths is provided–	table.				
	using addition, subtraction,	using addition, subtraction,					
	multiplication of simple	multiplication of simple	Uses knowledge of				
	fractions.	fractions.	measurement units within one				
			system to convert from larger				
	Records measurement	Records measurement	units to smaller units.				

	Grade 4 Math: Sub-Claim B			
	The student solves problems	involving Additional and Support Mathematio	ing Content for Grade 4 with con cal Practice.	nections to the Standards for
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	evel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
	equivalents in a two-column table.	equivalents in a two-column table.		
	Uses knowledge of measurement units within one system to solve word problems, real-world problems, and mathematical problems involving converting from larger units to smaller units.	Uses knowledge of measurement units within one system to solve word problems, real-world problems and mathematical problems involving converting from larger units to smaller units.	,	
	Represents measurement quantities using diagrams such as number line diagrams that require students to provide the appropriate measurement scale given the context.	Represents measurement quantities using diagrams such as number line diagrams that feature a measurement scale.		
Represent and Interpret Data 4.MD.4-1 4.MD.4-2	Makes a line plot to display a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit with like denominators limited to 2, 4 and 8, (including mixed numbers) and uses addition and subtraction of fractions to solve problems involving information in the line plots and evaluates the solution in relation to the	Makes a line plot to display a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit with like denominators of 2 or 4 and uses addition and subtraction of fractions to solve problems involving information in the line plot.	Makes a line plot to display a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit with like denominators of 2 or 4.	Identifies a correct line plot that displays a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit with like denominators of 2 or 4.
Geometric Measureme nt 4.MD.5 4.MD.6 4.MD.7	Recognizes how angles are formed and that angle measures are additive. Understands and applies concepts of angle measurement	Understands and applies concepts of angle measurement.	Understands and applies concepts of angle measurement.	Understands and identifies concepts of angle measurement.
	recognizing that angles are measured in reference to a circle. Uses a protractor to measure and sketch angles. Solves mathematical and real- world problems by composing and decomposing angles. Solves mathematical and real- world angle problems, including problems that require the use of equations with a symbol for	Uses a protractor to measure and sketch angles. Solves mathematical and real- world problems by composing and decomposing angles.	Uses a protractor to measure angles.	
Lines, Angles	The unknown angle measure.	Draws and identifies	Identifies points lines line	Identifies points lines line
and Shapes	lines, line segments, rays, angles	points, lines, line segments,	segments, rays, angles (right,	segments, rays, angles (right,

	Grade 4 Math: Sub-Claim B				
	The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 4 with connections to the Standards for				
		Mathemati	cal Practice.		
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	evel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets	
4.0.1	(right obtuce and coute)	raus angles (right abtuse and	obture and equite)		
4.G 1	(nght, obtuse and acute),	rays, angles (nghi, obtuse and	obtuse and acute),	optuse and acute),	
4.G.Z	perpendicular lines, parallel	acute), perpendicular lines,	perpendicular lines, parallel	perpendicular lines, parallel	
4.6.3	lines, lines of symmetry and	parallel lines, lines of symmetry	lines, lines of symmetry and	ines, lines of symmetry and	
	right triangles, and use any of	and right triangles, and use	right triangles, and use some of	right triangles.	
	these to classify or describe	some of these to classify two-	these to classify quadrilaterals		
	two-dimensional figures.	dimensional figures.	and triangles.		
Generate	Generates a number or shape	Generates a number or shape	Generates a number or shape	Identifies a number or shape	
and Analyze	pattern that follows a given rule	pattern that follows a given rule	pattern that follows a given	pattern that follows a given	
Patterns	and identifies apparent features	and identifies explicit features	rule.	rule.	
4.OA.5	of the pattern that were not	of the pattern.			
	explicit in the rule itself and				
	describes the rule for				
	generating the number or				
	shape pattern.				

	Grade 4 Math: Sub-Claim C			
	In connection with content, the	e student expresses Grade 4 appr	opriate mathematical reasoning l	by constructing viable arguments,
	critiquing the reas	soning of others and/or attending	to precision when making mathe	matical statements.
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets
			Expectations	Expectations
Properties of	In connection with the content			
Operations	knowledge, skills, and abilities			
4.C.1-1	described in Sub-claims A and	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,
4.C.1-2	B, the student clearly	the student clearly constructs	the student constructs and	the student constructs and
4.C.2	constructs and communicates	and communicates a complete	communicates a written	communicates an incomplete
4.C.3	a complete written response	written response based on	response based on	written response based on
	based on	explanations/reasoning using	explanations/reasoning using	explanations/reasoning using
	explanations/reasoning using	the:	the:	the:
	the:	 properties of operations 	 properties of operations 	 properties of operations
	 properties of operations 	 relationship between 	 relationship between 	 relationship between
	 relationship between 	addition and subtraction	addition and subtraction	addition and subtraction
	addition and subtraction	 relationship between 	 relationship between 	 relationship between
	 relationship between 	multiplication and division	multiplication and division	multiplication and division
	multiplication and division	 identification of arithmetic 	 identification of arithmetic 	 identification of arithmetic
	 identification of arithmetic 	patterns	patterns	patterns
	patterns	Response may include:	Response may include:	Response may include:
	Response may include:	 a logical/defensible approach 	 a logical approach based on a 	 an approach based on a
	 a logical/defensible 	based on a conjecture and/or	conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated or
	approach based on a	stated assumptions, utilizing	assumptions	faulty assumptions
	conjecture and/or stated	mathematical connections	 a logical, but incomplete, 	 an incomplete or illogical
	assumptions, utilizing	(when appropriate)	progression of steps	progression of steps
	mathematical connections	• a logical progression of steps	 minor calculation errors 	 an intrusive calculation error
	(when appropriate)	 precision of calculation 	 some use of grade-level 	 limited use of grade-level
	 an efficient and logical 	 correct use of grade-level 	vocabulary, symbols and	vocabulary, symbols and
	progression of steps with	vocabulary, symbols and	labels	labels
	appropriate justification	labels	 partial justification of a 	 partial justification of a
	 precision of calculation 	 justification of a conclusion 	conclusion based on own	conclusion based on own
	 correct use of grade-level 	 evaluation of whether an 	calculations	calculations
	vocabulary, symbols and	argument or conclusion is	 evaluating the validity of 	
	labels	generalizable	other's responses,	
	 justification of a conclusion 	 evaluating, interpreting and 	approaches and conclusions.	
		critiquing the validity of		

	Grade 4 Math: Sub-Claim C				
	In connection with content, the critiquing the reas	e student expresses Grade 4 appr oning of others and/or attending	opriate mathematical reasoning to precision when making mathe	by constructing viable arguments, matical statements.	
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
	 evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, reasonings, and approaches, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate). Provides a counter-example where applicable. 	other's responses, reasonings, and approaches, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate).			
Concrete Referents and Diagrams 4.C.4-1 4.C.4-2 4.C.4-3 4.C.4-3 4.C.4-5 4.C.7-1 4.C.7-2 4.C.7-3 4.C.7-4	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagramsincluding number lines (whether provided in the prompt or constructed by the student) and connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification precision of calculation correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels justification of a conclusion is generalizable evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, and reasoning, 	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well- organized and complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagramsincluding number lines (whether provided in the prompt or constructed by the student) and connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include: • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) • a logical progression of steps • precision of calculation • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • justification of a conclusion • evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable • evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, and reasoning.	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagramsincluding number lines (provided in the prompt) – connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include: • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions • a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps • minor calculation errors • some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations. • evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams – including number lines (provided in the prompt) – connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include: • a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions • an incomplete or illogical progression of steps • an intrusive calculation error • limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations • accepting the validity of other's responses.	
	and providing a counter- example where applicable.				

In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 4 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments of others and (or attending to precision when making mathematical statements	onte		
criticity ing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements	ropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments,		
chuquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.			
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations Level 4: Meets Expectations Level 3: Approaches Level 2: Partially Meets	5		
Expectations Expectations			
Distinguish In connection with the content	ent		
Correct knowledge, skills, and abilities knowledge, skills, and abilities knowledge, skills, and abilities knowledge, skills, and abilities	es		
Explanation/described in Sub-claims A and described in Sub-claims A and B, described in Sub-claims A and B, described in Sub-claims A and	וd B,		
Reasoning B, the student clearly the student clearly constructs the student constructs and the student constructs and			
from that constructs and communicates and communicates a well- communicates a complete communicates an incomplete	te		
which is a well-organized and complete organized and complete response by: response by:			
Flawedresponse by:• presenting solutions to multi-• presenting solutions to			
4.C.5-1 • presenting and defending • presenting and defending step problems in the form of scaffolded two-step problem	lems		
4.C.5-2 solutions to multi-step solutions to multi-step valid chains of reasoning, in the form of valid chains	s of		
4.C.5-3 problems in the form of problems in the form of valid using symbols such as equal reasoning, sometimes usin	ing		
4.C.5-4 valid chains of reasoning, chains of reasoning, using signs appropriately symbols such as equal sign	ıns		
4.C.5-5 using symbols such as equal symbols such as equal signs • distinguishing correct appropriately			
4.C.5-6 signs appropriately appropriately explanation/reasoning from • distinguishing correct			
4.C.6-1 • evaluating • distinguishing correct that which is flawed explanation/reasoning from	om		
4.C.6-2 explanation/reasoning; if explanation/reasoning from • identifying and describing the that which is flawed			
4.C.6-3 there is a flaw in the that which is flawed flaw in reasoning or • identifying an error in			
argument • identifying and describing the describing errors in solutions reasoning			
• presenting and defending flaw in reasoning or to multi-step problems Response may include:			
corrected reasoning describing errors in solutions • presenting corrected • a conjecture based on faul	ulty		
Response may include: to multi-step problems reasoning assumptions			
• a logical approach based on • presenting corrected Response may include: • an incomplete or illogical			
a conjecture and/or stated reasoning • a logical approach based on progression of steps			
assumptions, utilizing Response may include: a conjecture and/or stated • an intrusive calculation err	rror		
mathematical connections • a logical approach based on a assumptions • limited use of grade-level	1		
(when appropriate) conjecture and/or stated • a logical, but incomplete, vocabulary, symbols and			
• an efficient and logical assumptions, utilizing progression of steps labels			
progression of steps with mathematical connections • minor calculation errors • partial justification of a			
appropriate justification(when appropriate)• some use of grade-levelconclusion based on own	í.		
• precision of calculation • a logical progression of steps vocabulary, symbols and calculations			
• correct use of grade-level • precision of calculation labels • accepting the validity of			
vocabulary, symbols and • correct use of grade-level • partial justification of a other's responses.			
labels vocabulary, symbols and conclusion based on own			
 justification of a conclusion labels calculations 			
 evaluation of whether an justification of a conclusion evaluating the validity of 			
argument or conclusion is • evaluation of whether an other's responses,			
generalizable argument or conclusion is approaches and conclusions.			
• evaluating, interpreting and generalizable			
critiquing the validity of • evaluating, interpreting and			
other's responses, critiquing the validity of			
approaches and reasoning, other's responses,			
and providing a counter- approaches and reasoning.			
example where applicable.			

		Grade 4 Math: Sub-Claim D				
	In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Grade 4 by applying					
	knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for Grade 4 (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulat the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sens problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looki					
	the making use of structure, and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.					
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets		
			Expectations	Expectations		
Modeling	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content		
4.D.1	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities		
4.D.2	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,		
	the student devises a plan and	the student devises a plan and	the student devises a plan and	the student devises a plan and		
	applies mathematics to solve	applies mathematics to solve	applies mathematics to solve	applies mathematics to solve		
	multi-step, real-world	multi-step, real-world	multi-step, real-world	multi-step, real-world		
	contextual word problems by:	contextual word problems by:	contextual word problems by:	contextual word problems by:		
	 using stated assumptions or 	 using stated assumptions or 	 using stated assumptions and 	 using stated assumptions and 		
	making assumptions and	making assumptions and	approximations to simplify a	approximations to simplify a		
	using approximations to	using approximations to	real-world situation	real-world situation		
	simplify a real-world situation	simplify a real-world situation	 illustrating relationships 	 identifying important 		
	 analyzing and/or creating 	 mapping relationships 	between important	quantities		
	constraints, relationships and	between important	quantities by using provided	 using provided tools to create 		
	goals	quantities by selecting	tools to create models	models		
	 mapping relationships 	appropriate tools to create	 analyzing relationships 	 analyzing relationships 		
	between important quantities	models	mathematically between	mathematically to draw		
	by selecting appropriate tools	 analyzing relationships 	important quantities to draw	conclusions		
	to create models	mathematically between	conclusions	 writing an arithmetic 		
	 analyzing relationships 	important quantities to draw	 interpreting mathematical 	expression or equation to		
	mathematically between	conclusions	results in a simplified context	describe a situation		
	important quantities to draw	 interpreting mathematical 	reflecting on whether the			
	conclusions	results in the context of the	results make sense			
	 justifying and defending 	situation	• modifying the model if it has			
	models which lead to a	 reflecting on whether the 	not served its purpose			
	conclusion	results make sense	 writing an arithmetic 			
	 interpreting mathematical 	• modifying and/or improving	expression or equation to			
	results in the context of the	the model if it has not served	describe a situation			
	situation	its purpose				
	 reflecting on whether the 	 writing an arithmetic 				
	results make sense	expression or equation to				
	 improving the model if it has 	describe a situation				
	not served its purpose					
	• writing a concise arithmetic					
	expression or equation to					
	describe a situation					

Grade 5 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors

	Grade 5 Math : Sub-Claim A The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 5 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Pra			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Addition and Subtraction Operations with Decimals 5.NBT.7-1 5.NBT.7-2	Adds or subtracts two decimals to hundredths using concrete models, drawings or strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction. Applies this concept to a real- world context, and relates the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used.	Adds or subtracts two decimals to hundredths using concrete models, drawings or strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	Expectations Adds or subtracts (without regrouping) two decimals to hundredths using concrete models, drawings or strategies based on place value and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	Expectations Adds or subtracts (without regrouping) two decimals to hundredths (both decimals presented with the same number of decimal places) using concrete models, drawings or strategies based on place value and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.
Adding and Subtracting in Context with Fractions 5.NF.2-1 5.NF.2-2 5.NF.A.Int.1	Describes a model to represent word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions and mixed numbers referring to the same whole in cases of unlike denominators by using visual fraction models or equations. Assesses and justifies reasonableness using benchmark fractions and number sense of fractions.	Solves word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions and mixed numbers referring to the same whole in cases of unlike denominators by using visual fraction models or equations.	Solves word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions and mixed numbers using only denominators of 2, 4, 5 or 10 or benchmark fractions with unlike denominators, referring to the same whole by using visual fraction models or equations.	Solves word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions using only denominators of 2, 4, 5 or 10.
Fractions with Unlike Denominato rs 5.NF.1-1 5.NF.1-2 5.NF.1-2 5.NF.1-3 5.NF.1-4 5 NF.1-5	Adds and subtracts three or more fractions and adds and subtracts two mixed numbers with unlike denominators in such a way as to produce an equivalent sum or difference with like denominators.	Adds and subtracts two fractions or mixed numbers with unlike denominators in such a way as to produce an equivalent sum or difference with like denominators.	Adds or subtracts two fractions or mixed numbers with unlike denominators using only fractions with denominators of 2, 4, 5 or 10 in such a way as to produce an equivalent sum or difference with like denominators.*	Adds or subtracts two fractions with unlike denominators using only fractions with denominators of 2, 4, 5 or 10 in such a way as to produce an equivalent sum or difference with like denominators.* *below grade level.
Multiplicatio n and Division Operations with Decimals 5.NBT.7-3 5.NBT.7-4 5.NBT.Int.1	Multiplies tenths by tenths or tenths by hundredths and divides in problems involving tenths and/or hundredths using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction. Performs exact and approximate multiplications and divisions by mentally applying place value strategies when appropriate.	Multiplies tenths by tenths or tenths by hundredths and divides in problems involving tenths and/or hundredths using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction. Relates the strategy to a written method.	Multiplies tenths by tenths and divides in problems involving tenths using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	Multiplies tenths by tenths in problems involving tenths using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.

	Grade 5 Math : Sub-Claim A The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 5 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets	
		•••••	Expectations	Expectations	
	Relates the strategy to a written method.				
Multiply with Whole Numbers 5.NBT.5 5.Int.1 5.Int.2	Solves two-step unscaffolded word problems involving multiplication and multiplies four -digit by two-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm.	Solves two-step scaffolded word problems involving multiplication of a three-digit by a one-digit whole number.	Solves one-step word problems involving multiplication of a three-digit by a one-digit whole number .	Solves one-step word problems involving multiplication.	
	Performs exact and approximate multiplications and divisions by mentally applying place value strategies when appropriate. Accurately multiplies multi-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm and assesses reasonableness of the product.	Accurately multiplies multi-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm.	Multiplies multi-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm with limited accuracy.		
Quotients and Dividends 5.NBT.6	Divides whole numbers up to four-digit dividends and two- digit divisors using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations and/or the relationship between multiplication and division. Illustrates and explains the calculations by using equations, rectangular arrays, and area models. Checks reasonableness of answers by using multiplication or estimation.	Divides whole numbers up to four-digit dividends and one- digit divisors which are multiples of ten using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations and/or the relationship between multiplication and division.	Divides whole numbers up to three-digit dividends and one- digit divisors which are multiples of ten using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations and/or the relationship between multiplication and division.	Correctly identifies the quotient of whole numbers up to three- digit dividends and one-digit divisors which are multiples of ten.	
Multiplying and Dividing with Fractions 5.NF.4a-1 5.NF.4a-2 5.NF.4a-2 5.NF.4b-1 5.NF.6-1 5.NF.6-2 5.NF.7a 5.NF.7b 5.NF.7b	Describes a model to represent and/or solve real-world problems, by multiplying a mixed number by a fraction, a fraction by a fraction and a whole number by a fraction; dividing a fraction by a whole number and a whole number by a fraction using visual fraction models and creating context for the mathematics and equations, including rectangular areas; and interpreting the product and/or quotient.	Multiplies a fraction or a whole number by a fraction and divides a fraction by a whole number – or whole number by a fraction – using visual fraction models and creating context for the mathematics, including rectangular areas.	Multiplies a fraction or a whole number by a fraction and divide a fraction by a whole number or whole number by a fraction using visual fraction models.	Multiplies a fraction or a whole number by a fraction using visual fraction models.	

		Grade 5 Math	1 : Sub-Claim A	
	The student solves problems in	volving Major Content for Grade	5 with connections to the Stand	ards for Mathematical Practice.
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Interpreting Fractions 5.NF.3-1 5.NF.3-2	Solves word problems involving division of whole numbers leading to answers in the form of fractions or mixed numbers. Interprets the fraction as division of the numerator by the denominator.	Solves word problems involving division of whole numbers leading to answers in the form of fractions or mixed numbers. Interprets the fraction as division of the numerator by the denominator.	Solves word problems involving division of whole numbers leading to answers in the form of fractions or mixed numbers by using manipulatives or visual models to identify between which two whole numbers the answer lies.	Solves word problems involving division of whole numbers leading to answers in the form of fractions by using manipulatives or visual models to identify between which two whole numbers the answer lies.
	representing the situation. Describes a model to represent the situation.			
Recognizing Volume 5.MD.3 5.MD.4	Recognizes volume as an attribute of solid figures and understands volume is measured using cubic units and can be found by packing a solid figure with unit cubes and counting them. Represents the volume of a	Recognizes volume as an attribute of solid figures and understands volume is measured using cubic units and can be found by packing a solid figure with unit cubes and counting them.	Recognizes volume as an attribute of solid figures and with a visual model understands that volume is measured using cubic units and can be found by packing a solid figure with unit cubes and counting them.	Recognizes volume as an attribute of solid figures.
	solid figure as "n" cubic units. Writes an equation that illustrates the unit cube pattern.			
Finding Volume 5.MD.5b 5.MD.5c	Solves real-world and mathematical problems by applying the formulas for volume, relating volume to the operations of multiplication and addition, and recognizing volume is additive by finding the volume of solid figures of two or more non-overlapping parts.	Given a visual model, solves real-world and mathematical problems by applying the formulas for volume, relating volume to the operations of multiplication and addition, and recognizing volume is additive by finding the volume of solid figures of two non- overlapping parts.	Given a visual model and the formulas for finding volume, solves real-world and mathematical problems by applying the formulas for volume (V = I x w x h and V = B x h).	Given a visual model, solves volume problems by counting unit cubes.
Read, Write and Compare Decimals 5.NBT.3a 5.NBT.3b 5.NBT.4	Reads, writes and compares decimals to any place using numerals, number names, expanded form and symbols (>, <, =); rounds to any place and chooses appropriate context given a rounded number.	Reads, writes and compares decimals to the hundredths using numerals, number names, expanded form and symbols (>, <, =), and rounds to any place.	Reads, writes and compares decimals to the hundredths using numerals, number names, expanded form and symbols (>, <, =), and rounds to any place with scaffolding.	Identifies the correct comparison of decimals to the hundredths using numerals, number names, expanded form and symbols (>, <, =).
Place Value 5.NBT.1 5.NBT.2-2 5.NBT.A.Int.1	In any multi-digit number, recognizes a digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it represents in the place to its right and 1/10 of what it represents in the place to its left and uses whole number exponents to denote powers of 10 and uses symbols to	In any multi-digit number, recognizes a digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it represents in the place to its right or 1/10 of what it represents in the place to its left and uses whole number exponents to denote powers of 10.	In any multi-digit number, recognizes a digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it represents in the place to its right or 1/10 of what it represents in the place to its left by using manipulatives or visual models.	In any multi-digit number, recognizes a digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it represents in the place to its right by using manipulatives or visual models.

	Grade 5 Math : Sub-Claim A					
	The student solves problems in	The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 5 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets		
			Expectations	Expectations		
	compare two powers of 10					
	expressed exponentially					
	(compare 10 ² to 10 ⁵).					
Multiplicatio	Interprets multiplication scaling	Interprets multiplication scaling	Interprets multiplication scaling	Identifies multiplication scaling		
n Scaling	by comparing the size of the	by comparing the size of a	by comparing the size of a	by comparing the size of a		
5.NF.5a	product to the size of one factor	product to the size of one factor	product to the size of one factor	product to the size of one factor		
	on the basis of the size of the	on the basis of the size of the	on the basis of the size of the	on the basis of the size of the		
	second factor without	second factor without	second factor by performing the	second factor by performing the		
	performing the indicated	performing the indicated	indicated multiplication where	indicated multiplication where		
	multiplication, focusing on one	multiplication where one factor	one factor is a fraction less than	one factor is a fraction less than		
	factor being a fraction greater	is a fraction less than one.	one using manipulatives or	one using manipulatives or		
	than or less than one.		visual models.	visual models.		
Write and	Uses parentheses, brackets, or	Uses parentheses, brackets, or	Uses parentheses, brackets, or	Uses parentheses to write		
Interpret	braces with no greater depth	braces to write numerical	braces to write simple	simple numerical expressions.		
Numerical	than two, to write and evaluate	expressions.	numerical expressions.			
Expressions	numerical expressions.					
5.OA.1						
5.OA.2-1	Interprets numerical	Interprets simple numerical				
5.OA.2-2	expressions without evaluating	expressions without evaluating				
	them.	them.				

	Grade 5 Math: Sub-Claim B The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 5 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets	
Graphing on the Coordinate Plane 5.G.1 5.G.2	Represents real-world and mathematical problems by locating and graphing points in the first quadrant of a coordinate plane and interprets coordinate values of points in	Represents real-world and mathematical problems by locating and graphing points in the first quadrant of a coordinate plane.	Represents real-world and mathematical problems by locating or graphing points in the first quadrant of a coordinate plane.	Represents real-world mathematical problems by locating points in the first quadrant of a coordinate plane.	
5.0A.3 Two- Dimensiona I Figures 5.G.3 5.G.4	the context of the situation. Classifies two-dimensional figures in a hierarchy based on properties. Understands that attributes belonging to a category of two- dimensional figures also belong to all subcategories of that category.	Classifies two-dimensional figures in a hierarchy based on properties. Understands that shared attributes categorize two- dimensional figures.	Classifies two-dimensional figures based on properties. Understands that shared attributes categorize two- dimensional figures.	Identifies two-dimensional figures based on properties.	
	Uses appropriate tools to determine similarities and differences between categories and subcategories.				
Conversion s 5.MD.1-1 5.MD.1-2	Converts among different-sized standard measurement units within a given measurement system and uses these conversions to solve real-world, multi-step problems.	Converts among different-sized standard measurement units within a given measurement system and uses these conversions to solve real- world, single-step problems.	Converts among different-sized standard measurement units within a given measurement system and solves single-step problems by using manipulatives or visual models.	Identifies the correct conversion among different-sized standard units within a given measurement system.	

	Grade 5 Math: Sub-Claim B The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 5 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.					
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations		
	Chooses the appropriate measurement unit based on the given context.					
Data Displays 5.MD.2-2	Uses operations on fractions with denominators of 2, 4, and 8 to solve problems involving information in line plots and interprets the solution in relation to the data.	Uses operations on fractions with denominators of 2 and 4 to solve problems involving information in line plots.	Uses operations on fractions with like denominators of 2 and 4 to solve problems involving information in line plots.	Uses operations on fractions with like denominators of 2 to solve problems involving information in line plots.		

Properties of DeparationsIn connection with the content Level 5: Exceeds ExpectationsLevel 4: Meets ExpectationsProperties of DeparationsIn connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilitiesIn connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities5.C.1-1 S.C.1-2described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a well-organized S.C.2-1In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities5.C.2-1 S.C.2-2and complete written response based on s.C.2-3and complete written response based on sexplanations/reasoning using: sexplanations/reasoning using: sexplanations/reasoning using: sexplanations/reasoning using: sexplanations/reasoning using: sexplanations/reasoning using:	ding to precision when making m Level 3: Approaches Expectations In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a complete written response based on explanations/reasoning using: • properties of operations	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete written response based on explanations/reasoning using:
Level 5: Exceeds ExpectationsLevel 4: Meets ExpectationsProperties of OperationsIn connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and 5.C.1-1In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and b.C.1-2In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and the student constructs and 	Level 3: Approaches Expectations In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a complete written response based on explanations/reasoning using: • properties of operations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete written response based on explanations/reasoning using:
Properties of OperationsIn connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilitiesIn connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities5.C.1-1described in Sub-claims A and 5.C.1-2In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilitiesIn connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities5.C.1-2B, the student constructs and communicates a well-organized s.C.2-1the student constructs and the student constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete written responsethe student constructs and the student constructs and the student constructs and communicates a well-organized communicates a well-organized communicates a well-organized sed on sed on sed onexplanations/reasoning using: • properties of operations • relationship between addition and subtractionnd subtraction	Expectations In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a complete written response based on explanations/reasoning using: • properties of operations	Expectations In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete written response based on explanations/reasoning using:
Properties of OperationsIn connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and 5.C.1-2In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and b.C.1-2In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and the student constructs and 	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a complete written response based on explanations/reasoning using: properties of operations	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete written response based on explanations/reasoning using:
 relationship between multiplication and division Response may include: a logical/defensible approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification precision of calculation correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels justification of a conclusion evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable relationship between multiplication and division Response may include: a logical/defensible approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) a logical progression of steps generalizable justification of a conclusion is generalizable evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable 	 relationship between addition and subtraction relationship between multiplication and division Response may include: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps minor calculation errors some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions. 	 properties of operations relationship between addition and subtraction relationship between multiplication and division Response may include: an approach based on a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions an incomplete or illogical progression of steps an intrusive calculation error limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations

	Grade 5 Math: Sub-Claim C				
	In connection with conten	t, the student expresses Grade 5	appropriate mathematical reaso	ning by constructing viable	
	arguments, critiquing the	reasoning of others and/or atter	nding to precision when making r	nathematical statements.	
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets	
			Expectations	Expectations	
	connections (when				
	appropriate). Provides a				
	counter-example where				
	applicable.				
Place Value 5.C.3	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well- organized and complete response based on place value system including: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification precision of calculation correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels justification of a conclusion evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning, and providing a counter- 	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well- organized and complete response based on place value system including: • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) • a logical progression of steps • precision of calculation • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • justification of a conclusion • evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable • evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning.	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a complete response based on place value system including: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps minor calculation errors some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions. 	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on place value system which may include: • an approach based on a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions • an incomplete or illogical progression of steps • an intrusive calculation error • limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations	
Concrete	In connection with the context	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	
Referents	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities	
and	described in Sub-claims A and B	described in Sub-claims A and B	described in Sub-claims A and B	described in Sub-claims A and B	
Diagrams	the student clearly constructs	the student clearly constructs	the student constructs and	the student constructs and	
5.C.4-1	and communicates a well-	and communicates a well -	communicates a complete	communicates an incomplete	
5.C.4-2	organized and complete	organized and complete	response based on operations	response based on operations	
5.C.4-3	response based on operations	response based on operations	using concrete referents such as	using concrete referents such as	
5.C.4-4	using concrete referents such as	using concrete referents such as	diagramsincluding number	diagrams – including number	
5.C.5-1	diagramsincluding number	diagramsincluding number	lines (provided in the prompt) –	lines (provided in the prompt) –	
5.C.5-2	lines (whether provided in the	lines (whether provided in the	connecting the diagrams to a	connecting the diagrams to a	
5.C.5-3	prompt or constructed by the	prompt or constructed by the	written (symbolic) method,	written (symbolic) method,	
5.C.6	student) and connecting the	student) and connecting the	which may include:	which may include:	
	diagrams to a written (symbolic)	diagrams to a written (symbolic)	• a logical approach based on a	 a conjecture and/or stated or 	
	method, which may include:	method, which may include:	conjecture and/or stated	faulty assumptions	
	• a logical approach based on a	 a logical approach based on a 	assumptions	 an incomplete or illogical 	
	conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated	 a logical, but incomplete, 	progression of steps	
	assumptions, utilizing	assumptions, utilizing	progression of steps	 an intrusive calculation error 	

	Grade 5 Math: Sub-Claim C				
	In connection with conten	t, the student expresses Grade 5	appropriate mathematical reaso	ning by constructing viable	
	arguments, critiquing the	reasoning of others and/or atter	nding to precision when making r	nathematical statements.	
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets	
			Expectations	Expectations	
	 (when appropriate) an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification precision of calculation correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels justification of a conclusion evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, and reasoning, and providing a counterexample where annlicable 	 (when appropriate) a logical progression of steps precision of calculation correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels justification of a conclusion evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, and reasoning. 	 some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations. evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions. 	 Innited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations accepting the validity of other's responses 	
Distinguish	applicable	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	
Correct	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities	
Explanation/	described in Sub-claims A and B.	described in Sub-claims A and B.	described in Sub-claims A and B.	described in Sub-claims A and B.	
Reasoning	the student clearly constructs	the student clearly constructs	the student constructs and	the student constructs and	
from that	and communicates a well-	and communicates a well-	communicates a complete	communicates an incomplete	
which is	organized and complete	organized and complete	response by:	response by:	
Flawed	response by:	response by:	• analyzing solutions to multi -	 analyzing solutions to 	
Flawed 5.C.7-1 5.C.7-2 5.C.7-3 5.C.7-4 5.C.8-2	 response by: analyzing and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately evaluating explanation/ reasoning if there is a flaw in the argument presenting and defending corrected reasoning Response may include: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification precision of calculation correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels 	 response by: analyzing and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems presenting corrected reasoning Response may include: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) a logical progression of steps precision of calculation correct use of grade-level 	 analyzing solutions to multistep problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems presenting corrected reasoning Response may include: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps minor calculation errors some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels 	 analyzing solutions to scaffolded two-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, sometimes using symbols such as equal signs appropriately distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying an error in reasoning Response may include: a conjecture based on faulty assumptions an incomplete or illogical progression of steps an intrusive calculation error limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations accepting the validity of other's responser 	

	Grade 5 Math: Sub-Claim C In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 5 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable				
	arguments, critiquing the Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	reasoning of others and/or atter Level 4: Meets Expectations	nding to precision when making r Level 3: Approaches Expectations	nathematical statements. Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
	 justification of a conclusion evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning, and providing a counter- example where applicable 	 vocabulary, symbols and labels justification of a conclusion evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning 	 partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions. 		
	In connection with content, the knowledge and skills articulated the standards for previous gra problems and persevering to sol the making use	Grade 5 Matl student solves real-world proble d in the standards for Grade 5 (o des/courses), engaging particula ve them, reasoning abstractly, and e of structure and/or looking for	h: Sub-Claim D ems with a degree of difficulty app r for more complex problems, kno rly in the Modeling practice, and nd quantitatively, using appropria and expressing regularity in repea	propriate to Grade 5 by applying owledge and skills articulated in where helpful making sense of ate tools strategically, looking for ated reasoning.	
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
Modeling 5.D.1 5.D.2	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by: using stated assumptions or making assumptions and using approximations to simplify a real-world situation analyzing and/or creating constraints, relationships and goals mapping relationships between important quantities by selecting appropriate tools to create models analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions justifying and defending models which lead to a conclusion interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation 	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by: using stated assumptions or making assumptions and using approximations to simplify a real-world situation mapping relationships between important quantities by selecting appropriate tools to create models analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation reflecting on whether the results make sense modifying and/or improving the model if it has not served its purpose writing an arithmetic 	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by: using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation illustrating relationships between important quantities by using provided tools to create models analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions interpreting mathematical results in a simplified context reflecting on whether the results make sense modifying the model if it has not served its purpose writing an arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation 	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by: using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation identifying important quantities using provided tools to create models analyzing relationships mathematically to draw conclusions writing an arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation 	

Grade 5 Math: Sub-Claim D In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Grade 5 by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for Grade 5 (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.				
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
 improving the model if it has not served its purpose writing a concise arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation 				

Grade 6 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors

	Grade 6 Math : Sub-Claim A The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 6 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	evel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
Multiplying and Dividing with Fractions 6 NS 1-2	Solves word problems involving division of fractions by fractions.	Divides fractions with unlike denominators and solves word problems with prompting embedded within the problem.	Divides fractions with common denominators and solves word problems with prompting embedded within the problem.	Divides fractions with common denominators.	
Ratios 6.RP.1 6.RP.2 6.RP.3a 6.RP.3b 6.RP.3c-1 6.RP.3c-2 6.RP.3d	Uses ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, including ratio, unit rate, percent and unit conversion problems. Uses and connects a variety of representations and strategies to solve these problems. Finds missing values in tables and plots values on the	Uses ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, including ratio, unit rate, percent and unit conversion problems using a limited variety of representations and strategies. Finds missing values in tables and locates and plots values on	Uses ratio and rate reasoning to solve mathematical problems, including ratio, unit rate, percent and unit conversion problems using a limited variety of representations and strategies. Finds missing values in tables and locates or plots values on the coordinate plane.	Solves problems including ratio, unit rate, percent and unit conversion problems using a limited variety of representations and strategies.	
Rational Numbers 6.NS.5 6.NS.6a 6.NS.6b-1 6.NS.6b-2 6.NS.6c-1 6.NS.6c-2 6.NS.7a 6.NS.7b 6.NS.7c-1 6.NS.7c-2 6.NS.7c-2 6.NS.7d 6.NS.7d 6.NS.8	coordinate plane. Understands that positive and negative numbers describe mathematical or real-world quantities which have opposite values or directions and can be represented on a number line and compared with or without the use of a number line. Understands and interprets the absolute value of a rational number. Plots ordered pairs on a coordinate plane to solve real- world and mathematical problems.	the coordinate plane. Understands that positive and negative numbers describe mathematical or real-world quantities which have opposite values or directions and can be represented on a number line and compared with or without the use of a number line. Understands the absolute value of a rational number. Plots ordered pairs on a coordinate plane to solve real- world and mathematical problems.	Understands that positive and negative numbers describe mathematical or real-world quantities which have opposite values or directions and can be represented on a number line. Determines the absolute value of a rational number. Locates or plots ordered pairs on a coordinate plane to solve mathematical problems.	Understands that positive and negative numbers describe mathematical or real-world quantities which have opposite values or directions and can be represented on a number line. Determines the absolute value of a rational number.	
Expressions	Understands (or recognizes) that when two ordered pairs differ only by signs, the locations of the points are related by reflections across one or both axes. Distinguishes comparisons of absolute value from statements about order. Writes, reads and evaluates	Reads and evaluates numerical	Reads numerical and algebraic		

	Grade 6 Math : Sub-Claim A				
	The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 6 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	evel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets	
				Expectations	
Inequalities	expressions, including those	including those that contain	that contain whole number		
0.EE.1-1	that contain whole number	whole number exponents.	exponents.		
0.EE.1-2	exponents.	Miritas numerical expressions			
0.EE.2a 6 EE 26		and some algebraic			
0.EE.20 6 EE 2c-1		and some algebraic			
6 FE 2c-2		that contain whole number		Identifies parts of an algebraic	
0.LL.2C-2 6 FE /	Identifies parts of algebraic	evponents	Identifies parts of algebraic and	or numerical expression using	
0.22.4	and numerical expressions	exponents.	numerical expressions using	mathematical terms	
	using mathematical terms and	Identifies parts of algebraic and	mathematical terms		
	views one or more parts of an	numerical expressions using			
	expression as a single entity	mathematical terms			
	expression as a single entry.				
	Identifies equivalent	Identifies equivalent			
	expressions using properties	expressions using properties of			
	of operations.	operations.			
Equations	Uses variables to represent	Uses variables to represent	Uses variables to represent	Uses variables to represent	
and	numbers and writes	numbers and writes expressions	numbers and writes expressions	numbers and writes expressions	
Inequalities	expressions and single-step	and single-step equations to	without exponents, and single-	without exponents, and single-	
6.EE.5-1	equations to solve real-world	solve real-world or	step equations to solve	step equations to solve	
6.EE.5-2	and mathematical problems	mathematical problems.	mathematical problems.	mathematical problems	
6.EE.6	and understand their				
6.EE.7	solutions.				
6.EE.8		Relates tables and graphs to the	Relates tables and graphs to		
6.EE.9	Expresses a relationship	equations.	the equations.		
	between dependent and				
	independent variables and				
	relates tables and graphs to	Writes and graphs inequalities	Graphs inequalities to		
	equations.	to represent a constraint or	represent a constraint or		
		condition in a real-world or	condition in a mathematical		
	Writes and graphs inequalities	mathematical problem.	problem.		
	to represent a constraint or				
	condition in a real-world or				
	mathematical problem.				
	Understands that there are an				
	infinite number of solutions				
	for an inequality				
ļ	ior an inequality.	l	l		

	Grade 6 Math: Sub-Claim B The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 6 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
Factors and Multiples 6.NS.4-1 6.NS.4-2	Finds greatest common factors and least common multiples. Uses the distributive property to express a sum of two whole numbers 1-100 with a common factor as a multiple of a sum of two whole numbers with no common factor.	Finds greatest common factors and least common multiples. Uses the distributive property to rewrite a sum of two whole numbers 1-100 with a common factor as a multiple of a sum of two whole numbers with no common factor.	Identifies greatest common factors and least common multiples.	Identifies greatest common factors or least common multiples.	

	Grade 6 Math: Sub-Claim B The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 6 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	evel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
Geometry 6.G.1 6.G.2-1 6.G.2-2 6.G.3 6.G.4	Solves real-world and mathematical problems involving area of polygons by composing into rectangles or decomposing into triangles and other shapes.	Solves real-world and mathematical problems involving area of polygons by either composing into rectangles or decomposing into triangles and other shapes.	Solves mathematical problems involving area of polygons by either composing into rectangles or decomposing into triangles and other shapes.	Solves mathematical problems involving area of polygons by composing into rectangles.	
	Determines measurements of polygons in the coordinate plane.	Determines measurements of polygons in the coordinate plane.	Determines measurements of polygons in the coordinate plane.		
	Determines and uses nets of three-dimensional figures to find surface area.	Determines and uses nets of three-dimensional figures to find surface area.	Uses nets of three-dimensional figures to find surface area.		
	Determines volume of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths by packing them with unit cubes and using formulas.	Determines volume of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths by packing them with unit cubes and using formulas.	Determines volume of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths by packing them with unit cubes and using formulas.		
	Uses volume formulas to find unknown measurements.				
	Understands the concepts of area and volume to solve unscaffolded problems.				
Statistics and Probability 6.SP.1 6.SP.2 6.SP.3	Recognizes a statistical question and understands that a set of collected data has a distribution which can be described by its center, spread and overall shape.	Recognizes a statistical question and understands that a set of collected data has a distribution which can be described by its center, spread and overall shape.	Recognizes a statistical question and understands that a set of collected data has a distribution which can be described by its center, spread and overall shape.	Understands that a set of collected data has a distribution which can be described by its center, spread and overall shape.	
6.SP.4 6.SP.5	Understands the purpose of center and variability and that it can be summarized with a single number.	Understands the purpose of center and that it can be summarized with a single number.	Understands the purpose of center and that it can be summarized with a single number.	Understands that the center of a set of data can be summarized with a single number.	
	Displays numerical data in plots on a number line, including dot plots, histograms and box plots, and determines which display is the most appropriate.				
	Summarizes numerical data sets in relation to their context, such as by reporting the number of observations, describing the nature of the attributes under investigation and using measures of center				

	Grade 6 Math: Sub-Claim B						
	The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 6 with connections to the Standards for						
		Mathematical Practice.					
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets			
				Expectations			
	and variability.						
	Determines which measures of						
	center and variability are the						
	most appropriate for a set of						
	data.						
Operations	Solves two -step word problems	Solves one-step word problems	Solves one-step problems by	Solves one-step problems with			
with Multi-	and other problems by dividing	and other problems with some	dividing multi-digit numbers	limited accuracy by dividing			
Digit	multi-digit numbers and adding,	level of accuracy by dividing	and adding, subtracting,	multi-digit numbers and adding,			
Numbers	subtracting, multiplying and	multi-digit numbers and adding,	multiplying and dividing multi-	subtracting, multiplying and			
6.NS.2	dividing multi-digit decimals	subtracting, multiplying and	digit decimals.	dividing multi-digit decimals.			
6.NS.3-1	and assesses reasonableness of	dividing multi-digit decimals.					
6.NS.3-2	the result using different						
6.NS.3-3	methods.						
6.NS.3-4							
6.Int.1							

In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 6 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statemedLevel 5: Exceeds ExpectationsLevel 4: Meets Expectationsvel 3: Approaches ExpectationsLevel 2: Partially ExpectationPropertiesIn connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilitiesIn connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilitiesOperationsdescribed in Sub-claims A and B, described in Sub-claims A and B, de	viable ents. / Meets ns ne content d abilities			
arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statemedLevel 5: Exceeds ExpectationsLevel 4: Meets Expectationsvel 3: Approaches ExpectationsLevel 2: Partially ExpectationPropertiesIn connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilitiesIn connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities6.C.1.1the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilitiesIn connection with the knowledge, skills, and abilities• a logical approach based on a 	ents. / Meets ns ne content d abilities			
Level 5: Exceeds ExpectationsLevel 4: Meets Expectationsvel 3: Approaches ExpectationsLevel 2: Partially ExpectationPropertiesIn connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilitiesIn connection with the content 	y Meets ns ne content d abilities			
Image: Construct of the student clearly construct of the relationship between response based on the response based on the relationship between the relationship between the relationship between addition and subtraction or addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:In connection with the content the relationship between alogical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptionsIn connection with the content the relationship between alogical and complete• a logical and complete• a logical and complete• a logical and complete• a logical and complete	ns ne content d abilities			
PropertiesIn connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilitiesIn connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilitiesOperationsdescribed in Sub-claims A and B, described in Sub-claims A and B, 	he content d abilities			
ofknowledge, skills, and abilitiesknowledge, skills, and abilitiesknowledge, skills, and abilitiesknowledge, skills, and abilitiesOperationsdescribed in Sub-claims A and B, described in Sub-claims A and B, described in Sub-claims A and B, described in Sub-claims A and B, 	d abilities			
Operationsdescribed in Sub-claims A and B, described in				
 6.C.1.1 the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions a logical and complete b student clearly constructs and communicates a complete or illocation and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including: a logical and complete b a logical and complete 	ms A and B,			
6.C.2and communicates a complete response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:and communicates a complete response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:communicates a complete response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:communicates a complete response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:communicates a complete response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:communicates a complete response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:communicates a complete response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and conjecture and/or stated assumptionscommunicates a complete response based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions• a logical and co	ts and			
response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:response based on the properties of operations and between multiplication division, including:response based on the properties of operations• a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions• a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions• a logical, but incomplete, • a logical, but incomplete,• an incomplete or il	complete			
properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:properties of operations addition and subtraction or addition and subtraction or between multiplication and conjecture and/or stated assumptionsproperties of operations addition and subtraction or addition and subtraction or between multiplication and conjecture and/or stated assumptionsproperties of operations addition and subtraction or between multiplication addition and subtraction or a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptionsproperties of operations addition and subtraction on a faulty approach based or a conjecture and/or assumptions• a logical and complete • a logical and complete• a logical, but incomplete, • an incomple	he			
the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including:the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication division, including:the relationship between addition and subtraction division, including:the relationship between addition and subtraction division, which may in conjecture and/or stated assumptionsthe relationship between addition and subtraction division, including:the relationship between addition and subtraction division, including:• a logical and complete • a logical and complete• a log	ions and			
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between multiplication and division, including:between multiplication and division, including:between multiplication and division, including:between multiplication and division, including:between multiplication division, including:• a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions• a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or assumptions• a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or assumptions	tion or			
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 a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions a logical and complete a logical and complete a logical and complete a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions a logical and complete a logical and complete a logical and complete a logical and complete a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions a logical and complete a logical and complete 	nclude:			
• a logical and complete • a logical and complete • a logical , but incomplete, • an incomplete or il	based on a stated			
progression of steps progression of steps progression of steps progression of steps	llogical ps			
 precision of calculation precision of calculation of calculation minor calculation errors major calculation errors 	errors			
 correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels labels 	le-level ols and			
 complete justification of a conclusion conclusion conclusion conclusion conclusion conclusion partial justification of a conclusion partial justification of a conclusion 	ו of a			
 generalization of an argument or conclusion evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of the validity of other's approaches and 				
 evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity and approaches and reasoning. efficiency of other's responses, approaches and reasoning. responses, approaches and reasoning. 				
	Grade 6: Sub-Claim C			
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	In connection with content	t, the student expresses Grade 6	appropriate mathematical reaso	ning by constructing viable
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	evel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
	counter-examples where applicable.			
Concrete Referents and Diagrams 6.C.3 6.C.4 6.C.5	 applicable. In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response based on concrete referents provided in the prompt or constructed by the student such as: diagrams that are connected to a written (symbolic) method, number line diagrams or coordinate plane diagrams, including: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions a logical and complete progression of steps precision of calculation correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols, labels complete justification of a conclusion generalization of an argument or conclusion evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity and efficiency of other's responses, approaches and reasoning, and provides a counter-example where applicable. 	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response based on concrete referents provided in the prompt or constructed by the student such as: diagrams that are connected to a written (symbolic) method, number line diagrams or coordinate plane diagrams, including: • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions • a logical and complete progression of steps • precision of calculation • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • complete justification of a conclusion • evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a complete response based on concrete referents provided in the prompt or in simple cases , constructed by the student such as: diagrams that are connected to a written (symbolic) method, number line diagrams or coordinate plane diagrams, including: • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions • a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps • minor calculation errors • some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • partial justification of a conclusion • evaluating the validity of other's approaches and conclusions.	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on concrete referents provided in the prompt such as: diagrams, number line diagrams or coordinate plane diagrams, which may include: • a faulty approach based on a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions • an incomplete or illogical progression of steps • major calculation errors • limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • partial justification of a conclusion
Distinguish	applicable. In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content
Correct Explanation/	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B,	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B,	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B,	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B,
Reasoning from that	the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete	the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete	the student constructs and communicates a complete	the student constructs and communicates an incomplete
which is Flawed 6.C.6 6.C.7 6.C.8.1	 response to a given equation, multi-step problem, proposition or conjecture, including: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated 	 response to a given equation, multi-step problem, proposition or conjecture, including: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated 	 response to a given equation, multi-step problem, proposition or conjecture, including: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated 	 response to a given equation, multi-step problem, proposition or conjecture, including: an approach based on a conjecture and/or stated or
6.C.9	 assumptions a logical and complete progression of steps precision of calculation correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels 	 assumptions a logical and complete progression of steps precision of calculation correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels 	 assumptions a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps minor calculation errors some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels 	 faulty assumptions an incomplete or illogical progression of steps major calculation errors limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels

Grade 6: Sub-Claim C In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 6 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable			
arguments, critiquing the Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	reasoning of others and/or atte Level 4: Meets Expectations	nding to precision when making r vel 3: Approaches Expectations	nathematical statements. Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
 complete justification of a conclusion generalization of an argument or conclusion evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity and efficiency of other's responses, approaches and reasoning, and providing a counter-example where applicable. identifying and describing errors in solutions and presents correct solutions. distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed. If there is a flaw, presents correct reasoning. 	 complete justification of a conclusion evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning. identifying and describing error in solutions and presents correct solutions. 	 partial justification of a conclusion evaluating the validity of other's approaches and conclusion. identifying and describing errors in solutions. 	 partial justification of a conclusion

		Grade 6: S	ub-Claim D		
	In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Grade 6 by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for Grade 6 (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in				
	the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, making				
	use of str	ructure and/or looking for and ex	pressing regularity in repeated re	easoning.	
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets	
			Expectations	Expectations	
Modeling	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	
6.D.1	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	
6.D.2	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	
6.D.3	the student d evises a plan to	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to	
	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	
	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	
	life, society and the workplace	life, society and the workplace	life, society and the workplace	life, society and the workplace	
	by:	by:	by:	by:	
	 using stated assumptions and 	 using stated assumptions and 	 using stated assumptions and 	 using stated assumptions 	
	making assumptions and	making assumptions and	approximations to simplify a	and approximations to	
	approximations to simplify a	approximations to simplify a	real-world situation	simplify a real-world	
	real-world situation	real-world situation	 illustrating relationships 	situation	
	 mapping relationships 	 mapping relationships 	between important quantities	 identifying important 	
	between important	between important quantities	by using provided tools to	quantities by using provided	
	quantities by selecting	by selecting appropriate	create models	tools to create models	
	appropriate tools to create	tools to create models	 analyzing relationships 	 analyzing relationships 	
	models	 analyzing relationships 	mathematically between	mathematically to draw	
	 analyzing relationships 	mathematically between	important quantities to draw	conclusions	
	mathematically between	important quantities to draw	conclusions	 writing an incomplete 	
	important quantities to draw	conclusions	 writing an incomplete 	algebraic expression or	
	conclusions	 writing a complete, clear, and 	algebraic expression or	equation to describe a	
	• writing a complete, clear and	correct algebraic expression	equation to describe a	situation	
	correct algebraic expression		situation		

	Grade 6: Sub-Claim D			
In connection with content, th knowledge and skills articulat the standards for previous g problems and persevering to use of	In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Grade 6 by applyin knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for Grade 6 (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, making			
Level 5: Exceeds Expectation	s Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets	
		Expectations	Expectations	
 or equation to describe a situation applying proportional reasoning writing/using functions to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another using reasonable estimates known quantities in a chair of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity reflecting on whether the results make sense improving the model if it ha not served its purpose interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation analyzing and/or creating limitations, relationships and interpreting goals within the model analyzing, justifying and defending models which lead to a conclusion 	or equation to describe a situation • applying proportional reasoning • writing/using functions to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another • using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity • reflecting on whether the results make sense • improving the model if it has not served its purpose • interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation	 applying proportional reasoning writing/using functions to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity reflecting on whether the results make sense modifying the model if it has not served its purpose interpreting mathematical results in a simplified context 	 applying proportional reasoning using functions to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another using unreasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity 	

Grade 7 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors

	Grade 7 Math : Sub-Claim A			
	The student solves problems in	Volving Major Content for Grade	/ with connections to the Standa	rds for Mathematical Practice.
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Proportional Relationship s 7.RP.1	Analyzes and uses proportional relationships to solve real-world and mathematical problems, including multi-step	Analyzes and uses proportional relationships to solve real-world and mathematical problems, including simple ratio/percent	Uses proportional relationships to solve real-world and mathematical problems, including simple ratio/percent	Identifies proportional relationships to solve mathematical problems, including ratio/percent
7.RP.2a 7.RP.2b	ratio/percent problems.	problems.	problems.	problems.
7.RP.2c 7.RP.2d 7.RP.3-1 7.RP.3-2	Computes unit rates of quantities associated with ratios of fractions. Decides whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship and identifies the constant of proportionality (unit rate) in tables, equations,	Computes unit rates of quantities associated with ratios of fractions. Decides whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship and identifies the constant of proportionality (unit rate) in tables, equations,	Computes unit rates of quantities associated with ratios of fractions. Decides whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship and identifies the constant of proportionality (unit rate) in tables, equations,	Identifies whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship.
	diagrams, verbal descriptions and graphs.	diagrams, verbal descriptions and graphs.	diagrams, verbal descriptions and graphs.	
	Interprets a point (<i>x</i> , <i>y</i>) on the graph of a proportional relationship in terms of the situation, with special attention to the points (0, 0) and (1, <i>r</i>) where <i>r</i> is the unit rate.	Interprets a point (x, y) on the graph of a proportional relationship in terms of the situation, with special attention to the points (0, 0) and (1, r) where r is the unit rate.	Uses equations representing a proportional relationship to solve mathematical and real- world problems, including ratio and percent problems.	
	Represents proportional relationships by equations and uses them to solve mathematical and real-world problems, including multi-step ratio and percent problems.	Represents proportional relationships by equations and uses them to solve mathematical and real-world problems, including simple ratio and percent problems.		
	Determines when it is appropriate to use unit rates and understands its limitations.			
Operations with Fractions 7.NS.1a	Performs operations on positive and negative rational numbers in multi-step mathematical and real-world problems.	Performs operations on positive and negative rational numbers in multi-step mathematical and real-world problems.	Performs operations on positive and negative rational numbers in mathematical and real-world problems.	Performs operations on positive and negative rational numbers in mathematical problems.
7.NS.1b-1 7.NS.1b-2 7.NS.1c-1 7.NS.1d 7.NS.2a-1 7.NS.2a-2	Represents addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line and recognizes situations in which opposite quantities combine to	Represents addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line and recognizes situations in which opposite quantities combine to	Represents addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line and recognizes situations in which opposite quantities combine to	Represents addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line.
7.NS.2b-1 7.NS.2b-2 7.NS.2c 7.NS.3 7.EE.3	Determines reasonableness of a solution and interprets solutions in real-world contexts.	Determines reasonableness of a solution.	inake 2010.	

	Grade 7 Math : Sub-Claim A The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 7 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets
		•••••	Expectations	Expectations
	Using the properties of operations, justifies the steps taken to solve multi-step mathematical and real-world problems involving rational numbers.			
Expressions,	Applies properties of operations	Applies properties of operations	Applies properties of operations	Applies properties of operations
Equations	as strategies to add, subtract,	as strategies to add, subtract,	as strategies to add, subtract	as strategies to add and
anu Inoqualitios	actor and expand linear	actor and expand linear	and expand intear expressions.	subtract linear expressions.
7 FF 1		expressions.	Solves two-sten linear	Solves one-sten linear
7.FF.2	Solves multi-sten linear	Solves two-step linear	equations with rational	equations with rational
7.EE.4a-1	equations with rational	equations with rational	coefficients.	coefficients.
7.EE.4a-2	coefficients.	coefficients.		
7.EE.4b			In a mathematical context,	
	In mathematical or real-world	In a mathematical or real-world	uses variables to represent	
	contexts, uses variables to	context, uses variables to	quantities, construct and solve	
	represent quantities, construct	represent quantities, construct	equations and inequalities, and	
	and solve equations and	and solve equations and	graph solution sets.	
	inequalities, and graph and	inequalities, and graph solution		
	interpret solution sets.	sets.		
	Rewrites an expression in different forms.			
	Describes the relationship			
	between equivalent quantities			
	that are expressed algebraically			
	in different forms in a problem			
	context and explains their			
	equivalence in light of the			
	context of the problem.			

	Grade 7 Math: Sub-Claim B					
	The student solves problems	The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 7 with connections to the Standards for				
		Mathemati	cal Practice.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations Level 4: Meets Expectations Level 3: Approaches Level 2: Partiall					
			Expectations	Expectations		
Representin	Draws geometric figures –	Draws geometric figures –	Draws geometric figures –	Draws geometric figures –		
g Geometric	freehand, with a ruler and	freehand, with a ruler and	freehand, with a ruler and	freehand, with a ruler and		
Figures	protractor or with technology –	protractor or with technology –	protractor, or with technology –	protractor, or with technology –		
7.G.2	and describes their attributes.	and describes their attributes.	and describes some of their	and describes some of their		
7.G.3			attributes.	attributes.		
	Constructs triangles with given	Constructs triangles with given				
	angle and side conditions and	angle and side conditions.	Constructs triangles with given			
	notices when those conditions		angle and side conditions.			
	determine a unique triangle, >1					
	triangle or no triangle.	Describes the two-dimensional				
		figures that result from slicing				
	Describes two-dimensional	three-dimensional figures by a				
	figures that result from slicing	plane parallel or perpendicular				
	three-dimensional figures by a	to a base or face.				

	Grade 7 Math: Sub-Claim B			
	The student solves problems	involving Additional and Support Mathemati	ing Content for Grade 7 with cor cal Practice.	nections to the Standards for
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
	plane which may or may not be parallel or perpendicular to a base or face			
Drawings and Measureme nt 7.G.1 7.G.4-1 7.G.4-2	Solves mathematical and real- world problems involving circumference, area, surface area and volume of two-and three-dimensional objects, including composite objects.	Solves mathematical and real- world problems involving circumference, area, surface area and volume of two-and three-dimensional objects.	Solves mathematical problems involving circumference, area, surface area and volume of two- and three -dimensional objects.	Solves mathematical problems involving circumference and area of two-dimensional objects.
7.G.5 7.G.6	Solves problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures, including reproducing a scale drawing at a different scale.	Solves problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures, including reproducing a scale drawing at a different scale.	Solves problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures.	Solves problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures.
	Represents angle relationships using equations to solve for unknown angles.	Represents angle relationships using equations to solve for unknown angles.	Uses facts about angle relationships to determine the measure of unknown angles.	
	Produces a logical conclusion about the relationship between circle circumference and area.			
Random Sampling and Comparative	Understands and uses random sampling to draw inferences about a population.	Understands and uses random sampling to draw inferences about a population.	Draws inferences about a population from a table or graph of random samples.	Compares two populations based on measures of center and measures of variability.
Inferences 7.SP.1 7.SP.2 7.SP.3 7.SP.4	Draws relevant informal comparative inferences about 2 populations, including assessing the degree of visual overlap of 2 numerical data distributions with similar variabilities.	Draws relevant informal comparative inferences about two populations.	Draws informal comparative inferences about two populations.	
	Generates multiple samples of the same size to gauge the variation in estimates or predictions.			
	Analyzes whether a sample is representative of a population.			
Chance Processes and	Understands that the probability of a chance event is a number between 0 and 1 that	Understands that the probability of a chance event is a number between 0 and 1 that	Understands that the probability of a chance event is a number between 0 and 1 that	Understands that the probability of a chance event is a number between 0 and 1 that
Probability Models 7.SP.5	expresses the likelihood of the event occurring.	expresses the likelihood of the event occurring.	expresses the likelihood of the event occurring.	expresses the likelihood of the event occurring.
7.SP.6 7.SP.7a 7.SP.7b 7.SP.8a 7.SP.8b 7 SP.8c	Generates a sample space to determine the probability of simple or compound events using methods such as organized lists, tables, tree diagrams or simulations	Finds probabilities when given sample spaces for simple and compound events using methods such as organized lists, tables and tree diagrams.	Finds probabilities when given sample spaces for simple events using methods such as organized lists and tables.	

Grade 7 Math: Sub-Claim B The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 7 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Approximates the probability of a chance event by collecting data. Develops probability models to determine the probabilities of events. Designs and uses a simulation to generate frequencies for compound events. Designs and uses a simulation to estimate the probability of a compound event.	Develops a model to approximate the probability of a chance event and predicts approximate frequencies when given the probability or by observing frequencies in data generated from the process.		

	Grade 7 Math: Sub-Claim C			
	In connection with content, the	student expresses Grade 7 appro	opriate mathematical reasoning b	y constructing viable arguments, matical statements
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations Level 4: Meets Expectations Level 3: Approaches Level 2: Partially Meet			
		•••••	Expectations	Expectations
Properties of Operations 7.C.1.1 7.C.1.2 7.C.2	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response based on properties of operations and relationship between addition and subtraction or multiplication and division, including: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions a logical and complete progression of steps precision of calculation correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols, labels complete justification of a conclusion generalization of an argument or conclusion evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, conclusions and reasoning, and correcting and providing counter- 	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including: • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions • a logical and complete progression of steps • precision of calculation • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • complete justification of a conclusion • evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses , approaches, conclusions, and reasoning .	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a complete response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including: • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions • a logical , but incomplete, progression of steps • minor calculation errors • some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • partial justification of a conclusion • evaluating the validity of other's approaches and conclusions	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on the properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction or between multiplication and division, including: • a faulty approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions • an incomplete or illogical progression of steps • major calculation errors • limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • partial justification of a conclusion
1	examples where applicable.			

	Grade 7 Math: Sub-Claim C			
	In connection with content, the	student expresses Grade 7 appro	opriate mathematical reasoning b	y constructing viable arguments,
	critiquing the reaso	oning of others and/or attending	to precision when making mathe	matical statements.
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets
Comercia	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	Expectations	Expectations
Concrete	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities	in connection with the content	In connection with the content
and	described in Sub-claims A and B	described in Sub-claims A and B	described in Sub-claims A and B	described in Sub-claims A and B
Diagrams	the student clearly constructs	the student clearly constructs	the student constructs and	the student constructs and
	and communicates a complete	and communicates a complete	communicates an incomplete	communicates an incomplete
7.0.5	response based on concrete	response based on concrete	response based on concrete	response based on concrete
7.0.4	referents provided in the	referents provided in the	referents provided in the	referents provided in the
	prompt or constructed by the	prompt or constructed by the	prompt or in simple cases .	prompt such as: diagrams.
	student such as diagrams that	student such as: diagrams that	constructed by the student	number line diagrams or
	are connected to a written	are connected to a written	such as: diagrams that are	coordinate plane diagrams.
	(symbolic) method, number line	(symbolic) method, number line	connected to a written	which may include:
	diagrams or coordinate plane	diagrams or coordinate plane	(symbolic) method, number line	• a faulty approach based on a
	diagrams, including:	diagrams, including:	diagrams or coordinate plane	conjecture and/or stated
	 a logical approach based on a 	 a logical approach based on a 	diagrams, including:	assumptions
	conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated	• a logical approach based on a	 an illogical and incomplete
	assumptions	assumptions	conjecture and/or stated	progression of steps
	 a logical and complete 	 a logical and complete 	assumptions	 major calculation errors
	progression of steps	progression of steps	 a logical, but incomplete, 	 limited use of grade-level
	 precision of calculation 	• precision of calculation	progression of steps	vocabulary, symbols and
	 correct use of grade-level 	 correct use of grade-level 	 minor calculation errors 	labels
	vocabulary, symbols and	vocabulary, symbols and	 some use of grade-level 	 partial justification of a
	labels	labels	vocabulary, symbols and	conclusion
	 complete justification of a 	 complete justification of a 	labels	
	conclusion	conclusion	 partial justification of a 	
	generalization of an	• evaluating, interpreting and	conclusion	
	argument or conclusion	critiquing the validity of	 evaluation the validity of 	
	 evaluating, interpreting and 	other's responses,	other's approaches and	
	officiency of other's	approaches, conclusions and	conclusions.	
		reasoning.		
	conclusions and reasoning			
	and providing a			
	counterevample where			
	annlicable			
Distinguish	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content
Correct	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities
Explanation	described in Sub-claims A and B.	described in Sub-claims A and B.	described in Sub-claims A and B.	described in Sub-claims A and B.
/ Reasoning	the student clearly constructs	the student clearly constructs	the student constructs and	the student constructs and
from that	and communicates a complete	and communicates a complete	communicates a complete	communicates an incomplete
which is	response to a given equation,	response to a given equation,	response to a given equation,	response to a given equation,
Flawed	multi-step problem, proposition	multi-step problem, proposition	multi-step problem, proposition	multi-step problem, proposition
7.C.5	or conjecture, including:	or conjecture, including:	or conjecture, including:	or conjecture, including:
7.C.6.1	 a logical approach based on a 	 a logical approach based on a 		• a faulty approach based on a
7.C.7.1	conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated	• a logical approach based on a	conjecture and/or stated
7.C.7.2	assumptions	assumptions	conjecture and/or stated	assumptions
7.C.7.3	 a logical and complete 	 a logical and complete 	assumptions	 an illogical and incomplete
7.C.7.4	progression of steps	progression of steps	• a logical, but incomplete,	progression of steps
7.C.8	 precision of calculation 	 precision of calculation 	progression of steps	 major calculation errors
	 correct use of grade-level 	• correct use of grade-level	• minor calculation errors	 limited use of grade-level
	vocabulary, symbols, labels	vocabulary, symbols, labels	• some use of grade-level	vocabulary, symbols, labels
	 complete justification of a 	• complete justification of a	vocabulary, symbols and	 partial justification of a
	conclusion	conclusion	labels	conclusion

Grade 7 Math: Sub-Claim C In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 7 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable argumer critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.			
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
 generalization of an argument or conclusion evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity and efficiency of other's responses, approaches, conclusions and reasoning, and provides a counterexample where applicable. identifying and describing errors in solutions and presents correct solutions distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed. If there is a flaw, presents correct reasoning. 	 evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, conclusions and reasoning. identifying and describing errors in solutions and presents correct solutions. 	 partial justification of a conclusion evaluating the validity of other's approaches and conclusions. identifying and describing errors in solutions. 	

		Grade 7 Math	n: Sub-Claim D			
	In connection with content, the	student solves real-world proble	ems with a degree of difficulty ap	propriate to Grade 7 by applying		
	knowledge and skills articulated	d in the standards for Grade 7 (or	r for more complex problems, kno	owledge and skills articulated in		
	the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of					
	problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for					
	the making us	e of structure and/or looking for	and expressing regularity in repe	ated reasoning		
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets		
			Expectations	Expectations		
Modeling	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content		
7.D.1	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities		
7.D.2	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,		
7.D.3	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to		
7.D.4	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving		
	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday		
	life, society and the workplace	life, society and the workplace	life, society and the workplace	life, society and the workplace		
	by:	by:	by:	by:		
	 using stated assumptions and 	 using stated assumptions and 	 using stated assumptions and 	 using stated assumptions and 		
	making assumptions and	making assumptions and	approximations to simplify a	approximations to simplify a		
	approximations to simplify a	approximations to simplify a	real-world situation	real-world situation		
	real-world situation	real-world situation	 illustrating relationships 	 identifying important 		
	 mapping relationships 	 mapping relationships 	between important quantities	quantities using provided tools		
	between important quantities	between important quantities	by using provided tools to	to create models		
	by selecting appropriate tools to	by selecting appropriate tools	create models	 analyzing relationships 		
	create models	to create models	 analyzing relationships 	mathematically to draw		
	 analyzing relationships 	 analyzing relationships 	mathematically between	conclusions		
	mathematically between	mathematically between	important quantities to draw	 writing an incomplete 		
	important quantities to draw	important quantities to draw	conclusions	algebraic expression or		
	conclusions	conclusions	 writing an incomplete 	equation to describe a situation		
	 writing a complete, clear and 	• writing a complete , clear and	algebraic expression or	 applying proportional 		
	correct algebraic expression or	correct algebraic expression or	equation to describe a situation	reasoning using functions to		
	equation to describe a situation	equation to describe a situation	 applying proportional 	describe how one quantity of		
	 applying proportional 	 applying proportional 	reasoning	interest depends on another		
	reasoning	reasoning				

	Grade 7 Math	: Sub-Claim D	
In connection with content, the	student solves real-world proble	ms with a degree of difficulty app	propriate to Grade 7 by applying
knowledge and skills articulated	1 in the standards for Grade 7 (or	for more complex problems, kno	owledge and skills articulated in
the standards for previous grad	des/courses), engaging particulai	ly in the Modeling practice, and	where helpful making sense of
problems and persevering to sol	ve them, reasoning abstractly, ar	nd quantitatively, using appropria	te tools strategically, looking for
the making use	e of structure and/or looking for	and expressing regularity in repea	ated reasoning
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Weets Expectations	Ever 3: Approaches	Ever 2: Partially weets
 • writing/using functions to	• writing/using functions to	• writing/using functions to	• Using Unreasonable estimates
describe how one quantity of	describe how one quantity of	describe how one quantity of	of known guantities in a chain
interest depends on another	interest depends on another	interest depends on another	of reasoning that vields an
 using reasonable estimates of 	 using reasonable estimates of 	 using reasonable estimates of 	estimate of an unknown
known quantities in a chain of	known quantities in a chain of	known quantities in a chain of	quantity
reasoning that yields an	reasoning that yields an	reasoning that yields an	
estimate of an unknown	estimate of an unknown	estimate of an unknown	
quantity	quantity	quantity	
 reflecting on whether the 	 reflecting on whether the 	 reflecting on whether the 	
results make sense	results make sense	results make sense	
 improving the model if it has 	 improving the model if it has 	 modifying the model if it has 	
not served its purpose	not served its purpose	not served its purpose	
 Interpreting mathematical 	 Interpreting mathematical 	 Interpreting mathematical 	
results in the context of the	results in the context of the	results in a simplified context	
situation	situation		
 analyzing and/or creating 			
constraints, relationships and			
guals			
• analyzing, justifying and defending models which lood			
to a conclusion			
	L	L	

Grade 8 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors

	Grade 8 Math : Sub-Claim A The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 8 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practic			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Expressions and Equations 8 EE.1 8 EE.2	Evaluates and generates equivalent numerical expressions using and applying properties of integer exponents. Solves equations of the form x^2 = p and $x^3 = p$, representing solutions using v or $\sqrt[3]{}$	Evaluates and generates equivalent numerical expressions using and applying properties of integer exponents. Solves equations of the form x^2 = p , where p is a perfect square, and solves equations of the form $x^3 = p$, where p is a perfect	Evaluates numerical expressions using properties of integer exponents. Partially solves equations of the form $x^2 = p$, where p is a positive rational number and a perfect square < or = to 100, by representing only the positive	Evaluates numerical expressions using properties of integer exponents.
Scientific Notation 8.EE.3 8.EE.4-1 8.EE.4-2	Using scientific notation, estimates very large and very small quantities, determines how many times as large a number is in relation to another. Performs operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation. Interprets scientific notation that has been generated by technology. Chooses appropriate units for measuring very large or very small quantities.	cube. Using scientific notation, estimates very large and very small quantities. Performs operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation.	solution of the equation. Using scientific notation, estimates very large quantities. Performs operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation.	Using scientific notation, estimates very large quantities.
Proportional Relationship s and Linear Equations 8.EE.5-1 8.EE.5-2 8.EE.6-1 8.F.3-1	context. Graphs linear relationships in the form <i>y=mx+b</i> , including proportional relationships. Interprets the unit rate as the slope of the graph of a proportional relationship and applies these concepts to solve real-world problems.	Graphs linear relationships, in the form <i>y=mx+b</i> , including proportional relationships. Interprets the unit rate as the slope of the graph of a proportional relationship and applies these concepts to solve real-world problems .	Graphs linear relationships, in the form y=mx+b, including proportional relationships. Interprets the unit rate as the slope of the graph of a proportional relationship.	Graphs linear relationships, in the form <i>y=mx+b</i> .
	Compares two different proportional relationships represented in different ways. Interprets <i>y=mx+b</i> as defining a linear function. Uses similar triangles to show that the slope is the same between any two distinct points on a non-vertical line in the coordinate plane.	Compares two different proportional relationships represented in different ways.	Makes some comparisons between two different proportional relationships represented in different ways.	

	The student colors and blance is	Grade 8 Math	1 : Sub-Claim A	
	The student solves problems in	nvolving Major Content for Grade	8 with connections to the Stand	ards for Mathematical Practice.
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Solving	Solves mathematical and real-	Solves linear equations in one	Solves linear equations in one	Solves linear equations in one
Linear	world problems linear	variable, with rational number	variable, with rational number	variable, with rational number
Equations	equations in one variable, with	coefficients, including those that	coefficients, including those	coefficients.
8.EE.7b	rational number coefficients,	require use of the distributive	that require use of the	
8.EE.C.Int. 1	including those that require use	property and combining like	distributive property or	
	of the distributive property and	terms.	combining like terms.	
	combining like terms.			
Simultaneou	Analyzes and solves	Analyzes and solves	Solves mathematical problems	Solves mathematical problems
S	mathematical and real-world	mathematical problems leading	leading to pairs of simultaneous	leading to pairs of simultaneous
Linear	problems leading to pairs of	to pairs of simultaneous linear	linear equations graphically and	linear equations graphically,
Equations	simultaneous linear equations	equations graphically and	by inspection .	where the graph is provided.
8.EE.8a	graphically, algebraically and by	algebraically.		
8.EE.8b-1	inspection.			
8.EE.8b-2				
8.EE.8D-3	Understands the relationship			
8.EE.8C	between the graphic			
	representation and the			
	system			
	system.			
	Verifies a solution utilizing			
	multiple methods to prove			
	accuracy.			
Functions	Understands that a function is	Understands that a function is a	Understands that a function is a	Understands that a function is a
8.F.1-1	a rule assigning to each input	rule that assigns to each input	rule that assigns to each input	rule that assigns to each input
8.F.1-2	exactly 1 output, which can be	exactly one output and can be	exactly one output and can be	exactly one output.
8.F.2	graphed as a set of ordered pairs.	graphed as a set of ordered	graphed as a set of ordered	
8.F.3-2		pairs.	pairs.	
	Compares properties of two			
	functions represented in	Compares properties of two		
	different ways.	functions represented in		
		different ways.		
	identifies and proves functions			
Construction	Lindt are non-linear.	Describes the offect of dilations	Describes the offect of	Describes the offect of
congruence	dilations translations rotations	translations, rotations and	translations, rotations and	translations, rotations or
anu Similarity	and reflections on two-	reflections on two-dimensional	reflections on two-dimensional	reflections on two-dimensional
8 G 1a	dimensional figures with and	figures with coordinates and	figures without coordinates and	figures without coordinates and
8.G.1b	without coordinates.	determines whether two given	determines whether two given	determines whether two given
8.G.1c	determines whether two given	figures are congruent or similar	figures are congruent.	figures are congruent.
8.G.2	figures are congruent or similar	through one or more	5 5	5
8.G.3	through one or more	transformations.		
8.G.4	transformations and describes			
	the sequence of			
	transformations to justify			
	congruence or similarity of			
	two figures.			
Pythagorean	Applies the Pythagorean	Applies the Pythagorean	Applies the Pythagorean	Applies the Pythagorean
Theorem	Theorem in real world and	Theorem in a simple planar case	Theorem in solving for any side	Theorem in solving for the
8.G.7-1	mathematical problems in two	and to find the distance	of the right triangle in a simple	hypotenuse of a right triangle in
8.G.7-2	and three dimensions and to	between two points in a	planar case without	a simple planar case without
8.G.8	nna the aistance between two	coordinate system.	coordinates.	coordinates.
	points in a coordinate system.			

Grade 8 Math : Sub-Claim A			
The student solves problems in	volving Major Content for Grade	8 with connections to the Standa	ards for Mathematical Practice.
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets
		Expectations	Expectations
Recognizes situations to apply the Pythagorean Theorem in multi-step problems.			

	The student solves problems	involving Additional and Suppor	ting Content for Grade 8 with co	nnections to the Standards for
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Mathemati Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Rational Numbers 8.NS.1 8.NS.2	Distinguishes between rational and irrational numbers, understands that these numbers have decimal expansions and approximates their locations on a number line, and converts between terminating decimals or decimals that repeat eventually and fractional representations of rational numbers.	Distinguishes between rational and irrational numbers, understands that these numbers have decimal expansions and approximates their locations on a number line, and converts between terminating decimals or repeating decimals of the form (0.aaa) and fractional representations of rational numbers.	Distinguishes between rational and irrational numbers and understands that these numbers have decimal expansions and approximates their locations on a number line.	Distinguishes between rational and irrational numbers and approximates their locations on a number line.
Modeling with Functions 8.F.4 8.F.5-1 8.F.5-2	Constructs a function to model a linear relationship between two quantities described with or without a context. Given a description of a	Constructs a function to model a linear relationship between two quantities described with or without a context. Given two (x,y) values in a	Constructs a function to model a linear relationship between two quantities in a table or a graph. Determines the rate of change	Identifies a function to model a linear relationship between two quantities in a table or a graph. Determines the rate of change or initial value of the function
	relationship or two (<i>x</i> , <i>y</i>) values in a table of values or a graph, determines the rate of change and initial value of the function. Analyzes and describes the functional relationship between two quantities	table of values or a graph, determines the rate of change and initial value of the function. Analyzes the graph of a linear function to describe the functional relationship between two quantities.	and initial value of the function from a table or graph that contains the initial value. Analyzes the graph of a linear function to describe the functional relationship	from a table or graph that contains the initial value.
	Sketches a graph of a function when given a written description.	Sketches the graph of a function when given a written description.	between two quantities.	
Volume 8.G.9	Identifies the formulas for the volume of cones, cylinders and spheres, and uses them to find the volume or dimensions of solids in mathematical and real- world problems.	Identifies the formulas for the volume of cones, cylinders and spheres, and uses them to find the volume of solids in mathematical and real-world problems.	Identifies the formulas for the volume of cones, cylinders and spheres, and uses them to find the volume of solids in mathematical problems.	Identifies the formulas for the volume of cones, cylinders and spheres.
	multiple composite mathematical solids.			
Bivariate Data	Analyzes and describes the patterns of association that can	Analyzes and describes the patterns of association that can	Describes the patterns of association that can be seen in	Describes the patterns of association that can be seen in

	Grade 8 Math: Sub-Claim B The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 8 with connections to the Standards for			
		Mathemati	cal Practice.	
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
8.SP.1 8.SP.2 8.SP.3 8.SP.4	be seen in bivariate data by constructing, displaying and interpreting scatter plots and two-way tables.	be seen in bivariate data by constructing, displaying and interpreting scatter plots and two-way tables.	bivariate data by interpreting scatter plots and two-way tables.	bivariate data by interpreting scatter plots and two-way tables.
	Uses the equation of a linear model to solve problems in context.	Uses the equation of a linear model to solve problems in context.	Uses a given equation of a linear model to solve problems in context.	
	Informally fits a straight line to a scatter plot that suggests a linear association and assesses the model fit.	Informally fits a straight line to a scatter plot that suggests a linear association.	Identifies a line of best fit for a scatter plot that suggests a linear association.	
	Compares linear models used to fit the same set of data to determine which is a better fit.			

		Grade 8: S	ub-Claim C			
	In connection with content	In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 8 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable				
	arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.					
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets		
			Expectations	Expectations		
Graphs and	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content		
Equations	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities		
8.C.1.1	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and		
8.C.1.2	the student clearly constructs	the student clearly constructs	the student constructs and	B, the student constructs and		
8.C.2	and communicates a complete	and communicates a complete	communicates a complete	communicates an incomplete		
	response based on the principle	response based on the principle	response based on the principle	response based on the		
	that a graph of an equation in	that a graph of an equation in	that a graph of an equation in	principle that a graph of an		
	two variables is the set of all its	two variables is the set of all its	two variables is the set of all its	equation in two variables is the		
	solutions and a given equation	solutions and a given equation	solutions and a given equation	set of all its solutions and a		
	or system of equations	or system of equations	or system of equations	given equation or system of		
	including:	including:	including:	equations including:		
	 a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions 	 a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions 	 a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions 	 a faulty approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions 		
	 a logical and complete progression of steps 	 a logical and complete progression of steps 	 a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps 	 an illogical or incomplete progression of steps 		
	 precision of calculation 	 precision of calculation 	 minor calculation errors 	 major calculation errors 		
	 correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels 	 correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels 	 some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels 	 limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels 		
	 complete justification of a conclusion 	 complete justification of a conclusion 	 partial justification of a conclusion 	 partial justification of a conclusion 		
	 generalization of an argument or conclusion 	 evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of 	 evaluating the validity of other's approaches and 			
	 evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity and efficiency of other's responses, approaches and 	other's responses, approaches, conclusions and reasoning	conclusions			
	. coponisco, approactico alta					

	Grade 8: Sub-Claim C			
	In connection with conten	t, the student expresses Grade 8	appropriate mathematical reason	ning by constructing viable
	arguments, critiquing the	reasoning of others and/or atter	nding to precision when making r	nathematical statements.
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets
			Expectations	Expectations
	reasoning, conclusions and			
	reasoning correcting and			
	where applicable			
Reasoning	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content
8 C 3 1	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities	knowledge skills and abilities
8 C 3 2	described in Sub-claims A and B	described in Sub-claims A and B	described in Sub-claims A and B	described in Sub-claims A and
8.0.3.3	the student clearly constructs	the student clearly constructs	the student constructs and	B, the student constructs and
8.C.4.1	and communicates a complete	and communicates a complete	communicates a complete	communicates an incomplete
8.C.6	response based on a chain of	response based on a chain of	response based on a chain of	response based on a chain of
	reasoning to justify or refute	reasoning to justify or refute	reasoning to justify or refute	reasoning to justify or refute
	algebraic, function or linear-	algebraic, function or linear-	algebraic, function or linear-	algebraic, function or linear-
	equation propositions or	equation propositions or	equation propositions or	equation propositions or
	conjectures including:	conjectures including:	conjectures including:	conjectures including:
	 a logical approach based on a 	 a logical approach based on a 	• a logical approach based on	 a faulty approach based on a
	conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated	a conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated
	assumptions	assumptions	assumptions	assumptions
	 a logical and complete 	 a logical and complete 	• a logical, but incomplete,	 an illogical and incomplete
	progression of steps	progression of steps	progression of steps	progression of steps
	 precision of calculation 	• precision of calculation	• minor calculation errors	 major calculation errors
	 correct use of grade-level 	• correct use of grade-level	 some use of grade-level 	 limited use of grade-level
	vocabulary, symbols and	vocabulary, symbols and	vocabulary, symbols and	vocabulary, symbols and
	labels	labels	labels	labels
	 complete justification of a 	• complete justification of a	 partial justification of a 	 partial justification of a
	conclusion	conclusion	conclusion	conclusion.
	 generalization of an 	• evaluating, interpreting and	 evaluating the validity of 	
	argument or conclusion	critiquing the validity of	other's approaches and	
	 evaluating, interpreting and 	other's responses,	conclusions	
	critiquing the validity of	approaches, conclusions and		
	other's responses,	reasoning		
	approaches, conclusions and			
	reasoning, correcting and			
	providing a counterexample			
	where applicable			
Geometric	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content
Reasoning	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities
8.0.5.1	described in Sub-claims A and	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and
8.C.5.Z	B, the student clearly constructs	and communicators a complete		B, the student constructs and
0.0.3.3	and communicates a complete	and communicates a complete	response based on applying	communicates an incomplete
	geometric reasoning in a	geometric reasoning in a	geometric reasoning in a	geometric reasoning in a
	coordinate setting and/or use	coordinate setting and/or use	coordinate setting and/or use	coordinate setting and/or use
	coordinates to draw geometric	coordinates to draw geometric	coordinates to draw geometric	coordinates to draw geometric
	conclusions including:	conclusions including:	conclusions including:	conclusions including:
	 a logical approach based on 	 a logical approach based on a 	 a logical approach based on a 	 a faulty approach based on a
	a conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated
	assumptions	assumptions	assumptions	assumptions
	 a logical and complete 	 a logical and complete 	• a logical, but incomplete,	 an illogical and incomplete
	progression of steps	progression of steps	progression of steps	progression of steps
	 precision of calculation 	 precision of calculation 	• minor calculation errors	 major calculation errors
	 correct use of grade-level 	 correct use of grade-level 	 some use of grade-level 	 limited use of grade-level

Grade 8: Sub-Claim C			
In connection with content arguments, critiquing the	t, the student expresses Grade 8 reasoning of others and/or atter	appropriate mathematical reaso Iding to precision when making r	ning by constructing viable nathematical statements.
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
 vocabulary, symbols and labels complete justification of a conclusion generalization of an argument or conclusion evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity and efficiency of other's responses, approaches and reasoning, correcting and providing a counterexample where applicable identifying and describing errors in solutions and presenting correct solutions distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed. If there is a flaw, presents correct reasoning. 	 vocabulary, symbols and labels complete justification of a conclusion evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, conclusions and reasoning identifying and describing errors in solutions and presenting correct solutions 	 vocabulary, symbols and labels partial justification of a conclusion evaluating the validity of other's approaches and conclusions identifying and describing errors in solutions 	vocabulary, symbols and labels • partial justification of a conclusion
In connection with content, the knowledge and skills articulated the standards for previous gra	Grade 8: S student solves real-world proble d in the standards for Grade 8 (or des/courses), engaging particular	ub-Claim D ms with a degree of difficulty ap for more complex problems, kno ly in the Modeling practice, and	propriate to Grade 8 by applying owledge and skills articulated in where helpful making sense of
problems and persevering to sol	ve them, reasoning abstractly, ar	nd quantitatively, using appropria	ate tools strategically, looking fo

	and making use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets	
			Expectations	Expectations	
Modeling	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	
8.D.1	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	
8.D.2	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	
8.D.3	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to	
8.D.4	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	
	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	
	life, society and workplace by:	life, society and workplace by:	life, society and workplace by:	life, society and workplace by:	
	 using stated assumptions and making assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation 	 using stated assumptions and making assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation 	 using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation illustrating relationships 	 using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation identifying important 	
	 mapping relationships between important quantities by selecting appropriate tools to create models analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw 	 mapping relationships between important quantities by selecting appropriate tools to create models analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw 	 between important quantities by using provided tools to create models analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions 	 quantities using provided tools to create models analyzing relationships mathematically to draw conclusions writing an incomplete algebraic expression or 	
	conclusions	conclusions	 writing an incomplete 	equation to describe a	
	 writing a complete, clear and 	• writing a complete, clear and	algebraic expression or	situation	
	correct algebraic expression	correct algebraic expression	equation to describe a		

Grade 8: Sub-Claim D				
knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for Grade 8 (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in				
the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of				
and making use	e of structure and/or looking for a	and expressing regularity in repea	ated reasoning.	
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets	
		Expectations	Expectations	
or equation to describe a	or equation to describe a	situation		
situation	situation	 applying proportional 		
 applying proportional 	 applying proportional 	reasoning		
reasoning	reasoning	• writing/using functions to		
• writing/using functions to	• writing/using functions to	describe how one quantity of		
describe how one quantity of interest depends on another	describe how one quantity of interest depends on another	interest depends on another		
 using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity reflecting on whether the results make sense improving the model if it has not served its purpose interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation analyzing and/or creating constraints, relationships and goals analyzing, justifying and defending models which lead to a conclusion 	 using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity reflecting on whether the results make sense improving the model if it has not served its purpose interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation 	 using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity reflecting on whether the results make sense modifying the model if it has not served its purpose interpreting mathematical results in a simplified context 	 applying proportional reasoning using functions to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another using unreasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity 	

Algebra I Performance Level Descriptors

	Algebra I: Sub-Claim A The student solves problems involving Major Content for Algebra I with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Expressions A-SSE.1-1 A-SSE.1-2 A-SSE.2-1 A-SSE.2-4 A.APR.1-1	Writes and analyzes equivalent numerical and polynomial expressions in one variable, using addition, subtraction, multiplication and factoring, including multi-step problems. Interprets parts of complicated	Writes equivalent numerical and polynomial expressions in one variable, using addition, subtraction, multiplication and factoring. Interprets parts of exponential	Writes equivalent numerical and polynomial expressions in one variable, using addition, subtraction and multiplication. Identifies components of exponential and quadratic	Writes equivalent numerical and polynomial expressions in one variable, using addition, subtraction and multiplication. Identifies components of exponential expressions.
	exponential and quadratic expressions that represent a quantity in terms of its context.	and quadratic expressions that represent a quantity in terms of its context.	expressions.	
Interpreting Functions	Determines if a given relation is a function.	Determines if a given relation is a function.	Determines if a given relation is a function.	Determines if a given relation is a function.
F-IF.2 F-IF.A.Int.1	Evaluates with, uses and interprets with function	Evaluates with and uses function notation within a	Evaluates with and uses function notation.	Evaluates with and uses function notation.
F-IF.5-1 F-IF.5-2	Given a context, writes and analyzes a linear or quadratic function.	Given a context, writes a linear function.	Given a context, writes a linear function.	Given a context, writes a linear function.
	For linear and quadratic functions that model contextual relationships, determines and interprets key features, graphs the function and solves problems .	For linear and quadratic functions that model contextual relationships, determines key features and graphs the function.	For linear and quadratic functions that model contextual relationships, determines key features.	Given the graph of linear functions that model contextual relationships, determines key features.
	Determines the domain and relates it to the quantitative relationship it describes for a linear, quadratic, exponential (limited to domains in the integers), square root, cube root, piece-wise, step and absolute value functions.	Determines the domain and relates it to the quantitative relationship it describes for linear, quadratic and exponential (limited to domains in the integers) functions.	Determines the domain of linear and quadratic functions.	
Rate of Change F-IF.6-1a F-IF.6-1b F-IF.6-6a F-IF.6-6b	Calculates and interprets the average rate of change of linear, exponential, quadratic, square root, cube root and piecewise- defined functions (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified interval, and estimates the rate of change from a graph.	Calculates the average rate of change of linear, exponential and quadratic functions (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified interval and estimate the rate of change from a graph.	Calculates the average rate of change of linear, exponential and quadratic functions (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified interval.	Calculates the average rate of change of linear, exponential and quadratic functions (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified interval.
	compares rates of change associated with different intervals.			

	Algebra I: Sub-Claim A The student solves problems involving Major Content for Algebra I with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Solving Algebraically A-REI.3 A- REI.4a-1 A-REI.4b-1 A.REI.4b-2 A-CED.4-1 A-CED.4-2 HS-Int.1 HS-Int.2 HS-Int.2 HS-Int.3-2	Algebraically solves linear equations, linear inequalities and quadratics in one variable (at complexity appropriate to the course), including those with coefficients represented by letters. Utilizes structure and rewriting as strategies for solving.	Algebraically solves linear equations, linear inequalities and quadratics in one variable (at complexity appropriate to the course), including those with coefficients represented by letters.	Algebraically solves linear equations, linear inequalities and quadratics in one variable (at complexity appropriate to the course).	Algebraically solves linear equations and linear inequalities in one variable (at complexity appropriate to the course).
Solving Graphically A-CED.3-1 A-REI.10 A-REI.11-1a A-REI.11-1b A-REI.12	Graphs and analyzes the solution sets of equations, linear inequalities and systems of linear inequalities. Finds the solutions to two polynomial functions approximately, e.g., using technology to graph the functions, make tables of values, or find successive	Graphs the solution sets of equations, linear inequalities and systems of linear equations and linear inequalities. Finds the solutions to two polynomial functions approximately, e.g., using technology to graph the functions, make tables of values, or find successive	Graphs the solution sets of equations and linear inequalities. Finds the solutions to two polynomial functions approximately, e.g., using technology to graph the functions, make tables of values, or find successive	Graphs the solution sets of equations and linear inequalities. Given the graph, identify the solutions of a system of two polynomial functions.
	Writes a system of linear inequalities given a context.			

	Algebra I: Sub-Claim B The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Algebra I with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Number	Identifies rational and irrational	Identifies rational and irrational	Identifies rational and irrational	Identifies rational and irrational
Systems N-RN.B-1	numbers.	numbers.	numbers.	numbers.
	Calculates sums and products of	Calculates sums and products		
	two rational and/or irrational	of two rational and/or		
	numbers and determines	irrational numbers.		
	whether and generalizes when			
	the sums and products are			
	rational or irrational.			
Equivalent	Determines equivalent forms of	Determines equivalent forms of	Identifies equivalent forms of	Identifies equivalent forms of
Expressions	quadratic and exponential	quadratic expressions and	quadratic expressions and	quadratic expressions and
and	(with integer domain)	functions.	functions.	functions in cases where
Functions	expressions and functions to			suitable factorizations are
A-SSE.3a	reveal and explain their			provided.
A-SSE.3b	properties.	Uses equivalent forms to reveal	Identifies zeros and symmetry.	
A-SSE.3c-1		and explain zeros, extreme		
F.IF.8a		values and symmetry.		
Interpreting	Graphs linear, quadratic, cubic	Graphs linear, quadratic and	Graphs linear and quadratic	Graphs linear functions,
Graphs of	(in which linear and quadratic	cubic (in which linear and	functions, showing key	showing key features.

	Algebra I: Sub-Claim B The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Algebra I with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
Functions A-APR.3-1 F-IF.7a-1 F-IF.7a-2 F-IF.7b	factors are available), square root, cube root and piecewise- defined functions, showing key features. Determines a function, given a graph with key features identified.	quadratic factors are available) functions, showing key features.	features.		
Function Transformati ons F-BF.3-1 F-BF.3-4	Identifies the effects of multiple transformations on graphs of linear and quadratic functions and finds the value of <i>k</i> given a transformed graph. Experiments with cases using technology.	Identifies the effects of a single transformation on graphs of linear and quadratic functions, including <i>f</i> (<i>x</i>)+ <i>k</i> , <i>kf</i> (<i>x</i>), <i>f</i> (<i>kx</i>) and <i>f</i> (<i>x</i> + <i>k</i>), and finds the value of <i>k</i> given a transformed graph.	Identifies the effects of a single transformation on graphs of linear and quadratic functions, limited to <i>f</i> (<i>x</i>)+ <i>k</i> and <i>kf</i> (<i>x</i>).	Identifies the effects of a single transformation on graphs of linear and quadratic functions, limited to <i>f</i> (<i>x</i>)+ <i>k</i> .	
Multiple Representati	Given the equation of a transformed linear or quadratic function, creates an appropriate graph. Writes and analyzes systems of linear equations in multi-step	Writes systems of linear equations in multi-step	Writes systems of linear equations in multi-step	Writes systems of linear equations in simple contextual	
ons of Functions A-REI.6-1 F-LE.2-1 F-LE.2-2	contextual problems. Represents linear and exponential (with domain in the integers) functions symbolically	contextual problems. Represents linear and	contextual problems. Given a symbolic representation real-life	problems. Given a symbolic representation, real-life	
F-IF.9-1 F-Int.1-1 S-ID.Int.1 S-ID.Int.2 HS- Int.1 HS-Int.2	in real-life scenarios, graphically, with a verbal description, as a sequence and with input-output pairs to solve mathematical and contextual problems.	integers) functions symbolically, graphically and with input- output pairs to solve mathematical problems.	scenario, graph, verbal description, sequence or input- output pairs for linear and exponential functions (with domains in the integers), solves mathematical problems.	scenario, graph, verbal description, sequence or input- output pairs for linear functions, solves mathematical problems.	
HS-Int.3-2	Compares the properties of two functions represented in multiple ways, limited to linear, exponential (with domains in the integers), quadratic, square root and, absolute value cube root, piecewise and step.	functions represented in different ways, limited to linear quadratic, and, exponential (with domains in the integers).	Compares the properties of two functions represented in different ways, limited to linear and quadratic .	Compares the properties of two linear functions represented in different ways.	
Summarizing Representin	Determines appropriate representations of categorical	Determines appropriate representations of categorical	Given representations of categorical and quantitative	Given representations of categorical and quantitative	
g and Interpreting Data S-ID.5 S-ID.Int.1 S-ID.Int.2	and quantitative data, summarizing and interpreting the data and characteristics of the representations. Describes and interprets	and quantitative data, summarizing the data and characteristics of the representations.	data, summarizes the data and characteristics of the representations.	data, describes the characteristics of the representations.	

	Algebra I: Sub-Claim B The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Algebra I with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
	Loval E: Excoods Expostations	Lovel 4: Moots Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4. Weets expectations	Expectations	Expectations
	possible associations and			
	trends in the data.			

	Algebra I: Sub-Claim C In connection with content, the student expresses Algebra I appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable				
	arguments, critiquing the	reasoning of others and/or atter	nding to precision when making r	nathematical statements.	
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
Reasoning HS.C.2.1 HS.C.5.5 HS.C.5.6 HS.C.5.10.1 HS.C.6.1 HS.C.8.1 HS.C.9.1 HS.C.10.1 HS.C.10.1 HS.C.12.1 HS.C.16.2 HS.C.18.1	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response based on: the principle that a graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its solutions reasoning about linear and exponential growth properties of rational numbers or irrational numbers transformations of functions a chain of reasoning to justify or refute algebraic, function, or linear-equation propositions or conjectures a given equation or system of equations 	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a response based on: the principle that a graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its solutions reasoning about linear and exponential growth properties of rational numbers or irrational numbers of functions a chain of reasoning to justify or refute algebraic, function, or linear-equation propositions or conjectures a given equation or system of equations 	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a partial response based on: the principle that a graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its solutions reasoning about linear and exponential growth properties of rational numbers or irrational numbers transformations of functions a chain of reasoning to justify or refute algebraic, function, or linear-equation propositions or conjectures a given equation or system of equations the number or nature of 	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on: • the principle that a graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its solutions • reasoning about linear and exponential growth • properties of rational numbers or irrational numbers • transformations of functions • a chain of reasoning to justify or refute algebraic, function or linear-equation propositions or conjectures • a given equation or system of equations • the number or nature of	
	 using a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) providing an efficient and logical progression of steps or chain of reasoning with appropriate justification performing precise calculations using correct grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels providing a justification of a conclusion determining whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable evaluating, interpreting and 	 using a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) providing a logical progression of steps or chain of reasoning with appropriate justification performing precise calculations using correct grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels providing a justification of a conclusion evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of others' responses, approaches and reasoning - 	 using a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions providing a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps or chain of reasoning performing minor calculation errors using some grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels providing a partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations evaluating the validity of others' approaches and conclusions 	 using an approach based on a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions providing an incomplete or illogical progression of steps or chain of reasoning making an intrusive calculation error using limited grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels providing a partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations 	

	Algebra I: Sub-Claim C In connection with content, the student expresses Algebra I appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
	critiquing the validity of others' responses, approaches and reasoning – utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) – and providing a counter-example where applicable	utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)			
		Algebra I: S	Sub-Claim D		
	In connection with content, t applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards fo making sense of problems and strategically, looking for the	he student solves real-world pro articulated in the standards for A r previous grades/courses), enga d persevering to solve them, reas making use of structure and/or l	blems with a degree of difficulty lgebra I (or for more complex pro- ging particularly in the Modeling soning abstractly, and quantitativ ooking for and expressing regula	appropriate to Algebra I by oblems, knowledge and skills practice, and where helpful rely, using appropriate tools rity in repeated reasoning.	
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
Modeling HS.D.1-1 HS.D.2-5 HS.D.2-6 HS.D.2-8 HS.D.2-9 HS.D.3-1a HS.D.3-3a	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises and enacts a plan to apply mathematics in solving problems arising in everyday life, society and the workplace by: • using state assumptions and making assumption and approximations to simplify a real-world situation (includes micro-models) • mapping relationships between important quantities • selecting appropriate tools to create models • analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusion • analyzing and/or creating constraints, relationships and goals • interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation • reflecting on whether the	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises and enacts a plan to apply mathematics in solving problems arising in everyday life, society and the workplace by: • using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation (include micro-models) • mapping relationships between important quantities • selecting appropriate tools to create models • analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises and enacts a plan to apply mathematics in solving problems arising in everyday life, society and the workplace by: using state assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation illustrating relationships between important quantities using provided tools to create models analyzing relationship mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions interpreting mathematical results in a simplified context 	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises a plan to apply mathematics in solving problems arising in everyday life, society and the workplace by: using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation identifying important quantities using provided tools to create models analyzing relationships mathematically to draw conclusions writing an algebraic expression or equation to describe a situation applying proportional reasoning and percentages 	
	 improving the model if it has not served its purpose writing a complete, clear and correct algebraic expression or equation to describe a 	 interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation reflecting on whether the results make sense 	 reflecting on whether the results make sense modifying the model if it has not served its purpose writing an algebraic 	 using functions to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another using statistics using estimates of known 	

Algebra I: Sub-Claim D In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Algebra I by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for Algebra I (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning. Level 5: Exceeds Expectations Level 3: Approaches				
situation	• improving the model if it has	Expectations expression or equation to	Expectations quantities in a chain of	
 situation applying proportional reasoning and percentages justifying and defending models which lead to a conclusion using functions in any form to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another using statistics using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity 	 improving the model if it has not served its purpose writing a complete, clear and correct algebraic expression or equation to describe a situation applying proportional reasoning and percentages writing and using functions in any form to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another using statistics using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown 	 expression or equation to describe a situation applying proportional reasoning and percentages writing and using functions to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another using statistics using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity 	quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity	

Geometry Performance Level Descriptors

	Geometry: Sub-Claim A			
	The student solves problems inv	olving the Major Content Geome	try with connections to the Stan	dards for Mathematical Practice.
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets
Congruence			Expectations	Expectations
Congruence	Determines and uses	Uses given geometric theorems	Uses given geometric theorems	Uses given geometric theorems
one	theorems and properties of rigid	lines angles triangles and	lines angles triangles and	lines angles triangles and
	metions lines angles triangles	ines, angles, triangles and	intes, angles, triangles and	intes, angles, triangles and
G-CO C	motions, lines, angles, triangles	parallelograms to solve routine	parallelograms to solve routine	parallelograms to solve routine
0-co.c	and parallelograms to solve	problems and prove statements	problems and reason about	problems.
	problems and prove statements	about angle measurement,	angle measurement, triangles,	
	about angle measurement,	triangles, distance, line	distance, line properties and	
	triangles, distance, line	properties and congruence.	congruence.	
	properties and congruence.			
Similarity	Uses transformations and	Uses transformations to	Identifies transformation	Identifies transformation
G-SRI.1a G-	congruence and similarity	determine relationships among	relationships in simple	relationships in simple
SRT.1b G-	criteria for triangles to prove	simple geometric figures and to	geometric figures.	geometric figures in cases where
SRT.2	relationships among geometric	solve problems.		an image is provided.
G-SRT.5	figures and to solve problems.			
Similarity in	Uses trigonometric ratios, the	Uses trigonometric ratios, the	Uses trigonometric ratios and	Uses trigonometric ratios and
Trigonometr	Pythagorean Theorem and the	Pythagorean Theorem and the	the Pythagorean Theorem to	the Pythagorean Theorem to
У	relationship between sine and	relationship between sine and	determine the unknown side	determine the unknown side
G-SRT.6	cosine to solve right triangles in	cosine to solve right triangles in	lengths and angle	lengths of a right triangle.
G-SRT.7-2	applied problems.	applied problems.	measurements of a right	
G-SRT.8			triangle.	
	Uses similarity transformations			
	with right triangles to define			
	trigonometric ratios for acute			
	angles.			
Modeling	Uses geometric relationships in	Uses geometric relationships in	Uses provided geometric	Uses provided geometric
and Applying	the coordinate plane to solve	the coordinate plane to solve	relationships in the coordinate	relationships in the coordinate
G-SRT.7-2	problems involving area,	problems involving area,	plane to solve problems	plane to solve problems
G-SRT.8	perimeter and ratios of lengths.	perimeter and ratios of lengths.	involving area and perimeter.	involving area and perimeter.
G-GPE.6				
G-Int.1	Applies geometric concepts and	Applies geometric concepts to	Applies geometric concepts to	Applies geometric concepts to
	trigonometric ratios to describe	describe, model and solve	describe, model and solve	describe, model and solve
	model and solve applied	applied problems related to the	applied problems related to the	applied problems related to
	problems (including design	Pythagorean Theorem,	Pythagorean Theorem,	geometric shapes, their
	problems) related to the	geometric shapes, their	geometric shapes, their	measures, and properties.
	Pythagorean Theorem, density,	measures and properties.	measures and properties.	
	geometric shapes, their			
	measures and properties.			

	Geometry: Sub-Claim B The student solves problems involving the Additional and Supporting Content for Geometry with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
Transformati	Given a figure and a sequence	Given a figure and a	Given a figure and a	Given a figure and a	
ons	of transformations, draws the	transformation, draws the	transformation, draws the	transformation, identifies a	
G-CO.1	transformed figure.	transformed figure.	transformed figure.	transformed figure.	
G-CO.3 G-CO.5	Uses precise geometric terminology to specify a	Specifies a sequence of transformations that will carry			

	Geometry: Sub-Claim B				
	The student solves problems inv	olving the Additional and Suppor Mathemati	rting Content for Geometry with cal Practice.	connections to the Standards for	
	Level 5: Exceeds	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets	
	Expectations	a figura anta anathar	Expectations	Expectations	
	that will carry a figure onto itself or another.	a figure onto another.			
Geometric	Understands geometric	Understands geometric	Understands basic geometric	Understands basic geometric	
Construction s G-CO.D	constructions: copying a segment, copying an angle, bisecting an angle, bisecting a segment, including the perpendicular bisector of a line segment.	constructions: copying a segment, copying an angle, bisecting an angle, bisecting a segment, including the perpendicular bisector of a line segment.	constructions: copying a segment, copying an angle, bisecting an angle, bisecting a segment, including the perpendicular bisector of a line segment.	constructions: copying a segment, and copying an angle.	
	Given a line and a point not on the line, uses a variety of tools and methods to construct perpendicular and parallel lines. Uses a variety of tools and methods to construct equilateral triangles, squares, and hexagons inscribed in circles.	Given a line and a point not on the line, constructs perpendicular and parallel lines.			
Applying	Applies properties and	Applies properties and	Applies properties and	Applies properties and	
Geometric Properties and Theorems G-C.2	theorems of angles, segments and arcs in circles to solve problems and model relationships.	theorems of angles, segments and arcs in circles to solve problems.	theorems of angles, segments and arcs in circles to solve problems.	theorems of angles and segments to solve problems.	
G-C.B	Completes the square to find	Completes the square to find			
G-GPE.1-1 G-GPE.1-2	the center and radius of a circle given by an equation.	the center and radius of a circle given by an equation.			
Geometric	Uses volume formulas to solve	Using formulas, determines the	Using formulas, determines the	Using formulas, determines the	
Formulas G-GMD.1 G-GMD.3	mathematical and contextual problems that involve cylinders, pyramids, cones and	volume of cylinders, pyramids, cones and spheres.	volume of cylinders, pyramids, cones and spheres.	volume of cylinders, pyramids, cones and spheres.	
G-GMD.4	spheres.	Gives an informal argument for the formula for the	Identifies the shapes of two-	Identifies the shapes of two-	
	Uses dissection arguments, Cavalieri's principle and	circumference of a circle and area of a circle, including	dimensional cross-sections of three-dimensional objects.	dimensional cross-sections of three-dimensional objects,	
	informal limit arguments to	dissection arguments.		when cross sections are parallel	
	support the formula for the			or perpendicular to a base/face.	
	of a circle volume of a cylinder				
	pyramid, and cone.	Identifies the shapes of two- dimensional cross-sections of			
	Identifies the shapes of two-	three-dimensional objects.			
	dimensional cross-sections of				
	three-dimensional objects and				
	identifies three-dimensional				
	objects generated by rotations of two-dimensional objects.				

	Geometry: Sub-Claim C			
	In connection with content,	the student expresses Geometry	y appropriate mathematical reasons of the second	oning by constructing viable
		reasoning of others and/or atter		Lovel 2: Partially Moots
	Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Ever 3: Approaches	Expectations
Reasoning HS.C.13.1 HS.C.13.2 HS.C.13.3 HS.C.14.1 HS.C.14.2 HS.C.14.3 HS.C.14.5 HS.C.14.5	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response based on: a chain of reasoning to justify or refute algebraic and/or 	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a response based on: a chain of reasoning to justify or refute algebraic and/or 	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a partial response based on: a chain of reasoning to justify or refute algebraic and/or 	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on: a chain of reasoning to justify or refute algebraic and/or
HS.C.14.6 HS.C.15.14 HS.C.18.2	 b) refute algebraic and/of geometric propositions or conjectures geometric reasoning in a coordinate setting, OR a response to a multi-step problem, by: using a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) providing an efficient and logical progression of steps or chain of reasoning with appropriate justification performing precise calculation using correct grade- level vocabulary, symbols and labels providing a justification of a conclusion determining whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of others' responses, approaches and reasoning – utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) 	 of refute algebraic and/of geometric propositions or conjectures geometric reasoning in a coordinate setting, OR a response to a multi-step problem, by: using a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) providing a logical progression of steps or chain of reasoning with appropriate justification performing precise calculations using correct grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels providing a justification of a conclusion evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of others' responses, approaches and reasoning – utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate). 	 of refute agebraic and/of geometric propositions or conjectures geometric reasoning in a coordinate setting, OR a response to a multi-step problem, by: using a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions providing a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps or chain of reasoning performing minor calculation errors using some grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels providing a partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations evaluating the validity of others' approaches and conclusions 	 of refute algebraic and/of geometric propositions or conjectures geometric reasoning in a coordinate setting, OR a response to a multi-step problem, by: using an approach based on a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions providing an incomplete or illogical chain of reasoning, or progression of steps making an intrusive calculation error using limited grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels providing a partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations
	a counter example where applicable.			

		Geometry:	Sub-Claim D			
	In connection with content, the	student solves real-world proble	ms with a degree of difficulty app	propriate to the grade/course by		
	applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for the current grade/course (or for more complex problems,					
	knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using					
	appropriate tools strategically,	looking for the making use of str	ructure and/or looking for and ex	pressing regularity in repeated		
		reaso	pning.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations		
Modeling	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content		
HS.D.1-2	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities		
HS.D.2-1	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,		
HS D 2-2	devises and enacts a plan to	devises and enacts a plan to	devises and enacts a plan to	devises a plan to apply		
	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	mathematics in solving		
H3.D.2-11	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday		
HS.D.3-2a	life, society and the workplace	life, society and the workplace	life, society and the workplace	life, society and the workplace		
HS.D.3-4a	by:	by:	by:	by:		
	• using stated assumptions and	 using stated assumptions and 	 using stated assumptions 	 using stated assumptions 		
	making assumptions and	making assumptions and	and approximations to	and approximations to		
	approximations to simplify a	approximations to simplify a	simplify a real-world	simplify a real-world		
	re-world situation (includes	real-world situation (includes	situation	situation		
	micro-models)	micro-models)	 illustrating relationships 	 identifying important 		
	 mapping relationships 	 mapping relationships 	between important	quantities		
	between important quantities	between important	quantities	 using provided tools to create 		
	• selecting appropriate tools to	quantities	 using provided tools to 	models		
	create models	 selecting appropriate tools 	create models	 analyzing relationships 		
	 analyzing relationships 	to create models	 analyzing relationships 	mathematically to draw		
	mathematically between	 analyzing relationships 	mathematically between	conclusions		
	important quantities to draw	mathematically between	important quantities to	 writing an algebraic 		
	conclusion	important quantities to draw	draw conclusions	expression or equation to		
	 analyzing and/or creating 	conclusions	 interpreting mathematical 	describe a situation		
	constraints, relationships and	 interpreting mathematical 	results in a simplified	 applying proportional 		
	goals	results in the context of the	context	reasoning and percentages		
	 interpreting mathematical 	situation	 reflecting on whether the 	• applying common geometric		
	results in the context of the	 reflecting on whether the 	results make sense	nrinciples and theorems		
	situation	results make sense	 modifying the model if it has 			
		• improving the model if it has	not served its purpose			
		not served its purpose	···· ··· ··· ··· ····			

Geometry: Sub-Claim D

In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to the grade/course by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for the current grade/course (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and

where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated

reasoning.				
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
 reflecting on whether the results make sense improving the model if it has not served its purpose writing a complete, clear and correct algebraic expression or equation to describe a situation applying proportional reasoning and percentages justifying and defending models which lead to a conclusion applying geometric principles and theorems writing and using functions in any form to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity 	 writing a complete, clear and correct algebraic expression or equation to describe a situation applying proportional reasoning and percentages applying geometric principles and theorems writing and using functions in any form to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity 	 writing an algebraic expression or equation to describe a situation applying proportional reasoning and percentages applying geometric principles and theorems writing and using functions to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity 	 using functions to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another using estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity 	

Integrated Math I Performance Level Descriptors

	Math I: Sub-Claim A The student solves problems involving the Major Content for Integrated Math I with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Expressions and Equations A.SSE.1-1 A.Int.1	Manipulates linear formulas and equations to highlight a quantity of interest in context.	Manipulates linear formulas and equations for a specified variable.	Manipulates linear formulas and equations to solve for a specified variable requiring one step.	Manipulates linear formulas and equations to solve for a specified variable requiring one step.
A.CED.4-1 A.REI.3 A.SSE.3c-1 A.SSE.3c-2	Interprets components of contextual exponential expressions and solves equations that require seeing structure.	Identifies components of contextual exponential expressions and solves equations that require seeing structure.	Identifies components of contextual exponential expressions.	
Rate of Change F.IF.6-3a F.IF.6-3b F.IF.6-8	Calculates and interprets the average rate of change of linear, exponential, square root, cube root and piecewise-defined functions (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified interval, and estimates the rate of change from a graph. Compares rates of change associated with different	Calculates the average rate of change of linear and exponential functions (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified interval and estimate the rate of change from a graph.	Calculates the average rate of change of linear and exponential functions (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified interval.	Calculates the average rate of change of linear and exponential functions (presented as a table) over a specified interval.
Interpretin g Functions	intervals. Determines if a given relation is a function.	Determines if a given relation is a function.	Determines if a given relation is a function.	Determines if a given relation is a function.
F.BF.2 F.Int.1-3 F.IF.1 F.IF.2 F IF A Int 1	Evaluates with, uses and interprets with function notation within a context.	Evaluates with and uses function notation within a context.	Evaluates with and uses function notation.	Evaluates with and uses function notation.
F.IF.4-3 F.IF.5-1 S.ID.Int.1 HS.Int.3-1	Writes and uses arithmetic and geometric sequences to model situations. For linear functions that model contextual relationships, determines and interprets key features, graphs the function and solves problems. Determines the domain and relates it to the quantitative relationship it describes for a linear, exponential (limited to	Writes arithmetic and geometric sequences. For linear functions that model contextual relationships, determines key features and graphs the function. Determines the domain and relates it to the quantitative relationship it describes for linear and exponential (limited to domains in the	Writes arithmetic sequences. For linear functions that model contextual relationships, determines key features. Determines the domain of linear functions.	Identifies arithmetic sequences. Given the graph of linear functions that model contextual relationships, determines key features.
	domains in the integers), square root, cube root, piecewise, step and absolute	integers) functions.		

	Math I: Sub-Claim A The student solves problems involving the Major Content for Integrated Math I with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
	value functions.			
Solving Graphically A.REI.10 A.REI.11-1a A.REI.11-1b A.REI.12 A.CED.3-1	Graphs and analyzes the solution sets of equations, linear inequalities and systems of linear inequalities. Finds the solutions to two polynomial functions approximately, e.g., using technology to graph the functions, make tables of values, or find successive approximations.	Graphs the solution sets of equations, linear inequalities and systems of linear equations and linear inequalities. Finds the solutions to two polynomial functions approximately, e.g., using technology to graph the functions, make tables of values, or find successive approximations.	Graphs the solution sets of equations and linear inequalities Finds the solutions to two polynomial functions approximately, e.g., using technology to graph the functions, make tables of values, or find successive approximations.	Graphs the solution sets of equations and inequalities. Given the graph, finds the solutions to a system of two polynomial functions.
	Writes a system of linear inequalities given a context.			
Congruence Transformat ions G.CO.C G.CO.6	Determines and uses appropriate geometric theorems and properties of rigid motions, lines, angles, triangles and parallelograms to solve problems and prove statements about angle measurement, triangles, distance, line properties and congruence.	Uses given geometric theorems and properties of rigid motions, lines, angles, triangles and parallelograms to solve routine problems and prove statements about angle measurement, triangles, distance, line properties and congruence.	Uses given geometric theorems and properties of rigid motions, lines, angles, triangles and parallelograms to solve routine problems and reason about angle measurement, triangles, distance, line properties and congruence.	Uses given geometric theorems and properties of rigid motions, lines, angles, triangles and parallelograms to solve routine problems.

	Math I: Sub-Claim B					
		Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations		
Summarizing, Representing and Interpreting Data S.ID.5	Determines appropriate representations of categorical and quantitative data, summarizing and interpreting the data and characteristics of the representations. Describes and interprets possible associations and trends in the data.	Determines appropriate representations of categorical quantitative data, summarizing the data and characteristics of the representations.	Given representations of categorical and quantitative data, summarizes the data and characteristics of the representations.	Given representations of categorical and quantitative data, describes characteristics of the data representations.		
Transformations G.CO.1 G.CO.3 G.CO.5	Given a figure and a transformation (or a sequence of transformations), draws the transformed figure. Uses precise geometric terminology to specify a sequence of transformations that will carry a figure onto	Given a figure and transformation, draws the transformed figure. Specifies a sequence of transformations that will carry a figure onto another.	Given a figure and a transformation, draws the transformed figure.	Given a figure and a transformation, identifies the transformed figure.		

	Math I: Sub-Claim B				
	The student solves problems involving the Additional and Supporting Content for Integrated Math I with connections to the				
		Standards for Mat	thematical Practice.		
	Level 5: Exceeds	Level 4: Meets	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets	
	Expectations	Expectations	Expectations	Expectations	
	itself or another.				
Solving Systems	Solves multi-step contextual	Given a system of linear	Given a system of linear	Given the graph of a system of	
A.REI.6-1	problems that require	equations, solves contextual	equations, solves contextual	linear equations, identifies the	
A.REI.6-2	writing, solving and analyzing	problems exactly and	problems exactly and	solution to contextual	
	systems of linear equations	approximately, focusing on	approximately, focusing on	problems exactly and	
	exactly and approximately,	pairs of linear equations in	pairs of linear equations in	approximately, focusing on	
	focusing on pairs of linear	two variables with rational	two variables with integer	pairs of linear equations in	
	equations in two variables	coefficients and solutions.	coefficients and solutions.	two variables with integer	
	with real coefficients and			coefficients and solutions.	
	solutions.				
	Solves a given system of three				
	linear equations and three				
	unknowns with rational				
	coefficients.				
Contextual	Represents linear and	Represents linear and	Given a symbolic	Given a symbolic	
Problems	exponential (with domain in	exponential (with domain in	representation, real-life	representation, real-life	
Functions	the integers) functions	the integers) functions	scenario, graph, verbal	scenario, graph, verbal	
	symbolically, in real-life	symbolically, graphically and	description, sequence or	description, sequence or	
	scenarios, graphically, with a	with input-output pairs to	input-output pairs for linear	input-output pairs for linear	
	verbal description, as a	solve mathematical problems.	and exponential functions	functions, solves	
	sequence and with input-		(with domains in the	mathematical problems.	
	output pairs to solve	Compares the properties of	integers), solves mathematical		
1.LL.2-3	mathematical and contextual	two functions represented in	problems.	Compares the properties of	
	problems.	different ways, limited to		two linear functions	
		linear and exponential (with	Compares the properties of	represented in different ways.	
	Compares the properties of	domains in the integers).	two linear functions		
	two functions represented in		represented in different ways.		
	multiple ways, limited to				
	linear, exponential (with				
	domains in the integers),				
	square root, cube root, piece-				
	wise, step and absolute				
	value.				

	Math I: Sub-Claim C			
	In connection with content, the student expresses Integrated Math I appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements			
	Level 5: Exceeds	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets
	Expectations	Level 4. Meets Expectations	Expectations	Expectations
Reasoning	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content
HS.C.5.6	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities
HS.C.5.10-2	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,
HS.C.6.1	the student clearly constructs	the student clearly constructs	the student constructs and	the student constructs and
HS.C.10.1	and communicates a complete	and communicates a response	communicates a partial	communicates an incomplete
HS.C.14.1	response based on:	based on:	response based on:	response based on:
HS.C.14.2	• the principle that a graph of	 the principle that a graph of 	• the principle that a graph of	• the principle that a graph of
HS.C.18.1	an equation in two variables	an equation in two variables	an equation in two variables	an equation in two variables
	is the set of all its solutions	is the set of all its solutions	is the set of all its solutions	is the set of all its solutions
	 reasoning about linear and 	 reasoning about linear and 	 reasoning about linear and 	• reasoning about linear and
	exponential growth	exponential growth	exponential growth	exponential growth

	Math I: Sub-Claim D					
	In connection with content, the	student solves real-world proble	ems with a degree of difficulty ap	propriate to Integrated Math I by		
	applying knowledge and skills a	articulated in the standards for Ir	ntegrated Math I (or for more cor	nplex problems, knowledge and		
	skills articulated in the standard	ds for previous grades/courses), o	engaging particularly in the Mode	eling practice, and where helpful		
	making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools					
	strategically, looking for th	e making use of structure and/or	looking for and expressing regul	arity in repeated reasoning.		
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets		
			Expectations	Expectations		
Modeling	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content		
HS.D.1-1	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities		
HS.D.2-5	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,		
HS D 2-8	devises and enacts a plan to	devises and enacts a plan to	devises and enacts a plan to	devises a plan to apply math in		
HS D 3-1b	apply math in solving problems	apply math in solving problems	apply math in solving problems	solving problems arising in		
HS D 3-3h	arising in everyday life, society	arising I everyday life, society	arising in everyday life, society	everyday life, society and the		
113.0.3-30	and the workplace by:	and the workplace by:	and the workplace by:	workplace by:		
	 using stated assumptions 	 using stated assumptions and 	 using stated assumptions 	 using stated assumptions 		
	and making assumptions and	making assumptions and	and approximations to	and approximations to		
	approximations to simplify a	approximations to simplify a	simplify a real-world	simplify a real-world		
	real-world situation	real-world situation (includes	situation	situation		
	(includes micro-models)	micro-models)	 illustrating relationships 	 identifying important 		
	 mapping relationships 	 mapping relationships 	hetween important	quantities		
	between important	hetween important	quantities	 using provided tools to 		
	quantities	quantities	 using provided tools to 	create models		
	 selecting appropriate tools 	solocting appropriate	create models	 analyzing rolationships 		
	to create models	tools to create models	 analyzing relationships 	mathematically to draw		
	 analyzing relationships 	tools to create models	mathematically batween			
	mathematically between	 analyzing relationships 	important quantities to	conclusions		
	important quantities to draw	mathematically between	draw conclusions	 writing an algebraic 		
	conclusion	important quantities to draw		expression or equation to		
	 analyzing and/or creating 	conclusions	• Interpreting	describe a situation		
	constraints relationshing	 interpreting mathematical 	mathematical results in	 applying proportional 		
	and goals	results in the context of the	a simplified context	reasoning and percentages		
	• interpreting methometical	situation	 reflecting on whether 			
	rosults in the context of the	 reflecting on whether the 	the results make sense			
	situation	results make sense				
	 reflecting on whether the 	• improving the model if it	 modifying the model if 	 applying common 		
	results make sense	has not served its purpose	it has not served its	geometric principles		
	• improving the model if it has	 writing a complete, clear 	purpose	and theorems		
	not served its purpose	and correct algebraic	 writing an algebraic 	 using functions to 		
	• writing a complete, clear and	expression or equation to	expression or equation to	describe how one		
	correct algebraic expression	describe a situation	describe a situation	quantity of interest		
	or equation to describe a	 applying proportional 	 applying proportional 	depends on another		
	situation	reasoning and	reasoning and	 using statistics 		
	 applying proportional 	percentages	percentages	 using estimates of known 		
	reasoning and percentages	 applying geometric principles 	 applying geometric principles 	quantities in a chain of		
	justifying and defending	and theorems	and theorems	reasoning that yields an		
	models which lead to a	 writing and using functions in 	 writing and using 	estimate of an unknown		
	conclusion	any form to describe how	functions to describe how	quantity		
	 applying geometric principles 	one quantity of interest	one quantity of interest			
	and theorems	depends on another	depends on another			
	 writing and using functions in 	 using statistics 	 using statistics 			
	any form to describe how		• Using reasonable estimates			
	one quantity of interest	using reasonable estimates	of known quantities in a			
	depends on another	or known quantities in a	chain of reasoning that violds			
	 using statistics 	chain of reasoning that yields	an estimate of an unknown			
	Using reasonable estimatos	an estimate of an unknown	quantity			
		quantity	quantity			

Math I: Sub-Claim D In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Integrated M applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for Integrated Math I (or for more complex problems, knowled skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate t strategically, looking for the making use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoni				
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity				

Integrated Math II Performance Level Descriptors

	Math II: Sub-Claim A The student solves problems involving the Major Content for Integrated Math II with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
Quadratics and Exponential Expressions A.SSE.1-2 A.SSE.2-2 A.SSE.2-5 A.SSE.3a A.SSE.3b	Interprets the structure of equivalent quadratic and exponential expression that contain real exponents. Writes equivalent expressions to reveal information by viewing one or more of their parts as a single entity, including factoring and completing the square for quadratics.	Interprets the structure of equivalent quadratic and exponential expressions (with rational exponents) to reveal information by viewing at least one of their parts as a single entity.	Identifies equivalent quadratic and exponential expressions with integer exponents.	Identifies equivalent exponential expressions with integer exponents.	
Quadratic Equations A.REI.4a-1 A.REI.4b-1 A.REI.4b-2 A.CED.4-2 HS.Int.2	Solves quadratic equations in one variable with real coefficients, using methods appropriate to the initial form, including completing the square, inspection, taking square roots, the quadratic formula and factoring. Recognizes when the quadratic formula give complex solutions	Solves quadratic equation in one variable with rational coefficients, using method including completing the square, inspection, taking square roots, the quadratic formula or factoring.	Identifies solutions to quadratic equations in one variable with integer or rational coefficients.	Identifies solutions to quadratic equations in one variable with integer coefficients.	
Graphing Exponential and Quadratic Functions F.IF.4-4 F.IF.5-2 HS.Int-1	Writes quadratic and exponential functions, determines key features, graphs functions and solves problems in contextual situations. Determines domains and relates them to the quantitative relationship described for quadratic functions.	For quadratic and exponential functions that model contextual relationships, determines key features and sketches graphs of functions. Determines domains of quadratic functions.	Identifies key features of quadratic and exponential functions.	Given a graph , identifies key features of quadratic and exponential functions.	
Rate of Change F.IF.6-4 F.IF.6-9	Calculates and interprets the average rate of change of exponential and quadratic (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified interval, and estimates the rate of change from a graph. Compares rates of change associated with different intervals.	Calculates the average rate of change of exponential and quadratic functions (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified interval and estimate the rate of change from a graph.	Calculates the average rate of change of exponential and quadratic functions (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified interval.	Calculates the average rate of change of exponential and quadratic functions (presented as a table) over a specified interval.	
Polynomial, Rational and Radical Expressions N.RN.2	Adds, subtracts and multiplies three or more polynomials. Using the properties of exponents, rewrites expressions	Adds, subtracts and multiplies two polynomials. Using the properties of exponents, rewrites	Identifies equivalent expressions when adding, subtracting and multiplying polynomials and expressions containing integer exponents.	Identifies equivalent expressions when adding and subtracting polynomials and expressions containing integer exponents.	

	Math II: Sub-Claim A The student solves problems involving the Major Content for Integrated Math II with connections to the Standards for				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
A.APR.1-1	containing radicals and rational exponents.	expressions containing rational exponents.			
Similarity G.SRT.1a G.SRT.1b G.SRT.2 G.SRT.5	Uses transformations and congruence and similarity criteria for triangles to prove relationships among geometric figures and to solve problems.	Uses transformations to determine relationships among simple geometric figures and to solve problems.	Identifies transformation relationships in simple geometric figures.	Identifies transformation relationships in simple geometric figures in cases where an image is provided.	
Similarity in Trigonometr Y G.SRT.6 G.SRT.7-2 G.SRT.8	Uses trigonometric ratios, the Pythagorean Theorem and the relationship between sine and cosine to solve right triangles in applied problems. Uses similarity transformations with right triangles to define trigonometric ratios for acute angles.	Uses trigonometric ratios, the Pythagorean Theorem and the relationship between sine and cosine to solve right triangles in applied problems.	Uses trigonometric ratios and the Pythagorean Theorem to determine the unknown side lengths and angle measurements of a right triangle.	Uses trigonometric ratios and the Pythagorean Theorem to determine the unknown side lengths of a right triangle.	

	Math II: Sub-Claim B The student solves problems involving the Additional and Supporting Content for Integrated Math II with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Probability	Recognizes, determines and	Recognizes, determines and	Recognizes and determines	Recognizes and determines
S.CP.Int.1	uses conditional probability and	uses conditional probability and	conditional probability and	independence in contextual
	independence in multi- step	independence in contextual	independence in contextual	problems.
	contextual problems, using	problems, using appropriate	problems.	
	appropriate set language and	set language and appropriate		
	appropriate representations,	representations, including two-		
	including two-way frequency	way frequency tables.		
	tables.			
	Applies the Addition Rule of probability.			
Statistics	Represents data on scatter	Represents data on scatter	Represents data on scatter	Represents data on scatter
S.ID.6a-1	plots and describes how the	plots and describes how the	plots.	plots.
S.ID.Int.2	variables are related.	variables are related.		
	Fits quadratic functions to data	Informally, determines whether	Informally, determines whether	Informally, determines whether
	to solve problems in the	quadratic models are a good fit.	quadratic models are a good fit.	quadratic models are a good fit.
	context of the data and			
	informally assesses the fit of	Fits quadratic functions to data	Uses fitted quadratic functions	
	functions by plotting and	to solve problems in the	to solve contextual problems.	
	analyzing residuals.	context of the data.		
Geometric	Uses volume formulas to solve	Using formulas, determines the	Using formulas, determines the	Using formulas, determines the
Formulas	mathematical and contextual	volume of cylinders, pyramids,	volume of cylinders, pyramids,	volume of cylinders, pyramids,
G.GMD.1	problems that involve	cones and spheres.	cones and spheres.	cones and spheres.
G.GMD.3	cylinders, pyramids, cones and			
	spheres.			
	Math II: Sub-Claim B The student solves problems involving the Additional and Supporting Content for Integrated Math II with connections to the			
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	Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
	Uses dissection arguments, Cavalieri's principle and informal limit arguments to support the formula for the circumference of a circle, area of a circle, volume of a cylinder, pyramid, and cone.	Gives an informal argument for the formula for the circumference of a circle and area of a circle, including dissection arguments.		
Graphs F.IF.7a-2 F.IF.7b F.IF.7e-1 F.BF.3-1 F.BF.3-4 HS- Int.2	Graphs and compares exponential, quadratic, square root, cube root, piece-wise- defined functions (including step functions and absolute value functions), identifying intercepts, maxima and minima, end behavior and zeros	Graphs exponential and quadratic functions, identifying intercepts, maxima and minima, end behavior and zeros.	Identifies intercepts, maxima and minima, end behavior and zeros from graphs	Identifies intercepts, maxima and minima and zeros from graphs.
	Identifies and illustrates the effect on linear and quadratic graphs of replacing $f(x)$ by f(x)+k, $kf(x)$, $f(kx)$, and $f(x+k)$ for specific values of k. Finds the values of k given the graphs.	Identifies and illustrates the effect on linear and quadratic graphs of replacing $f(x)$ by one of the following: $f(x)+k$, $kf(x)$, f(kx), and $f(x+k)$ for specific values of k . Finds the values of k given the graphs.	Identifies the effect on linear and quadratic graphs of replacing f(x) by one of the following f(x)+k, kf(x), f(kx), and f(x+k) for specific values of k.	Identifies the effect on linear and quadratic graphs of replacing f(x) by f(x)+k for specific values of k.
Multiple Representati ons of Functions A.REI.7 F.Int.1-4 F.BF.1b-1 F.IF.8a F.IF.8a F.IF.8b F.IF.9-	Writes quadratic or exponential functions defined by expressions in different but equivalent forms to reveal and explain different properties of the functions, including zeros, extreme values, symmetry and percent rate of change.	Writes quadratic or exponential functions defined by expressions in different but equivalent forms to reveal and explain different properties of the functions, including zeros, extreme values, symmetry and percent rate of change.	Given equivalent expressions, identifies features of quadratic or exponential functions, including zeros, extreme values and percent rate of change.	Given equivalent expressions, identifies features of exponential functions, including zeros, extreme values and percent rate of change.
4 HS.Int.1	Within a context, compares properties of two functions represented in different ways (algebraically, graphically, numerically or verbally). Solves a simple system of linear and quadratic equations algebraically or graphically. Combines standard functions using arithmetic operations.	Within a routine context, compares properties of two functions represented in different ways (algebraically, graphically, numerically or verbally). Given a graph, solves a system of a linear and quadratic equations.	Compares properties of two functions within the same representation.	
Number Systems N.RN.B-1 N.CN.1 N.CN.2	Identifies rational, irrational and complex numbers. Uses commutative, associative and distributive properties to	Identifies rational, irrational and complex numbers. Uses commutative, associative and distributive properties to	Identifies rational, irrational and complex numbers. Uses commutative and associative properties to add	Identifies rational, irrational and complex numbers. Uses commutative and associative properties to add
N.CN.7		1	1	1

Math II: Sub-Claim B The student solves problems involving the Additional and Supporting Content for Integrated Math II with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
perform operations with	perform operation with	and subtract complex numbers	and subtract complex numbers.
complex numbers.	complex numbers.	and to multiply a complex	
		number by a real number.	
Calculates sums and products of	Calculates sums and products		
two rational and/or irrational	of two rational and/or		
numbers and determines	irrational numbers.		
whether and generalizes when			
the sums and products are			
rational or irrational.			

	Math II: Sub-Claim C			
	In connection with content, the student expresses Integrated Math II appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable			
	arguments, critiquing the	reasoning of others and/or atte	nding to precision when making	mathematical statements
	Level 5: Exceeds	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets
	Expectations		Expectations	Expectations
Reasoning	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content
HS.C.2.1	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities
HS.C.3.1	described in Sub-claims A and	described in Sub-claims A and	described in Sub-claims A and	described in Sub-claims A and
HS.C.3.2	B, the student clearly	B, the student clearly	B, the student constructs and	B, the student constructs and
HS.C.5.5	constructs and communicates	constructs and communicates	communicates a partial	communicates an incomplete
HS.C.8.1	a complete response based	a response based on:	response based on:	response based on:
HS.C.9.1	on:	 the principle that the 	• the principle that the graph	 the principle that the
HS.C.12.1	 the principle that the graph 	graph of an equation in	of an equation in two	graph of an equation in
HS.C.12.2	of an equation in two	two variables is the set of	variables is the set of all its	two variables is the set of
HS.C.14.5	variables is the set of all its	all its solutions	solutions	all its solutions
HS.C.14.6	solutions	 reasoning about linear and 	 reasoning about linear and 	 reasoning about linear and
HS.C.15.14	 reasoning about linear and 	exponential growth	exponential growth	exponential growth
HS.C.16.2	exponential growth	 properties of rational 	 properties of rational 	 properties of rational
HS.C.18.3	 properties of rational 	numbers or irrational	numbers or irrational	numbers or irrational
	numbers or irrational	numbers	numbers	numbers
	numbers	 transformations of 	 transformations of 	 transformations of
	 transformations of 	functions	functions	functions
	functions	 a chain of reasoning to 	 a chain of reasoning to 	 a chain of reasoning to
	 a chain of reasoning to 	justify or refute algebraic,	justify or refute algebraic,	justify or refute algebraic,
	justify or refute algebraic,	function- related, or linear	function- related, or linear	function- related, or linear
	function- related, or linear	equation propositions or	equation propositions or	equation propositions or
	equation propositions or	conjectures	conjectures	conjectures
	conjectures	 a given equation or 	 a given equation or 	 a given equation or system
	 a given equation or 	system of equations by:	system of equations by:	of equations by:
	system of equations by:			
	 using a logical approach 	 using a logical approach 	 using a logical approach 	 using an approach
	based on a conjecture and/or	based on a conjecture	based on a conjecture	based on a conjecture
	stated assumptions, utilizing	and/or stated assumptions,	and/or stated assumptions	and/or stated or faulty
	mathematical connections	utilizing mathematical	• providing a logical, but	assumptions
	(wnen appropriate)	connections (when	incomplete, progression of	 providing an
	 providing an efficient and 	appropriate)	steps or chain of reasoning	incomplete or illogical
	or chain of reasoning with	 providing a logical 		progression of steps
		progression of steps or chain	performing minor	or chain of reasoning
	• performing procise	or reasoning with	calculation errors	 making an intrusive
	periorining precise	appropriate justification	 using some grade-level 	calculation error

In connection with content, the arguments, critiquing the	Math II: Su student expresses Integrated Ma reasoning of others and/or atter	ub-Claim C ath II appropriate mathematical inding to precision when making	reasoning by constructing viable mathematical statements
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
 calculations using correct grade- level vocabulary, symbols and labels providing a justification of a conclusion determining whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable. evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of others' responses, approaches and reasoning – utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) – and providing a counter-example where applicable 	 performing precise calculations using correct grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels providing a justification of a conclusion evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of others' responses, approaches and reasoning – utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate). 	 vocabulary, symbols and labels providing a partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations evaluating the validity of others' approaches and conclusions 	 using limited grade- level vocabulary, symbols and labels providing a partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations
In connection with content the	Math II: Su	Jb-Claim D	propriate to Integrated Math II by

	In connection with content, the applying knowledge and skills a skills articulated in the standard making sense of problems a strategically, looking for the	student solves real-world problem rticulated in the standards for In is for previous grades/courses), e nd persevering to solve them, rea e making use of structure and/or	ms with a degree of difficulty app tegrated Math II (or for more cor engaging particularly in the Mode asoning abstractly, and quantitat looking for and expressing regul	propriate to Integrated Math II by nplex problems, knowledge and eling practice, and where helpful ively, using appropriate tools arity in repeated reasoning.
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Modeling HS.D.1-2 HS.D.2-1 HS.D.2-6 HS.D.2-9 HS.D.2-11 HS.D.3-2b HS.D.3-4b	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, devises and enacts a plan to apply mathematics in solving problems arising in everyday life, society and the workplace by: using stated assumptions and making assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation (includes micro- models) mapping relationships between important quantities selecting appropriate tools to create models analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusion 	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, devises and enacts a plan to apply mathematics in solving problems arising in everyday life, society and the workplace by: using stated assumptions and making assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation (includes micro- models) mapping relationships between important quantities selecting appropriate tools to create models analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions 	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, devises and enacts a plan to apply mathematics in solving problems arising in everyday life, society and the workplace by: • using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation • illustrating relationships between important quantities • using provided tools to create models • analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions • interpreting mathematical results in a simplified	 In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, devises a plan to apply mathematics in solving problems arising in everyday life, society and the workplace by: using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation identifying important quantities using provided tools to create models analyzing relationships mathematically to draw conclusions
	· analyzing anu/or creating		context	

Math II: Sub-Claim D In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Integrated Math II applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for Integrated Math II (or for more complex problems, knowledge an skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpf making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.		ropriate to Integrated Math II by oplex problems, knowledge and ling practice, and where helpful vely, using appropriate tools arity in repeated reasoning.	
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
 constraints, relationships and goals interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation 	 interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation 		

Appendix C

CMAS Science and Social Studies Prepared Graduate Competencies and Grade Level Expectations

Grade 4 Social Studies

1	History
PGC 1	Develop an understanding of how people view, construct, and interpret history
GLE 1	Organize and sequence events to understand the concepts of chronology and cause and effect in the history of Colorado
PGC 2	Analyze key historical periods and patterns of change over time within and across nations and cultures
GLE 2	The historical eras, individuals, groups, ideas and themes in Colorado history and their relationships to key events in the United States
2	Geography
PGC1	Develop spatial understanding, perspectives, and personal connections to the world
GLE 1	Use several types of geographic tools to answer questions about the geography of Colorado
PGC 2	Examine places and regions and the connections among them
GLE 2	Connections within and across human and physical systems are developed
3	Economics (PFL)
PGC 1	Understand the allocation of scarce resources in societies through analysis of individual choice, market interaction, and public policy
GLE 1	People respond to positive and negative incentives
PGC 2	Acquire the knowledge and economic reasoning skills to make sound financial decisions (PFL)
GLE 2	The relationship between choice and opportunity cost (PFL)
4	Civics
PGC 1	Analyze and practice rights, roles, and responsibilities of citizens
GLE 1	Analyze and debate multiple perspectives on an issue
PGC 2	Analyze the origins, structure, and functions of governments and their impacts on societies and citizens
GLE 2	The origins, structure, and functions of the Colorado government

Grade 7 Social Studies

1	History
PGC 1	Develop an understanding of how people view, construct, and interpret history
GLE 1	Seek and evaluate multiple historical sources with different points of view to investigate a historical question and to formulate and defend a thesis with evidence
PGC 2	Analyze key historical periods and patterns of change over time within and across nations and cultures
GLE 2	The historical eras, individuals, groups, ideas and themes within regions of the Eastern Hemisphere and their relationships with one another
2	Geography
PGC1	Develop spatial understanding, perspectives, and personal connections to the world
GLE 1	Use geographic tools to gather data and make geographic inferences and predictions
PGC 2	Examine places and regions and connections among them
GLE 2	Regions have different issues and perspectives
3	Economics (PFL)
PGC 1	Understand the allocation of scarce resources in societies through analysis of individual choice, market interaction, and public policy
GLE 1	Supply and demand influence price and profit in a market economy
PGC 2	Acquire the knowledge and economic reasoning skills to make sound financial decisions (PFL)
GLE 2	The distribution of resources influences economic production and individual choices (PFL)
4	Civics
PGC 1	Analyze and practice rights, roles, and responsibilities of citizens
GLE 1	Compare how various nations define the rights, responsibilities, and roles of citizens
PGC 2	Analyze the origins, structure, and functions of governments and their impacts on society and citizens
015.0	Different forms of government and international organizations and their influence in the

Grade 5 Science

1	Physical Science
PGC 1	Apply an understanding of atomic and molecular structure to explain the properties of matter, and predict outcomes of chemical and nuclear reactions
GLE 1	Mixtures of matter can be separated regardless of how they were created; all weight and mass of the mixture are the same as the sum of weight and mass of its parts
2	Life Science
PGC1	Analyze how various organisms grow, develop and differentiate during their lifetimes based on an interplay between genetics and their environment
GLE 1	All organisms have structures and systems with separate functions
PGC 2	Analyze how the relationship between structure and function in living systems at a variety of organizational levels, and recognize living systems' dependence on natural selection
GLE 2	Human body systems have basic structures, functions, and needs
3	Earth Systems Science
PGC 1	Describe how humans are dependent on the diversity of resources provided by Earth and Sun
GLE 1	Earth and sun provide a diversity of renewable and nonrenewable resources
PGC 2	Evaluate evidence that Earth's geosphere, atmosphere, hydrosphere, biosphere interact as a complex system
GLE 2	Earth's surface changes constantly through a variety of processes and forces
GLE 3	Weather conditions change because of the uneven heating of Earth's surface by the Sun's energy. Weather changes are measured by differences in temperature, air pressure, wind, and water in the atmosphere and type of precipitation

Grade 8 Science

1	Physical Science
PGC 1	Observe, explain, and predict natural phenomena governed by Newton's laws of motion, acknowledging the limitations of their application to very small or very fast objects
GLE 1	Identify and calculate the direction and magnitude of forces that act on an object, and explain the results in the object's change of motion
PGC 2	Apply an understanding that energy exists in various forms, and its transformation and conservation occur in processes that are predictable and measurable
GLE 2	There are different forms of energy, and those forms of energy can be changed from one form to another— but total energy is conserved
GLE 4	Recognize that waves such as electromagnetic, sound, seismic, and water have common characteristics and unique properties
PGC 3	Apply an understanding of atomic and molecular structure to explain the properties of matter, and predict outcomes of chemical and nuclear reactions
GLE 3	Distinguish between physical and chemical changes, noting that mass is conserved during any change
2	Life Science
PGC1	Explain and illustrate with examples how living systems interact with the biotic and abiotic environment
GLE 1	Human activities can deliberately or inadvertently alter ecosystems and their resiliency
PGC 2	Analyze how various organisms grow, develop, and differentiate during their lifetimes based on an interplay between genetics and their environment
GLE 2	Organisms reproduce and transmit genetic information (genes) to offspring, which influences individuals' traits in the next generation
3	Earth Systems Science
PGC 1	Evaluate evidence that Earth's geosphere, atmosphere, hydrosphere, and biosphere interact as a complex system
GLE 1	Weather is a result of complex interactions of Earth's atmosphere, land and water, that are driven by energy from the sun, and can be predicted and described through complex models
GLE 2	Earth has a variety of climates defined by average temperature, precipitation, humidity, air pressure, and wind that have changed over time in a particular location
PGC 2	Describe and interpret how Earth's geologic history and place in space are relevant to our understanding of the processes that have shaped our planet
GLE 3	The solar system is comprised of various objects that orbit the Sun and are classified based on their characteristics
GLE 4	The relative positions and motions of Earth, Moon, and Sun can be used to explain observable effects such as seasons, eclipses, and Moon phases

High School Science

1	Physical Science
PGC 1	Observe, explain, and predict natural phenomena governed by Newton's laws of motion, acknowledging the limitations of their application to very small or very fast objects
GLE 1	Newton's laws of motion and gravitation describe the relationships among forces acting on and between objects, their masses, and changes in their motion – but have limitations
PGC 2	Apply an understanding that energy exists in various forms, and its transformation and conservation occur in processes that are predictable and measurable
GLE 2	Matter has definite structure that determines characteristic physical and chemical properties
GLE 3	Matter can change form through chemical or nuclear reactions abiding by the laws of conservation of mass and energy
GLE 4	Atoms bond in different ways to form molecules and compounds that have definite properties
PGC 3	Apply an understanding of atomic and molecular structure to explain the properties of matter, and predict outcomes of chemical and nuclear reactions
GLE 5	Energy exists in many forms such as mechanical, chemical, electrical, radiant, thermal, and nuclear, that can be quantified and experimentally determined
GLE 6	When energy changes form, it is neither created not destroyed; however, because some is necessarily lost as heat, the amount of energy available to do work decreases
2	Life Science
PGC1	Explain and illustrate with examples how living systems interact with the biotic and abiotic environment
GLE 1	Matter tends to be cycled within an ecosystem, while energy is transformed and eventually exits an ecosystem
GLE 2	The size and persistence of populations depend on their interactions with each other and on the abiotic factors in an ecosystem
PGC 2	Analyze the relationships between structure and function in living systems at a variety of organizational levels, and recognize living systems' dependence on natural selection
GLE 3	Cellular metabolic activities are carried out by biomolecules produced by organisms
GLE 4	The energy for life primarily derives from the interrelated processes of photosynthesis and cellular respiration. Photosynthesis transforms the sun's light energy into the chemical energy of molecular bonds. Cellular respiration allows cells to utilize chemical energy when these bonds are broken.
GLE 5	Cells use passive and active transport of substances across membranes to maintain relatively stable intracellular environments
GLE 6	Cells, tissues, organs, and organ systems maintain relatively stable internal environments, even in the face of changing external environments
PGC3	Analyze how various organisms grow, develop, and differentiate during their lifetimes based on an interplay between genetics and their environment
GLE 7	Physical and behavioral characteristics of an organism are influenced to varying degrees by heritable genes, many of which encode instructions for the production of proteins

GLE 8	Multicellularity makes possible a division of labor at the cellular level through the expression of select genes, but not the entire genome.
PGC4	Explain how biological evolution accounts for the unity and diversity of living organisms
GLE 9	Evolution occurs as the heritable characteristics of populations change across generations and can lead populations to become better adapted to their environment
3	Earth Systems Science
PGC 1	Describe and interpret how Earth's geologic history and place in space are relevant to our understanding of the processes that have shaped our planet
GLE 1	The history of the universe, solar system and Earth can be inferred from evidence left from past events
GLE 2	As part of the solar system, Earth interacts with various extraterrestrial forces and energies such as gravity, solar phenomena, electromagnetic radiation, and impact events that influence the planet's geosphere, atmosphere, and biosphere in a variety of ways
PGC 2	Evaluate evidence that Earth's geosphere, atmosphere, hydrosphere, and biosphere interact as a complex system
GLE 3	The theory of plate tectonics helps explain geological, physical, and geographical features of Earth
GLE 4	Climate is the result of energy transfer among interactions of the atmosphere, hydrosphere, geosphere, and biosphere
GLE 6	The interaction of Earth's surface with water, air, gravity, and biological activity causes physical and chemical changes
GLE 7	Natural hazards have local, national and global impacts such as volcanoes, earthquakes, tsunamis, hurricanes, and thunderstorms
PGC 3	Describe how humans are dependent on the diversity of resources provided by Earth and Sun
GLE 5	There are costs, benefits, and consequences of exploration, development, and consumption of renewable and nonrenewable resources

Appendix D

CMAS Mathematics, ELA, and CSLA Assessed Standards

Grade 3 ELA and CSLA Reading, Writing, and Communicating Standards

Colorado Academic Standards	Domain	Standard Descriptor
3.2.1.a.i	Reading: Literature	Key Ideas & Details
3.2.1.a.iii		
3.2.1.a.v		
3.2.1.b.i	Reading: Literature	Craft & Structure
3.2.1.b.iii		
3.2.1.b.iv		
3.2.1.c.i	Reading: Literature	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas
3.2.1.c.iii		
3.2.2.a.i	Reading: Informational Text	Key Ideas & Details
3.2.2.a.ii		
3.2.2.a.iii		
3.2.2.b.i	Reading: Informational Text	Craft & Structure
3.2.2.b.ii		
3.2.2.0.111		
3.2.2.C.I	Reading: Informational Text	Integration of knowledge & ideas
3.2.2.C.II		
3.2.2.0.111		Conventions of Standard English
3.2.3.C	Language	Knowledge of Language
3.2.3 c.ii		Vocabulary Acquisition and Use
3.2.3.c.iv		
3.2.3.c.v		
3.2.3.d		
3.2.3.d.i		
3.2.3.d.ii		
3.2.3.d.iii		
3.2.3.3		

Grade 4 ELA and CSLA Reading, Writing, and Communicating Standards

Colorado Academic Standards	Domain	Standard Descriptor
4.2.1.a.i	Reading: Literature	Key Ideas & Details
4.2.1.a.iii		
4.2.1.a.iv		
4.2.1.b.i	Reading: Literature	Craft & Structure
4.2.1.b.ii		
4.2.1.b.iii		
4.2.1.c.i	Reading: Literature	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas
4.2.1.c.ii		
4.2.2.a.i	Reading: Informational Text	Key Ideas & Details
4.2.2.a.ii		
4.2.2.a.iii		
4.2.2.b.i	Reading: Informational Text	Craft & Structure
4.2.2.b.ii		
4.2.2.c.iii		
4.2.2.c.i	Reading: Informational Text	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas
4.2.2.c.ii		
4.2.2.c.iii		
4.2.3.c	Language	Conventions of Standard English
4.2.3.c.i		Knowledge of Language
4.2.3.C.II		Vocabulary Acquisition and Use
4.2.3.C.VII		
4.2.3.d		
4.2.3.0.1		
4.2.3.0.II		
4.2.3.0.111		
4.2.3.e		

Grade 5 ELA Reading, Writing, and Communicating Standards

Colorado Academic	Domain	Standard Descriptor
	Deeding: Literature	Kauldaas 8 Dataila
5.2.1.0.1	Reading: Literature	Key Ideas & Details
5.2.1.D.II		
5.2.1.0.111	Des dises title set as	
5.2.1.C.I	Reading: Literature	Craft & Structure
5.2.1.C.III		
5.2.1.C.IV	5 1 1 1 1	
5.2.1.d.i	Reading: Literature	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas
5.2.1.d.II		
5.2.2.a.i	Reading: Informational Text	Key Ideas & Details
5.2.2.a.ii		
5.2.2.a.iii		
5.2.2.b.i	Reading: Informational Text	Craft & Structure
5.2.2.b.ii		
5.2.2.b.iii		
5.2.2.c.i	Reading: Informational Text	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas
5.2.2.c.ii		
5.2.2.c.iii		
5.2.3.b	Language	Conventions of Standard English
5.2.3.b.i		Knowledge of Language
5.2.3.b.ii		Vocabulary Acquisition and Use
5.2.3.b.iii		
5.2.3.d		
5.2.1.c.i		
5.2.3.d.ii		
5.2.1.c.ii		
5.2.3.h		

Grade 6 ELA Reading, Writing, and Communicating Standards

Colorado Academic Standards	Domain	Standard Descriptor
6.2.1.a.i	Reading: Literature	Key Ideas & Details
6.2.1.a.ii		
6.2.1.a.iii		
6.2.1.b.i	Reading: Literature	Craft & Structure
6.2.1.b.ii		
6.2.1.b.iii		
6.2.1.c.i	Reading: Literature	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas
6.2.1.c.ii		
6.2.2.a.i	Reading: Informational Text	Key Ideas & Details
6.2.2.a.ii		
6.2.2.a.iii		
6.2.2.b.i	Reading: Informational Text	Craft & Structure
6.2.2.b.ii		
6.2.2.b.iii		
6.2.2.c.i	Reading: Informational Text	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas
6.2.2.C.II		
6.2.2.C.III		
6.2.3.a	Language	Conventions of Standard English
6.2.3.a.i		Knowledge of Language
6.2.3.d.III		Vocabulary Acquisition and Ose
6.2.3.a.v		
6.2.3.d.VI		
623hi		
6.2.3.b.i		
6.2.3.b.iii		
6.2.3.c		
6.2.1.N.5	Literacy in History/Social Studies	Key Ideas and Details
6.2.2.N.3	, ,	Craft and Structure
		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
6.2.1.N.4	Literacy in Science & Technical	Key Ideas and Details
6.2.2.N.2	Subjects	Craft and Structure
		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Grade 7 ELA Reading, Writing, and Communicating Standards

Colorado Academic Standards	Domain	Standard Descriptor
7.2.1.a.i	Reading: Literature	Key Ideas & Details
7.2.1.a.ii		
7.2.1.a.iii		
7.2.1.b.i	Reading: Literature	Craft & Structure
7.2.1.b.ii		
7.2.1.b.iii		
7.2.1.c.i	Reading: Literature	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas
7.2.1.c.ii		
7.2.2.a.i	Reading: Informational Text	Key Ideas & Details
7.2.2.a.ii		
7.2.2.a.iii		
7.2.2.b.i	Reading: Informational Text	Craft & Structure
7.2.2.b.ii		
7.2.2.b.iv		
7.2.2.c.i	Reading: Informational Text	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas
7.2.2.c.ii		
7.2.2.C.III		
7.2.3.a	Language	Conventions of Standard English
7.2.3.d.l		Nocabulary Acquisition and Lico
7.2.5.d.ill 7.2.2 a iv		Vocabulary Acquisition and Ose
7.2.3.d.iv		
7.2.3.d.v 7.2.3 h		
7.2.3.5 7.2.3 h i		
7.2.3.b.iii		
7.2.3.b.iv		
7.2.3.c		
7.2.1.N.3	Literacy in History/Social Studies	Key Ideas and Details
7.2.2.N.3		Craft and Structure
		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
7.2.1.N.2	Literacy in Science & Technical	Key Ideas and Details
7.2.2.N.2	Subjects	Craft and Structure
		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Grade 8 ELA Reading, Writing, and Communicating Standards

Colorado Academic Standards	Domain	Standard Descriptor
8.2.1.a.i	Reading: Literature	Key Ideas & Details
8.2.1.a.ii		
8.2.1.a.iii		
8.2.1.b.i	Reading: Literature	Craft & Structure
8.2.1.b.ii		
8.2.1.b.iii		
8.2.1.C.I	Reading: Literature	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas
8.2.1.C.IV	Deeding: Informational Taut	Key Ideas & Dataila
8.2.2.a.i	Reading: informational fext	Key Ideas & Details
8.2.2.a.ii		
822hi	Reading: Informational Text	Craft & Structure
8.2.2.b.ii	Redding. mornational rexe	
8.2.2.b.iii		
8.2.2.c.i	Reading: Informational Text	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas
8.2.2.c.ii	-	
8.2.2.c.iii		
8.2.3.a	Language	Conventions of Standard English
8.2.3.a.iv		Knowledge of Language
8.2.3.a.v		Vocabulary Acquisition and Use
8.2.3.a.vi		
8.2.3.a.vii		
8.2.3.b		
8.2.3.D.I		
8.2.3.0.11 8.2.3.h iii		
8.2.3.c		
8.2.1.N.3	Literacy in History/Social Studies	Key Ideas and Details
8.2.2.N.3	,	Craft and Structure
		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
8.2.1.N.2	Literacy in Science & Technical	Key Ideas and Details
8.2.2.N.2	Subjects	Craft and Structure
		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Grade 3 Mathematics Standards

Colorado Academic Standards	Domain	Standard Descriptor
3.1.3.a.i	Operations & Algebraic Thinking	Represent and solve problems involving
3.1.3.a.ii		multiplication and division
3 1 3 a iii		
3.1.3.a.iv		
313hi	Operations & Algebraic Thinking	Understand properties of multiplication and the
3.1.3.b.ii		relationship between multiplication and division.
3.1.3.c.i	Operations & Algebraic Thinking	Multiply and divide within 100.
3.1.3.c.ii		
3.1.3.d.i	Operations & Algebraic Thinking	Solve problems involving the four operations, and
3.1.3.d.ii		identify and explain patterns in arithmetic.
3.1.3.d.iii		
3.1.3.d.iv		
3.1.1.a.i	Number & Operations in Base Ten	Use place value understanding and properties of
3.1.1.a.ii		operations to perform multi-digit arithmetic. ¹
3.1.1.a.iii		
2122	Number 8 Operations - Fractional	¹ A range of algorithms may be used.
3.1.2.d.l	Number & Operations—Fractions	Develop understanding of fractions as numbers.
3.1.2.8.11		
3.1.2.d.III		
3.1.2.d.III.1		
3.1.2.d.III.2 2.1.2.a.iii.2	¹ Grade 3 expectations in this domain are	
5.1.2.d.III.5 2.1.2.5 iii 4	limited to fractions with denominators 2,	
3.1.2.d.iii.4 3.1.2.a.iii 5	3, 4, 6, and 8.	
3.1.2.a.iii.6		
3.4.3 a i	Measurement & Data	Solve problems involving measurement and
3 4 3 a ii	Medsurement & Data	estimation
3.4.3.a.iii		cstinution.
3.4.3.a.iv		
3.4.3.a.v		
3.3.1.a.i	Measurement & Data	Represent and interpret data.
3.3.1.a.ii		
3.3.1.a.iii		
3.4.2.a.i	Measurement & Data	Geometric measurement: understand concepts of
3.4.2.a.ii		area and relate area to multiplication and to addition.
3.4.2.a.iii		
3.4.2.c	Measurement & Data	Geometric measurement: recognize perimeter.
3.4.2.c.i		
3.4.2.c.ii		
3.4.2.c.iii		
3.4.1.a.i	Geometry	Reason with shapes and their attributes.
3.4.1.a.i.1		
3.4.1.a.ii		

Grade 4 Mathematics Standards

Colorado Academic	Domain	Standard Descriptor
Standards	Domain	Standard Descriptor
4.1.3.b.i	Operations & Algebraic Thinking	Use the four operations with whole numbers to solve
4.1.3.b.ii		problems.
4.1.3.b.iii		
4.1.3.b.iv		
4.1.3.b.v		
4.1.3.b.vi		
4.2.1.b.i	Operations & Algebraic Thinking	Gain familiarity with factors and multiples.
4.2.1.b.ii		
4.2.1.b.iii		
4.2.1.b.iv		
4.2.1.a	Operations & Algebraic Thinking	Generate and analyze patterns.
4.1.1.a.i	Number & Operations in Base Ten	Generalize place value understanding for multi-digit
4.1.1.a.ii		whole numbers.
4.1.1.a.iii		
4.1.1.a.iv		
4.1.3.a.i	Number & Operations in Base Ten	Use place value understanding and properties of
4.1.3.a.ii		operations to perform multi-digit arithmetic.
4.1.3.a.iii		
4.1.3.a.iv		
4.1.2.a.ii	Number & Operations - Fractions	Extend understanding of fraction equivalence and
4.1.2.a.iii		ordering.
4.1.2.b.i	Number & Operations - Fractions	Build fractions from unit fractions.
4.1.2.b.i.2		
4.1.2.b.i.3		
4.1.2.b.ii		
4.1.2.b.ii.1		
4.1.2.b.ii.2		
4.1.2.b.ii.3		
4.1.1.b.i	Number & Operations - Fractions	Understand decimal notation for fractions, and
4.1.1.b.ii		compare decimal fractions.
4.1.1.b.iii		
4.4.1.a.i	Measurement & Data	Solve problems involving measurement and
4.4.1.a.ii		conversion of measurements.
4.4.1.a.iii		
4.4.1.a.iv		
4.4.1.a.v		
4.3.1.a	Measurement & Data	Represent and interpret data.
4.3.1.b		
4.4.1.b.i	Measurement & Data	Geometric measurement: understand concepts of
4.4.1.b.ii		angle and measure angles.
4.4.1.b.iii		
4.4.1.b.iv		
4.4.2.a	Geometry	Draw and identify lines and angles, and classify
4.4.2.b		shapes by properties of their lines and angles.
4.4.2.c		
4.4.2.d		

Grade 5 Mathematics Standards

Colorado Academic	Domain	Standard Descriptor
Standards	Domain	
5.1.2.d.i	Operations & Algebraic Thinking	Write and interpret numerical expressions.
5.1.2.d.ii		
5.2.1.a	Operations & Algebraic Thinking	Analyze patterns and relationships.
5.2.1.b		
5.2.1.c		
5.2.1.d		
5.1.1.a	Number & Operations in Base Ten	Understand the place value system.
5.1.1.a.i		
5.1.1.a.ii		
5.1.1.b		
5.1.1.b.i		
5.1.1.b.ii		
5.1.1.c		
5.1.2.a	Number & Operations in Base Ten	Perform operations with multi-digit whole numbers
5.1.2.b		and with decimals to hundredths.
5.1.2.b.i		
5.1.2.b.ii		
5.1.2.c		
5.1.3.a.i	Number & Operations - Fractions	Use equivalent fractions as a strategy to add and
5.1.3.a.ii		subtract fractions.
5.1.3.a.iii		
5.1.4.a	Number & Operations - Fractions	Apply and extend previous understandings of
5.1.4.b		multiplication and division.
5.1.4.c		
5.1.4.d		
5.1.4.e		
5.1.4.e.i		
5.1.4.e.ii		
5.1.4.f		
5.1.4.g		
5.1.4.h		
5.1.4.i		
5.1.1.d.i	Measurement & Data	Convert like measurement units within a given
5.1.1.d.ii		measurement system.
5.3.1.a.i	Measurement & Data	Represent and interpret data.
5.3.1.a.ii		
5.4.1	Measurement & Data	Geometric measurement: understand concepts of
5.4.1.a		volume.
5.4.1.b		
5.4.1.b.i		
5.4.1.b.ii		
5.4.1.b.iii		
5.4.2.a	Geometry	Geometric measurement: understand concepts of
5.4.2.b		volume.
5.4.2.c.i	Geometry	Classify two-dimensional figures into categories
5.4.2.c.ii		based on their properties.

Grade 6 Mathematics Standards

Colorado Academic	Domain	Standard Descriptor
Standards	Domain	Standard Descriptor
6.1.1.a	Ratios & Proportional	Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to
6.1.1.b	Relationships	solve problems.
6.1.1.c		
6.1.1.c.i		
6.1.1.c.ii		
6.1.1.c.iii		
6.1.1.c.iv		
6.1.1.c.viii		
6.1.2.f	The Number System	Apply and extend previous understandings of
6.1.2.g		multiplication and division to divide fractions by
6.1.2.h		fractions.
6.1.2.a	The Number System	Compute fluently with multi-digit numbers and find
6.1.2.b		common factors and multiples.
6.1.2.c		
6.1.2.d		
6.1.2.e		
6.1.3.a		
6.1.3.a.i		
6.1.3.b.i	The Number System	Apply and extend previous understandings of
6.1.3.b.ii		numbers to the system of rational numbers.
6.1.3.b.iii		
6.1.3.b.iv		
6.1.3.b.vi		
6.1.3.c		
6.1.3.c.i		
6.1.3.c.ii		
6.1.3.c.iii		
6.1.3.c.iv		
6.1.3.d		
6.2.1.a	Expressions & Equations	Apply and extend previous understandings of
6.2.1.b		arithmetic to algebraic expressions.
6.2.1.b.i		
6.2.1.b.II		
6.2.1.b.III		
6.2.1.D.IV		
6.2.1.C		
6.2.1.0		
0.2.2.d	Expressions & Equations	inequalities
6226		
6.2.2.C		
622d		
6220		
6.2.2.e		
6.2.2.i		
6.2.2.g.ii		

6.2.2.g.i	Expressions & Equations	Represent and analyze quantitative relationships
6.2.2.g.ii		between dependent and independent variables.
6.2.2.g.iii		
6.4.1.a.i	Geometry	Solve real-world and mathematical problems
6.4.1.a.ii		involving area, surface area, and volume.
6.4.1.b.i		
6.4.1.b.ii		
6.4.1.b.iii		
6.4.1.c		
6.4.1.c.ii		
6.4.1.d.i		
6.4.1.d.ii		
6.4.1.d.iii		
6.3.1.a	Statistics & Probability	Develop understanding of statistical variability.
6.3.1.b		
6.3.1.c		
6.3.1.d.i	Statistics & Probability	Summarize and describe distributions.
6.3.1.d.ii		
6.3.1.d.ii.1		
6.3.1.d.ii.2		
6.3.1.d.ii.3		
6.3.1.d.ii.4		

Grade 7 Mathematics Standards

Colorado Academic	Domain	Standard Descriptor
Standards	Domain	Standard Descriptor
7.1.1.b	Ratios & Proportional	Analyze proportional relationships and use them to
7.1.1.c	Relationships	solve real-world and mathematical problems.
7.1.1.c.i		
7.1.1.c.ii		
7.1.1.c.iii		
7.1.1.c.iv		
7.1.1.d		
7.1.2.a	The Number System	Apply and extend previous understandings of
7.1.2.a.i		operations with fractions.
7.1.2.a.ii		
7.1.2.a.iii		
7.1.2.a.iv		
7.1.2.a.v		
7.1.2.a.vi		
7.1.2.a.vii		
7.1.2.a.viii		
7.1.2.b		
7.1.2.b.i		
7.1.2.b.ii		
7.1.2.b.iii		
7.1.2.b.iv		
7.1.2.b.v		
7.1.2.b.vi		
7.1.2.c		
7.2.1.a.i	Expressions & Equations	Use properties of operations to generate equivalent
7.2.1.a.ii		expressions.
7.2.2.a	Expressions & Equations	Solve real-life and mathematical problems using
7.2.2.b		numerical and algebraic expressions and equations.
7.2.2.c		
7.2.2.c.ii		
7.2.2.c.iii		
7.2.2.c.iv		
7.4.1.a.i	Geometry	Draw construct, and describe geometrical figures and
7.4.1.a.ii		describe the relationships between them.
7.4.1.a.iii		
7.4.1.a.iv		
742a	Geometry	Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving
7.4.2.b	econterry	angle measure, area, surface area, and volume.
7.4.2.c		
7.4.2.d		
7.3.1.a.i	Statistics & Probability	Use random sampling to draw inferences about a
7.3.1.a.iii	,	population.
7.3.1.a.iv		
721 hi	Statistics & Drobability	Draw informal comparative informaces about two
7.3.1.0.1 7.2.1 h ii		populations
7.5.1.0.11		

7.3.2.a	Statistics & Probability	Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and
7.3.2.b		evaluate probability models.
7.3.2.c		
7.3.2.c.i		
7.3.2.c.ii		
7.3.2.c.iii		
7.3.2.d		
7.3.2.d.i		
7.3.2.d.ii		
7.3.2.d.iii		
7.3.2.d.iv		

Grade 8 Mathematics Standards

Colorado Academic	Domain	Standard Descriptor
Standards	Domain	Standard Descriptor
8.1.1.b.i	The Number System	Know that there are numbers that are not rational,
8.1.1.b.ii		and approximate them by rational numbers.
8.1.1.c		
8.1.1.d	Expressions & Equations	Expressions and equations work with radicals and
8.1.1.g		integer exponents.
8.1.1.h		
8.1.1.h.i		
8.1.1.h.ii		
8.2.1.b	Expressions & Equations	Understand the connections between proportional
8.2.1.c		relationships, lines, and linear equations.
8.2.1.d		
8.2.1.e		
8.2.2.a	Expressions & Equations	Analyze and solve linear equations and pairs of
8.2.2.a.i		simultaneous linear equations.
8.2.2.a.ii		
8.2.2.b		
8.2.2.b.i		
8.2.2.b.ii		
8.2.2.b.iii		
8.2.3.a.i	Functions	Define, evaluate, and compare functions.
8.2.3.a.ii		
8.2.3.a.iii		
8.2.3.a.iv		
8.2.3.b.i	Functions	Use functions to model relationships between
8.2.3.b.ii		quantities.
8.2.3.b.iii		
8.2.3.b.iv		
8.2.3.b.v		
8.4.1.a	Geometry	Understand congruence and similarity using physical
8.4.1.b		models, transparencies, or geometry software.
8.4.1.c		
8.4.1.d		
8.4.1.e		
8.4.1.f		
8.4.1.g		
8.4.2.a	Geometry	Understand and apply the Pythagorean Theorem.
8.4.2.b		
8.4.2.c		
8.4.2.d	Geometry	Solve real-world and mathematical problems
0.0.1		involving volume of cylinders, cones, and spheres.
8.3.1.a	Statistics & Probability	Investigate patterns of association in bivariate data.
8.3.1.b		
8.3.1.c		
8.3.1.d		
8.3.1.e		
8.3.1.e.i		
8.3.1.e.ii		

Algebra I Mathematics Standards

Colorado Academic	Domain	Standard Descriptor
Standards	Domain	Standard Descriptor
HS.1.1.a	Number and Quantity – The Real	Extend the properties of exponents to rational
HS.1.1.a.i	Number System	exponents.
HS.1.1.a.ii		Use properties of rational and irrational numbers.
HS.1.1.b		
HS.1.1.b.i		
HS.1.1.b.ii		
HS.1.1.b.iii		
HS.2.3.a	Algebra – Seeing Structure in	Interpret the structure of expressions.
HS.2.3.a.i	Expressions	Write expressions in equivalent forms to solve
HS.2.3.a.i.1		problems.
HS.2.3.a.i.2		
HS.2.3.a.ii		
HS.2.3.b		
HS.2.3.b.i.1		
HS.2.3.b.i.2		
HS.2.3.b.i.3		
HS.2.3.b.ii		
HS.2.3.c	Algebra – Arithmetic with	Perform arithmetic operations on polynomials.
HS.2.3.c.i	Polynomials & Rational	Understand the relationship between zeros and
HS.2.3.d	Expressions	factors of polynomials.
HS.2.3.d.i		Use polynomial identities to solve problems.
HS.2.3.d.ii		Rewrite rational expressions.
HS.2.3.e		
HS.2.3.e.i		
HS.2.3.1		
HS.2.3.g		
HS.2.4.a	Algebra – Creating Equations	Create equations that describe numbers or
HS.2.4.a.I		relationships.
	Algebra Descening with	Understand solving equations as a propose of
	Algebra – Reasoning With	onuerstand solving equations as a process of
		Solve equations and inequalities in one variable
		Solve systems of equations
HS 2.4.C		Solve systems of equations. Represent and solve equations and inequalities
HS 2.4 c ii		granhically
HS 2.4 c.ii.1		Submeany.
HS.2.4.c.ii.2		
HS.2.4.c.ii.3		
HS.2.4.d		
HS.2.4.d.i		
HS.2.4.d.ii		
HS.2.4.d.iii		
HS.2.4.e		
HS.2.4.e.i		
HS.2.4.e.ii		

HS.2.4.e.iii		
HS.2.1.a	Functions – Interpreting Functions	Understand the concept of a function and use
HS.2.1.a.i		function notation.
HS.2.1.a.ii		Interpret functions that arise in applications in terms
HS.2.1.a.iii		of the context.
HS.2.1.b		Analyze functions using different representations.
HS.2.1.b.i		
HS.2.1.b.ii		
HS.2.1.b.iii		
HS.2.1.c		
HS.2.1.c.i		
HS.2.1.c.ii		
HS.2.1.c.iii		
HS.2.1.c.iv		
HS.2.1.c.v		
HS.2.1.c.vi		
HS.2.1.c.vi.1		
HS.2.1.c.vi.2		
HS.2.1.c.vi.3		
HS.2.1.d	Functions – Building Functions	Build a function that models a relationship between
HS.2.1.d.i		two quantities.
HS.2.1.d.i.1		Build new functions from existing functions.
HS.2.1.d.i.2		
HS.2.1.d.ii		
HS.2.1.e		
HS.2.1.e.i		
HS.2.1.e.iii		
HS.2.2.a	Functions – Linear, Quadratic, &	Construct and compare linear, quadratic, and
HS.2.2.a.i	Exponential Models	exponential models and solve problems.
HS.2.2.a.i.1		Interpret expressions for functions in terms of the
HS.2.2.a.i.2		situation they model.
HS.2.2.a.i.3		
HS.2.2.a.ii		
HS.2.2.a.iii		
HS.2.2.a.iv		
HS.2.2.b		
HS.2.2.b.i		
HS.3.1	Statistics & Probability –	Summarize, represent, and interpret data on a single
HS.3.1.a.i	Interpreting Categorical &	count or measurement variable
HS.3.1.a.ii	Quantitative Data	Summarize, represent, and interpret data on two
HS.3.1.a.iii		categorical and quantitative variables
HS.3.1.a.iv		Interpret linear models
HS.3.1.b.i		
HS.3.1.b.ii		
HS.3.1.b.ii.1		
HS.3.1.b.ii.2		
HS.3.1.b.ii.3		
HS.3.1.c.i		
HS.3.1.c.ii		
HS.3.1.c.iii		

Geometry Mathematics Standards

Colorado Academic	Domain	Standard Descriptor
Standards	Domain	Standard Descriptor
HS.4.1	Geometry - Congruence	Experiment with transformations in the plane
HS.4.1.a.i		Understand congruence in terms of rigid motions
HS.4.1.a.ii		Prove geometric theorems
HS.4.1.a.iii		Make geometric constructions
HS.4.1.a.iv		
HS.4.1.a.v		
HS.4.1.a.vi		
HS.4.1.a.vii		
HS.4.1.a.viii		
HS.4.1.b.i		
HS.4.1.b.ii		
HS.4.1.b.iii		
HS.4.1.b.iv		
HS.4.1.c.i		
HS.4.1.c.ii		
HS.4.1.c.iii		
HS.4.1.d.i		
HS.4.1.d.ii		
HS.4.2.a	Geometry – Similarity, Right	Understand similarity in terms of similarity
HS.4.2.a.i	Triangles, & Trigonometry	transformations
HS.4.2.a.i.1		Prove theorems involving similarity
HS.4.2.a.i.2		Define trigonometric ratios and solve problems
HS.4.2.a.ii		involving right triangles
HS.4.2.a.iii		Apply trigonometry to general triangles
HS.4.2.a.iv		
HS.4.2.b		
HS.4.2.b.i		
HS.4.2.b.iii		
HS.4.2.c		
HS.4.2.c.i		
HS.4.2.c.ii		
HS.4.2.c.iii		
HS.4.2.b.ii	Geometry - Circles	Understand and apply theorems about circles
HS.4.2.e		Find arc lengths and areas of sectors of circles
HS.4.2.e.i		
HS.4.2.e.ii		
HS.4.2.e.iii		
HS.4.2.f		
HS.4.2.f.i		
HS.4.2.f.ii		

HS.4.3.a	Geometry – Expressing Geometric	Translate between the geometric description and the
HS.4.3.a.i	Properties with Equations	equation for a conic section
HS.4.3.a.ii		Use coordinates to prove simple geometric theorems
HS.4.3.a.i.1		algebraically
HS.4.3.a.i.2		
HS.4.3.a.i.3		
HS.4.3.a.ii.1		
HS.4.3.a.ii.2		
HS.4.3.a.ii.3		
HS.4.3.a.ii.4		
HS.4.4	Geometry – Geometric	Explain volume formulas and use them to solve
HS.4.4.a.i	Measurement & Dimension	problems
HS.4.4.a.ii		Visualize relationships between two-dimensional and
HS.4.4.b.i		three-dimensional objects
HS.4.5.a	Geometry – Modeling with	Apply geometric concepts in modeling situations
HS.4.5.a.i	Geometry	
HS.4.5.a.ii		
HS.4.5.a.iii		

Integrated I Mathematics Standards

Colorado Academic	Domain	Standard Descriptor
Standards	Domain	
HS.2.3.a	Algebra – Seeing Structure in	Interpret the structure of expressions.
HS.2.3.a.i	Expressions	Write expressions in equivalent forms to solve
HS.2.3.a.i.1		problems.
HS.2.3.a.i.2		
HS.2.3.a.ii		
HS.2.3.b		
HS.2.3.b.i.1		
HS.2.3.b.i.2		
HS.2.3.b.i.3		
HS.2.3.b.ii		
HS.2.4.a	Algebra – Creating Equations	Create equations that describe numbers or
HS.2.4.a.i		relationships.
HS.2.4.a.ii		
HS.2.4.a.iii		
HS.2.4.a.iv		
HS.2.4.b	Algebra – Reasoning with	Understand solving equations as a process of
HS.2.4.b.i	Equations & Inequalities	reasoning and explain the reasoning.
HS.2.4.b.ii		Solve equations and inequalities in one variable.
HS.2.4.c		Solve systems of equations.
HS.2.4.c.i		Represent and solve equations and inequalities
HS.2.4.c.ii		graphically.
HS.2.4.c.ii.1		
HS.2.4.c.ii.2		
HS.2.4.c.ii.3		
HS.2.4.d		
HS.2.4.d.i		
HS.2.4.d.ii		
HS.2.4.d.iii		
HS.2.4.e		
HS.2.4.e.i		
HS.2.4.e.ii		
HS.2.4.e.iii		
HS.2.1.a	Functions – Interpreting Functions	Understand the concept of a function and use
HS.2.1.a.i		function notation.
HS.2.1.a.ii		Interpret functions that arise in applications in terms
HS.2.1.a.iii		of the context.
HS.2.1.b		Analyze functions using different representations.
HS.2.1.b.i		
HS.2.1.b.ii		
HS.2.1.b.iii		
HS.2.1.c		
HS.2.1.c.i		
HS.2.1.c.ii		
HS.2.1.c.iii		
HS.2.1.c.iv		
HS.2.1.c.v		
HS.2.1.c.vi		

HS.2.1.c.vi.1		
HS.2.1.c.vi.2		
HS.2.1.c.vi.3		
HS.2.1.d	Functions – Building Functions	Build a function that models a relationship between
HS.2.1.d.i		two quantities.
HS.2.1.d.i.1		Build new functions from existing functions.
HS.2.1.d.i.2		
HS.2.1.d.ii		
HS.2.1.e		
HS.2.1.e.i		
HS.2.1.e.iii		
HS.2.2.a	Functions – Linear, Quadratic, &	Construct and compare linear, quadratic, and
HS.2.2.a.i	Exponential Models	exponential models and solve problems.
HS.2.2.a.i.1		Interpret expressions for functions in terms of the
HS.2.2.a.i.2		situation they model.
HS.2.2.a.i.3		
HS.2.2.a.ii		
HS.2.2.a.iii		
HS.2.2.a.iv		
HS.2.2.b		
HS.2.2.b.i		
HS.4.1	Geometry - Congruence	Experiment with transformations in the plane
HS.4.1.a.i		Understand congruence in terms of rigid motions
HS.4.1.a.ii		Prove geometric theorems
HS.4.1.a.iii		Make geometric constructions
HS.4.1.a.iv		
HS.4.1.a.v		
HS.4.1.a.vi		
HS.4.1.a.vii		
HS.4.1.a.viii		
HS.4.1.b.i		
HS.4.1.b.ii		
HS.4.1.b.iii		
HS.4.1.b.iv		
HS.4.1.c.i		
HS.4.1.c.ii		
HS.4.1.c.iii		
HS.4.1.d.i		
HS.4.1.d.ii		
HS.3.1	Statistics & Probability –	Summarize, represent, and interpret data on a single
HS.3.1.a.i	Interpreting Categorical &	count or measurement variable
HS.3.1.a.ii	Quantitative Data	Summarize, represent, and interpret data on two
HS.3.1.a.iii		categorical and quantitative variables
HS.3.1.a.iv		Interpret linear models
HS.3.1.b.i		
HS.3.1.b.ii		
HS.3.1.b.ii.1		
HS.3.1.b.ii.2		
HS.3.1.b.ii.3		
HS.3.1.C.I		
HS.3.1.C.II		
HS.3.1.C.III		

Integrated II Mathematics Standards

Colorado Academic	Domain	Standard Descriptor
Standards	Domain	Standard Descriptor
HS.1.1.a	Number and Quantity – The Real	Extend the properties of exponents to rational
HS.1.1.a.i	Number System	exponents.
HS.1.1.a.ii		Use properties of rational and irrational numbers.
HS.1.1.b		
HS.1.1.b.i		
HS.1.1.b.ii		
HS.1.1.b.iii		
HS.1.1.c	Number and Quantity – The	Perform arithmetic operations with complex
HS.1.1.d	Complex Number System	numbers.
HS.1.1.c.i		Represent complex numbers and their operations on
HS.1.1.c.ii		the complex plane.
HS.1.1.d.i		Use complex numbers in polynomial identities and
		equations.
HS.2.3.a	Algebra – Seeing Structure in	Interpret the structure of expressions.
HS.2.3.a.i	Expressions	Write expressions in equivalent forms to solve
HS.2.3.a.i.1		problems.
HS.2.3.a.i.2		
HS.2.3.a.ii		
HS.2.3.b		
HS.2.3.b.i.1		
HS.2.3.b.i.2		
HS.2.3.b.i.3		
HS.2.3.b.ii		
HS.2.3.c	Algebra – Arithmetic with	Perform arithmetic operations on polynomials.
HS.2.3.c.i	Polynomials & Rational	Understand the relationship between zeros and
HS.2.3.d	Expressions	factors of polynomials.
HS.2.3.d.i		Use polynomial identities to solve problems.
HS.2.3.d.ii		Rewrite rational expressions.
HS.2.3.e		
HS.2.3.e.i		
HS.2.3.f		
HS.2.3.g		
HS.2.4.a	Algebra – Creating Equations	Create equations that describe numbers or
HS.2.4.a.i		relationships.
HS.2.4.a.ii		
HS.2.4.a.iii		
HS.2.4.a.iv		
HS.2.4.b	Algebra – Reasoning with	Understand solving equations as a process of
HS.2.4.b.i	Equations & Inequalities	reasoning and explain the reasoning.
HS.2.4.b.ii		Solve equations and inequalities in one variable.
HS.2.4.c		Solve systems of equations.
HS.2.4.c.i		Represent and solve equations and inequalities
HS.2.4.c.ii		graphically.
HS.2.4.c.ii.1		
HS.2.4.c.ii.2		
HS.2.4.c.ii.3		
HS.2.4.d		

HS.2.4.d.i		
HS.2.4.d.ii		
HS.2.4.d.iii		
HS.2.4.e		
HS.2.4.e.i		
HS.2.4.e.ii		
HS.2.4.e.iii		
HS.2.1.a	Functions – Interpreting Functions	Understand the concept of a function and use
HS.2.1.a.i		function notation.
HS.2.1.a.ii		Interpret functions that arise in applications in terms
HS.2.1.a.iii		of the context.
HS.2.1.b		Analyze functions using different representations.
HS.2.1.b.i		, , ,
HS.2.1.b.ii		
HS.2.1.b.iii		
HS.2.1.c		
HS.2.1.c.i		
HS.2.1.c.ii		
HS.2.1.c.iii		
HS.2.1.c.iv		
HS.2.1.c.v		
HS.2.1.c.vi		
HS.2.1.c.vi.1		
HS.2.1.c.vi.2		
HS.2.1.c.vi.3		
HS.2.1.d	Functions – Building Functions	Build a function that models a relationship between
HS.2.1.d.i		two quantities.
HS.2.1.d.i.1		Build new functions from existing functions.
HS.2.1.d.i.2		
HS.2.1.d.ii		
HS.2.1.e		
HS.2.1.e.i		
HS.2.1.e.iii		
HS.4.2.a	Geometry – Similarity, Right	Understand similarity in terms of similarity
HS.4.2.a.i	Triangles, & Trigonometry	transformations
HS.4.2.a.i.1		Prove theorems involving similarity
HS.4.2.a.i.2		Define trigonometric ratios and solve problems
HS.4.2.a.ii		involving right triangles
HS.4.2.a.iii		Apply trigonometry to general triangles
HS.4.2.a.iv		
HS.4.2.b		
HS.4.2.b.i		
HS.4.2.b.iii		
HS.4.2.c		
HS.4.2.c.i		
HS.4.2.c.ii		
HS.4.2.c.iii		
HS.4.4	Geometry – Geometric	Explain volume formulas and use them to solve
HS.4.4.a.i	Measurement & Dimension	problems
HS.4.4.a.ii		Visualize relationships between two-dimensional and
HS.4.4.b.i		three-dimensional objects

HS.3.1	Statistics & Probability –	Summarize, represent, and interpret data on a single
HS.3.1.a.i	Interpreting Categorical &	count or measurement variable
HS.3.1.a.ii	Quantitative Data	Summarize, represent, and interpret data on two
HS.3.1.a.iii		categorical and quantitative variables
HS.3.1.a.iv		Interpret linear models
HS.3.1.b.i		
HS.3.1.b.ii		
HS.3.1.b.ii.1		
HS.3.1.b.ii.2		
HS.3.1.b.ii.3		
HS.3.1.c.i		
HS.3.1.c.ii		
HS.3.1.c.iii		
HS.3.3	Statistics & Probability -	Understand independence and conditional
HS.3.3.a.i	Conditional Probability & the	probability and use them to interpret data
HS.3.3.a.ii	Rules of Probability	Use the rules of probability to compute probabilities
HS.3.3.a.iii		of compound events.
HS.3.3.a.iv		
HS.3.3.a.v		
HS.3.3.b.i		
HS.3.3.b.ii		